The New-York Times.

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WASHINGTON.

Resignation of Senator Caldwell—Mr. Clayton's Case Taken Up—The Vienna Exposition Fund.

Special Dispatch to The New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Caldwell case came to a curious conclusion, this morning. At 12:10 o'clock, Mr. Caldwell ceased to be a Senator of the United States, and placed himself beyond the reach of possible expulsion, by resignation. He avoided sentence or vindication by disappearing from the jurisdiction of the Senate. It was known that on Saturday he had positively agreed with some few of his friends to resign, which agreement was the explanation of the motion to go into executive session as early as 1 o'clock, but for some unexplained reason his resignation was not forthcoming after executive session. Subsequently an arrangement was made whereby Mr. Caldwell was to have half an hour from Mr. Morton's time on Monday morning, as Mr. Morton understood as late as this morning. Sunday Mr. Caldwell was busy with his friends, and to such newspaper gentlemen as called upon him, he stated that no one had any authority from him to state that he would resign, intimating very strongly that such was not his intention. His friends outside meanwhile denounced the rumor with much heat as an invention of his enemies. Whether in accordance with the original plan, or from sudden change of opinion, Mr. Caldwell this morning, it would seem, without any consultation with his more immediate friends in the Senate, wrote his resignation, gave notice of the fact to Vice-President Wilson, and delivered the formal resignation to Gov. Osborne, who accompanied him to the capital. Mr. Morton, who had the floor for his speech, which he had prepared with great care, and which was expected to have proved a masterly effort, had no notice of his intended resignation. Gov. Osborne and Mr. Caldwell entered the chamber a few minutes before by different doors. Mr. Caldwell conversed for a few moments with one Senator, and then disappeared from the chamber. Immediately upon the reading of the journal, Mr. Wilson gave notice of the resignation. Mr. Morton said, in view of what had taken place, as Mr. Caldwell was no longer subject to the jurisdiction of the Senate, he considered his duty in the case as chairman of the committee at an end. A few moments later the messenger of the Senate removed from the one-time Senator Caldwell's desk his effects, and his vacant chair was put in order for his successor. It is believed that a considerable number of votes were gained for expulsion within the last two days. Some assert that eight votes were lost to Mr. Caldwell after Friday noon, of those who had been called his friends, and they even go so far as to insist that a two-thirds vote could have been secured for his expulsion. At least, that more than a majority would have voted to expel. Some of those who defended him, however, still maintain that no votes were changed after the debate began.

Speculation is already rife concerning the successor of Caldwell. The Legislature does not meet till next Winter, and must first be elected. It is within the power of the Governor to call an extra session, as the emergency is such a one as is contemplated by the Kansas statute. Gov. Osborne does not indicate what he shall do, except to state that he considers that the time has come for Kansas to vindicate her reputation. It is certain that he will not appoint Pomeroy or any one prominent in the political cliques of recent unseemly notoriety. The statute, as to appointment is not mandatory, and he may postpone the matter till the meeting of the Legislature next Winter. It is admitted that every adult in Kansas is a candidate.

SENATOR CLAYTON.

It is expected that the Senate will adjourn finally on Wednesday. It will now be hard to keep a quorum together for many days, and if Mr. Clayton's case is not then decided, it will probably not be voted on this session. The Senate will be acting in the dark in voting on the resolution that the charges against Clayton are not sustained, for very few Senators have read the volume of evidence. If the recommendation of the committee had been for some positive affirmative action, the report would have been read, but it was delayed by the committee till many months after the investigation was concluded, and till everybody but the few interested had forgotten even the nature of the charges. Nobody seems to care now whether Clayton goes or stays. Certainly very few Senators would undertake the task of going through the evidence for any personal or political capital that might be gained. The fact that the report of the majority of the committee is favorable to him, if the vote be taken, will furnish most of those voting with sufficient excuse for agreeing to the very mild resolution proposed, which amounts to saying that the charges are not proven. If Clayton was as much deserving of expulsion as Caldwell the Senate has become too tired to find it out. If he is stainless in his political character, it will also be impossible for him to get anybody to demonstrate that fact. There will be an effort to get a vote to-morrow, but as the minority report, which is quite long, is to be read, and Mr. Norwood has a speech to make, there is little prospect that the vote will be taken then. The vote on taking up the report this morning was 36 to 14, and probably nearly or quite all the thirty-six will vote for the resolution.

THE VIENNA EXPOSITION.

There is likely to be a lively contest about the disposition of about $50,000 of the $200,000 appropriated for the Vienna Exposition. The law under which Commissioner Van Buren and his assistants were appointed made no provision for giving them salaries, but provided that the Government should be involved in no expense on their account. The law making the appropriation also neglected in specific terms to give them any pay. It provided for the appointment of skilled artizans, who were also supposed to have only their actual expenses, but it seems that an amendment made in the Senate bears such a construction, that $50,000, or one-quarter of the whole amount may be used in salaries. Van Buren, it is said, has made estimates which will give himself and assistants comfortable compensation out of this amount, and has allowed only $1,000 for the artizans and scientific men, that being the limit by law to their expenses. The distinguished scientists and skilled artizans recently appointed claim that there is nothing in the law which will allow Van Buren and his assistants to get any of the $50,000, and nothing to preclude themselves from getting it all, which would make them $3,000 each, including expenses. But luckily there is nothing in the law which compels the allowance of any salary to anybody, and it is, at least, all admit, within the discretion of the Secretary of State to refuse to spend any part of the appropriation in salaries. So there is a chance that none of the individuals so earnestly regarding the tempting pile of greenbacks will ever be able to pocket any of them.

SENATORS GOING HOME.

Senator Morton will leave day after to-morrow for home, whether the Senate has finally adjourned or not. Several Senators will leave to-morrow, and have arranged, accordingly, to have their votes paired.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

Examinations began to-day of applications for forty vacancies in $1,200 clerkships in the Navy Department. Examinations will continue every day till April 2. There are nearly 500 applicants who have been designated for examination.

CONGRATULATING SPAIN ON EMANCIPATION.

Senator Morton offered in the Senate to-day a resolution congratulating the Spanish Republic on the passage of the law abolishing slavery in Porto Rico. It was laid over till to-morrow and printed. It will probably be passed, unless some opposition on the Democratic side would make action cost too much time.

THE NEW COINAGE.

The change in the value of the silver half dollar piece by the new coinage law is one-half of one cent, instead of one-half of "one per cent.," as some mistake made these dispatches say last night.

TO HOLDERS OF TREASURY DRAFTS.

The, withholding, in their possession, for months and even years, by public creditors of the Treasury drafts and United States disbursing officers' checks, under the impression that they may be presented at the office of the Government depositary on whom drawn and payment thereon obtained at any time, has caused the Treasury much embarrassment and trouble, and is greatly retarding the settlement of disbursing officers' accounts. Accordingly the Secretary of the Treasury has issued and directed a rigid enforcement of a regulation which requires the Treasurer, all assistant treasurers, and depositaries of the United States to refuse the payment of all official checks of United States disbursing officers if presented more than four months after their issue, and all Treasury drafts and disbursing officers' checks presented more than three years after their issue. All checks, payment on which has thus been refused, will have to be forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury, the former for examination and verification with the drawers' accounts, and the latter for the statement of new accounts.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

Nominations Yesterday—Collectors of Internal Revenue—Army and Navy.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: E. D. Nicholls, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Independence, Kansas, and A. H. Barnes, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Dakota Territory.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President has appointed the following Assessors to be

Collectors of Internal Revenue—B. B. Eggleston, Second District of Mississippi; Henry M. Taylor, Third District of Texas; Frank White, Seventh District of Indiana; James R. Hayden, Washington Territory; Benjamin F. Wall, Ninth District of Massachusetts.

The office of Collector in the Ninth Massachusetts District is vacated by Luke Lyman, under the provisions of the Executive order of Jan. 17, and the Assessor, Norcross, declined the appointment.

Postmasters—W. E. Weddell, at Chickasaw, Miss.; George B. Hayden, Demopolis, Ala.; Limus North, Brunswick, Ga.; John A. Rathbone, Mystic Bridge, Conn.; John Seiders, Chambersburg, Penn.; Theodore S. Case, Kansas City, Mo.; Wallace Vail, Plainfield, N. J.; Joseph F. Fisher, New-Brunswick, N. J.; Ashbell W. Angel, Lambertville, N. J.; Thomas B. Maurey, Macomb, Ill.; Charles Bangs, Hillsboro, Ill.; Wm. C. McGowan, Elliott City, Md.; Charles O. Myars, Kendallville, Ind.; James Newby, Cambridge, Ind.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nominations:

A. H. Barnes, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Dakota Territory; Robert Kellen, of the District of Columbia, Consul at St. Martins, W. I.; Isadore Estinger, Appraiser of Merchandise at Evansville, Ind.; Jos. Jorjinson, Collector of Customs at Petersburg, Va.; W. J. McCormick, Collector of Customs at San Diego, Cal.; C. B. H. Fessenden, Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Massachusetts; Edwin A. Howard, Indian Agent for the Whetstone Agency, Dakota; Jesse W. Griest, of Pennsylvania, Agent for the Indians of the Otoe Agency, Nebraska; Jason B. Brown, of Indiana, Secretary of Wyoming, vice Glafeke, removed.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

In accordance with the act of Congress approved March 3, 1873, Major George Pell, Commissary of Subsistence, in addition to his present duties, is charged with the disbursement of the fund for the payment of the Montana Indian war claims of 1867, appropriated by act of Congress, March 3, 1873. Major Bell will make payments under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Second Controller.

Medical Director Joseph Beale, of the United States Navy, has been appointed Inspector-General of Hospitals and Fleets, the appointment to take place on April 1.

VISITORS TO WEST POINT.

Vice-President Wilson, this morning, appointed Senators Sherman and Stevenson members of the Board of Visitors to West Point, in accordance with the law requiring two Senators to be on the board.

COLLECTOR CASEY.

The Senate, to-day, at the instance of Senator West, reconsidered the vote confirming Col. Casey as Collector of New-Orleans, but, after debate, the nomination was again confirmed.

A MYSTERY OF THE SEA.

Fate of the Captain, His Wife, the Mate and Crew of the Mary Celeste.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The following circular relative to the brigantine Mary Celeste, found derelict at sea, has been issued from the Treasury Department, directed to collectors of customs and others:

You are requested to furnish this Department with any information you may be able to obtain, affording a clue which may lead to a discovery of all the facts concerning the desertion of a vessel found on the 13th of December last, in latitude 28° 20′ north, and longitude 17° 51′ west, derelict at sea, and which was towed into the harbor of Gibraltar by the British vessel Dei Gratia, and there libeled by the salvors. From the log of the abandoned vessel she is supposed to be the American brigantine Mary Celeste, bound from New-York to Genoa, and it is supposed that she hailed from New-York, and that her master's name was Briggs. The circumstances of the case tend to arouse grave suspicions that the master, his wife and child, and perhaps the chief mate, were murdered in the fury of drunkenness by the crew, who had evidently obtained access to the alcohol with which the vessel was in part laden.

It is thought that the vessel was abandoned by the crew between the 25th day of November and the 5th day of December, and that they either perished at sea, or, more likely, escaped on some vessel bound for some North or South American port or the West India Islands. When discovered the derelict vessel was thoroughly sound, with the exception of the bows, which had been impaired by some sharp instrument. She was well found and provisioned, and no reason for her desertion was apparent. A sword, with the appearance of blood thereon, was on board, and marks of blood were found upon the sails. The vessel's documents and chronometer have not been found, but almost the whole of the personal effects of the master and his wife and child, and of the crew, were discovered in a good condition, and books, trinkets, gold lockets, and female wearing apparel of superior quality, were left untouched in the cabin. The log was complete to noon of the 24th of November. Many other details concerning the matter are in possession of the Department, and will be furnished on application if necessary.

(Signed,) WM. A. RICHARDSON,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Reward for Perry, the Escaped Convict.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 24.—A reward of $1,000 is offered by the Sheriff of Cayuga County, New-York, for the capture and return of Eugene Albert Perry, who effected his escape from the jail of this county on the night of the 14th inst., by knocking down and killing the jailer. Perry is described as being about thirty years of age, five feet eight inches in height, having light-brown hair, and a light mustache, which has been colored. Perry also has an India-ink band pricked on his left wrist, and a star pricked between the thumb and fore-finger of his left hand.

THE MYSTERY UNSOLVED.

No New Light on the Brooklyn Tragedy—The Murderer of Mr. Goodrich Still Undiscovered.

Inasmuch as the Coroner's inquest in the case of Mr. Charles Goodrich who was murdered at his residence, No. 731 Degraw-street, Brooklyn, was not held yesterday evening, and the few facts and little information in the possession of the detectives was not made public, the tragedy, as far as any really valuable disclosure is concerned, remained in the same condition as on the day previous.

Mr. Goodrich's body was buried in Albany yesterday. It arrived there on Monday night in charge of his brother, Hon. W. W. Goodrich, and was handed over to an undertaker. Yesterday morning it was removed to the Rural Cemetery and deposited in the family vault. Dr. Darling, of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, conducted the services, which were attended by a large number of citizens. Looking over all of the different phases of the mystery, as they have been developed, calmly and considerately, it is now generally admitted by all classes of people that Mr. Goodrich *was* murdered—the detectives alone contending in favor of suicide. Yesterday they suddenly changed their opinion and veered round in favor of the murder theory. It will thus be seen that they have lost three valuable days by acting on first impressions and a false scent, and thus gave the perpetrator of the crime, in all probability, ample opportunity of escaping from the city, if not from the State.

There are some who believe that the detectives reconciled the fact that three balls were in the skull of the dead man with the theory of suicide, by the absurd idea that whoever wiped the face of Mr. Goodrich had fired two additional shots in order to raise the theory of murder. Of course, this position was untenable from the first, and now that the public have learned sufficient to know that the suicide story was really preposterous, the detectives, whose mysterious air had lent it a transitory dignity, have abandoned their pet theory, and set to work on a more likely track, it is to be hoped with better results.

In reference to the discovery of Mr. Charles Goodrich's body, the statement of Joseph Bradford, Mr. W. W. Goodrich's coachman, is possessed of no little value. He says:

"About 8 o'clock on Friday morning I drove Mr. W. W. Goodrich to No. 731 Degraw-street. He tried to get in, but could not. He then said to me 'Joseph, I must get into the house somehow.' I then drove him to Mr. Potter's, and he got the key of the next house, which he entered. In three or four minutes afterward he came out of the basement of Mr. Charles Goodrich's house crying. He said, 'Oh, Joseph, my brother is dead, come in and see him.' I went in and found Mr. Charles Goodrich dead, with his face washed, just as described in the newspapers. Mr. W. W. Goodrich said: 'Don't touch him, Joe. Leave him as he is. Drive me to the police head-quarters as soon as you can.' I heard no pistol shots at all while Mr. Goodrich was in the house."

Capt. Cassidy, of the Tenth Precinct, while searching in one of the vacant houses where the murder was committed, yesterday, in the block, found an old blue cloth ladies' jacket, the discovery making some stir for a time. But it was afterward ascertained that the jacket belonged to an Irish woman who had been employed to clean the house. Another decided sensation was created yesterday in Brooklyn over the reported arrest of a man in New-York City for complicity in the crime. The real facts of the matter were that a gentleman, a former business partner of Mr. Goodrich, called on Chief Campbell and volunteered some testimony of scanty importance. He was referred to District-Attorney Britton and the Coroner, and Detectives Folk and Videtto accompanying him to the offices of the District-Attorney and Coroner, created the impression that they had him under arrest.

The inquest was to have been begun at the Coroner's office at 7½ o'clock last evening, and shortly after that time the following gentlemen answered to their names as jurors: Wm. Richardson, Robert Spier, D. D. Robbins, D. D. Whitney, Owen Hazeltine, Dr. Thos. Wild, Col. M. Bennett, Henry Fowler, Wm. Robinson and Frank P. Garvin. The jury were taken into the coroner's private rooms, the door of which was closed, with the avowed intention of allowing them to consult, but on what point was not announced. After a conference with the Coroners and District-Attorney Britton, of half an hour's duration, the jury came into the public room, and were there informed by Coroner Whitehill that it was not judicious, in view of the information and plans of the authorities, to proceed with the case just at present. He had therefore decided to adjourn the inquest until Friday next at 2 P. M. This latter part of the proceeding was evidently only an index to what had transpired in the inner room, and was undoubtedly got up as a sort of solemn farce for the benefit of the reporters. It was subsequently understood that on assembling in the inner room the jury had been informed that the impressions of the police as to the manner of the death had materially changed, and also that certain clues obtained would be rendered practically useless by being made public. Sufficient was told the jurors of the character of these clues to convince them that it was regarded as a well-determined case of murder, and that it would be as well to avoid public investigation until the suspected parties could be brought within reach of the law. Coroner Whitehill seems to follow in the wake of the detectives, and has now been converted to the theory of murder. District-Attoney Britton, who has entained but one opinion from the first, said to the writer yesterday that, while he believed that himself and others were in possession of the name of the guilty party, yet sufficient evidence was not at hand to warrant any arrests. Although he declines to answer positively on the theory that the murder was committed by a woman, whose relation with the deceased were exactly as described in yesterday's TIMES, yet such really appears to be his opinion. Chief of Police Campbell continues as reticent and non-committal on the subject as before, notwithstanding the perpetual "interviewing" to which he is subjected. The detectives are wisely as silent as ever, and very properly refuse to declare their opinions or their information, even as to the grounds for entertaining the suicide theory, which, as already stated, they have abandoned.

In support of various absurd theories, a number of unimportant, every-day details have been seized on by busy-bodies, and magnified into "clues," as it is now the fashion to call them. For instance, considerable weight is attached to the fact that Mr. Goodrich's window blinds were seen drawn aside, as if to admit the light, notwithstanding the fact that the lynx-eyed plumber did not observe this until after the discovery, and immediately before the return of Mr. W. W. Goodrich with the detectives. Many of the incidents worthy of real importance have been satisfactorily accounted for, and the explanation of the broken window, the presence of the clasp-knife, &c., leaves the detectives free to work on their most important clue—the name of the writer of the letter which, in substance, was published in yesterday's TIMES.

It will thus be seen that the mystery surrounding the murder of Mr. Goodrich is as far from being dissipated as when the crime was first discovered by the horror-struck brother of the victim. But it is a satisfaction to know that the detectives have finally settled down to one course of action, namely, that Mr. Goodrich was most foully and barbarously murdered. Now that their energies are to be directed solely to the discovery of the murderer, and not weakened by any false theories of a suicidal death, it is to be hoped, and indeed expected, that the efforts of the police authorities will be prosecuted in a vigorous and searching manner. The fact of so much mystery being involved, and the necessarily slender nature of the actual clues in their possession, should spur the detectives to exert all their cunning and experience in running down the criminal, and weave about the suspected person such a web of proof as must necessitate speedy conviction and punishment. It will not do to allow this crime to drop into the list of spoiled cases so long a disgrace to our police system.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Highway Robbery and Probable Murder in Goldsboro.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 24.—On Sunday night last, in Goldsboro, a man named Simms, from Virginia, got off the train from Weldon. He was drunk and was refused accommodation at the Gregory House. He then went to Aycock's saloon where he obtained a drink of liquor. In paying for it he exhibited a roll of money containing about fifty dollars. He left the saloon accompanied by two men named Worrell and Lynch to go to Mrs. Richardson's boarding-house. After they had gone a short distance Worrell knocked Simms down with a stick, fracturing his skull and breaking three ribs. Simms was then robbed of his money and left lying in the street weltering in his blood. Some time afterward he was found, removed to the hotel, a physician called in, and, after great exertion, the wounded man revived. A magistrate was called in, and Simms' statement was written down and sworn to. In the morning Worrell and Lynch were arrested and identified by Simms. Worrell is a well-to-do farmer, and resides two miles from Goldsboro. He contracted the habit of going to town every night, and began to drink, which has resulted in highway robbery. Lynch is a drunken wretch of the lowest character. The physician says unless inflammation sets in to-night Simms will probably recover. Worrell and Lynch are in jail awaiting trial. If Simms dies there is no doubt that they will be convicted of murder and executed.

Elopement of a Colored Man with a White Woman.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 24.—On Friday evening last this community was startled by a report that a highly-respectable white lady, about seventeen years old had left her home near Manson, Warren County, and eloped with a negro. The couple left home on Thursday morning, and reached here that evening. The evening following the enraged father arrived, and, ascertaining where the couple were, accompanied by a young man, a descent was made upon the house. The negro succeeded in making his escape. The daughter was taken back home. The family is highly respected in Warren County, and the names are withheld at the request of friends. The immediate relatives of the young lady are deeply mortified at the disgraceful occurrence, while the young lady is said to exhibit no feeling of sorrow, and desires to live with her colored lover. Had the negro been caught Judge Lynch would have been called into requisition.

GENERAL NOTES.

Chicago has converted 1,400 miles of hogs into pork this season.

They claim to have a willow basket in Shelby, Ky., which is 250 years old.

Columbia, S. C., boasts a bar-tender who has not tasted liquors for eight years.

The Republicans of Allentown, Penn., are in very good spirits over their victory in the charter election, Friday.

There is a farm in Essex County, Massachusetts, which has been in the possession of the same family for 237 years.

Gloucester, Mass., like Portsmouth, N. H., proposes to have a reunion of its sons and daughters next Summer.

Only six of the eighty scholars in the Dubuque High School were able to write the Lord's Prayer correctly from memory.

The Wilmington (Del.) *Commercial* thinks the New-Jersey Fishery and Oyster laws models of exclusiveness and injustice.

A Florida paper complains that pigs are kept in the cellar beneath the church in its town, and that they squeal during services.

The St. Louis *Democrat* pronounces the Republican ticket for city officers invincible. We trust the election will prove it irresistible.

The remains of the Leavenworth (Kansas) *Bulletin* was sold by the Sheriff, last week, for $1.128 75, to satisfy a judgment in favor of ex-Senator Caldwell.

Gov. Straw, Gen. Natt Head, Col. B. F. Martin, and other active citizens of New-Hampshire have gone on a business and pleasure trip to the South-west.

About 350 Chinamen, who have been at work on plantations and levees in the South, have recently passed through St. Louis on their way back to California to work in the mines.

The Charleston (S. C.) *News* is publishing a series of editorial articles in defense of oft-maligned classes. It has already treated eloquently of widows, old maids, bachelors, and widowers.

Two young ladies in a Minnesota town volunteered to nurse the family of a neighbor during an attack of a contagious disease, and both were taken ill, died, and were buried in a common grave.

There were 2,594 deaths in Buffalo last year, 452 being caused by small-pox, 256 by consumption, 281 by cholera infantum, and 169 by cerebro-spinal meningitis. The population of the city is about 150,000.

A Mississippi Sheriff makes an uncommon demand upon public credulity, asserting that both he and his wife were chloroformed by burglars, and $7,000 carried off from his house. The money was public funds, of course.

A gentleman in North Carolina built a fire in his house on his wedding day, twenty-five years ago, and has kept it burning night and day ever since, and declares his intention never to permit it to die out while he lives.

A New-Haven lady, who has been dumb for two months past, was frightened into distinct utterance, Saturday, by the sudden and silent approach of a member of her family while she was ransacking the attic of her house.

An Alabama paper, describing a recent execution, says: "He apostrophized the sun and the trees, bidding them farewell, and, turning to the Sheriff, as the cap was being drawn over his head, said: 'Mr. Sheriff, do your duty.'"

Seven Houses Damaged by Fire in Chelsea, Mass.

BOSTON, Mass., March 24.—A fire broke out, this evening, in a block of thirteen tenement-houses, on Vale-street, Chelsea, seven of which were damaged. The loss is about $10,000. The houses are owned by Mr. John W. Rollins, and were occupied mostly by Irish families. They are insured in the Continental Company, of New-York, and other offices.

Half of a Kansas Town Burned.

TOPEKA, March 24.—A fire at Thayer, Kan., last night destroyed about half the business portion of the town. The loss is not yet ascertained.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The $15,000,000 Geneva Award Not to be Voted This Fiscal Year—Increased British Navy Estimates.

LONDON, March 24.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Gladstone, in reply to an inquiry of Mr. Vernon Harcourt, stated that the Government did not intend at present, or with reference to the finances of the present year, to propose a vote of supply for the sum awarded at Geneva, as the financial year would end on the 31st of the present month.

Mr. Goschen, First Lord of Admiralty, submitted to the House of Commons, to-night, the naval estimates for the ensuing fiscal year. They exceed those of last year by $1,702,880.

Mr. Bradlaugh, the popular orator, and Wilkie Collins, the novelist, are going to the United States on lecturing tours.

The British manufacturers of agricultural implements have resolved not to take part in the Vienna Exhibition.

The steam-ship Cimbria, from Hamburg, for New-York, has arrived at Havre, disabled. The Holsatia, of the same line, will replace the Cimbria and take forward her mails and passengers.

Trials of the Spanish Republic—Emancipation—Dissolution of the Cortes.

MADRID, March 24.—The attempted demonstrations Saturday and Sunday were failures, and the city to-day is tranquil.

The *Imparcial*, says a number of foreigners, have arrived here with the view of agitating the overthrow of the Municipality of Madrid and establishing the Commune in its place.

Insubordination has made its appearance among the troops in Tarragona, and the Carlists are increasing in numbers in that province.

The *Epoca* says Señor Figueras has returned from Barcelona discouraged. He fears that discipline cannot be restored in the army there.

The bill passed by the Assembly on Saturday, abolishing slavery in the Island of Porto Rico, provides that the abolition shall follow immediately upon the promulgation of its passage. The emancipated slaves will, however, be obliged to serve for three years with their present masters, or other residents on the island, and will enjoy the political rights of Spanish citizens after five years shall have elapsed. The indemnity to be paid to the slave-owners is to be charged exclusively to the account of the Porto Rico budget.

Soon after the adoption of the Porto Rico Abolition bill, on Saturday, the dissolution of the Cortes was unanimously voted, and the House broke up amid the greatest excitement in the building and on the streets. But there was no disorder, and the city has remained completely tranquil.

A Fresh Decoration for M. Thiers.

PARIS, March 24.—The King of Portugal has sent the decoration of the order of St. James to President Thiers.

A PLOT TO BREAK JAIL.

Discovery of Scheme of Prisoners to Escape from Jail in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—A well concocted plot of prisoners to escape from the jail of this district was recently discovered, but has just reached the public. The jail guards, after being advised of it, made diligent search, and found in the cell of Tom Wright, the alleged Rogeiski murderer, a large crevice in the wall, and on examination a large brass key was found, which, on trial, fitted the cell door. The key had been altered to something the style of a skeleton, one-half the barrel being filed down, and the flange also altered to suit the lock. Where or by whom it was done could not be ascertained, but it was evidently the work of an expert. A further look was taken, but nothing additional found after the discovery of the key. One of the guards remembered that several nights ago, as he was making his rounds, the door of Wright's cell was found unlocked, and, although it was a remarkable circumstance, he concluded that, by some accident, the jailor had failed to lock it, and repairing the negligence he passed on. Further search was made, and a few days afterward several fine saws were found among the prisoners. O'Brien is mentioned as having been in the plot, which was arranged several days ago. The guards made a search about them, and the result was that on Friday they discovered that some of the prisoners had been working at the bars of the window in the corridor, and had already loosened one of them, making an aperture large enough for a small boy to crawl through. The cells were then closely examined, and it was found they had been at work there also, as in one or two of them a number of bricks had been removed from the wall. Among the crowd were several desperate characters, and if the yard had been gained they would have hesitated at nothing to complete the job. After discovery, the entire party were searched, and the only tool found was the handle of a tooth-brush, and they asserted positively that it was the only thing they had, and that the work had been done with it. It is known who were the ringleaders in the movement, and three of the worst of them were immediately ironed, and will continue to be for some time to come.

FRATRICIDE.

Shocking Tragedy in Bardstown, Ky.—Feud Between Brothers.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 24.—A terrible tragedy occurred near Bardstown last Saturday. G. W. Holtshouser, one of the oldest and most esteemed citizens, was sitting in his office at about 7½ P. M., with his unmarried son, D. W. Holtshouser, when his married son, J. Holtshouser, entered the door, and without speaking, pulled out a navy revolver and shot his brother, the ball entering the left breast, and lodging under the shoulder blade. The wounded young man rose from the chair, and, as he did so, received another shot, entering near his shoulder, when he fell forward, receiving a third shot on the crown of the head, the ball lodging under the right eye. The fratricide immediately left the premises, and has not been heard from since. The cause of the murder is supposed to be a feud of several months' standing. All the parties were heretofore held in high esteem, and great excitement has been caused in the community by the tragic affair. The father and mother of the young men are nearly seventy-five years of age, and the grief of the venerable people is heartrending.

Outrage Upon a White Girl by a Negro.

GEORGETOWN, Del., March 24.—At 11 o'clock this morning, while the daughter of John Lank, a respectable gentleman residing near Rehobath Station, six miles from here, was returning from the house of her uncle she was accosted by a negro named Joseph Green, or Burton, who tore off her clothes and violated her person. After the assault Burton fled, and the girl, who is only fifteen years old, managed to reach her father's residence, where she made known the facts. The male population of the neighborhood are searching for Burton, and it is believed he will be lynched if caught.

LATER.—The negro, James Burton, was surrounded in the woods and captured about two miles from the place where he committed the outrage upon Miss Lank. The capture was effected at 12 o'clock noon, and the prisoner, in the custody of officers, reached this place at 6 o'clock this evening, and was lodged in jail to await his trial in April. He is a hardened criminal, and makes light of his offense.

Thomas F. Anderson, the Suicide—His Accounts Correct.

TITUSVILLE, Penn., March 24.—The jury in the case of Thomas F. Anderson, the bank officer who shot himself dead, on March 14, have returned a verdict of insanity. The investigation was most searching and exhaustive, and the evidence proved conclusively that Mr. Anderson was deranged when he committed suicide. The bank accounts are strictly accurate, and no possible motive existed for the sad occurrence. The result of the inquest proves conclusively that the trust reposed in deceased was not violated, and that he made no improper disposition of his employer's funds.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Treasurer Spinner received to-day two large boxes from Franklin, Penn., containing the charred remains of $100,000 in United States notes and bonds, national notes, Pacific Railroad bonds, &c., which Thomas J. Anderson, the Cashier of Lamberton's Bank, at Franklin, attempted to destroy by burning a short time ago, after which he blew out his brains with a pistol. The notes are sent here for identification.

THE INDIANS.

Capt. Jack Seeking Alliance with the Klamath Indians.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Rev. E. Thomas, the newly-appointed Peace Commissioner to the Modocs, has gone to Van Bremer's. Capt. Jack sent a squaw to the Klamath Indians inviting them to join him. He says that as soon as the grass grows he will leave the lava beds, burn the ranches and kill the settlers. The message to the Klamath Indians causes fears of trouble with the Indians on the lower Kalmath River, who belong to quite a formidable tribe. There is no new movement of troops reported beyond the arrival of recruits. Capt. Cariot, of Oregon, has gone to the Warm Springs to reorganize his famous Indian scouts as volunteers against the Modocs.

OBITUARY.

Hon. John A. Collier, of Binghamton, N. Y.

Hon. John A. Collier died at his residence in Binghamton, N. Y., on Sunday, aged eighty-six years. He was a member of Congress from 1831 to 1833, was State Controller in 1845 and 1846, and was commissioner to revise the code in 1847. He was once a lawyer of eminent ability, and is largely quoted in law reports.

THE WEATHER.

Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, March 25—1 A. M.—The barometer has fallen since Sunday night throughout the Atlantic States, except in New-England, where the pressure has continued to rise; the area of lowest pressure is over the Ohio Valley, and the one of highest barometer is central in Dakota and Manitoba. North-west winds with snow prevail from the Ohio River to Lake Erie and Minnesota, and with rain from Ohio to the Middle Atlantic coast. Northerly winds, and clear or partly cloudy weather prevail in New-England. Southerly winds and clear weather are now reported from the Eastern Gulf States, and with cloudy weather from the South Atlantic States. The temperature continues quite low in the north-west, and has very generally fallen from the Middle and East Atlantic States westward to the Rocky Mountains. It has risen slightly in the Southern States.

PROBABILITIES.

For Tuesday over the upper lakes and North-west and southward to Texas, rising barometer and cold northerly winds; for the lower lakes, north-east winds, with cloud and snow, and extending eastward over New-England by Tuesday evening; for the Middle Atlantic States, falling barometer, north-east winds, and threatening weather. Cautionary signals continue at stations on the South Atlantic coast. They will be displayed at the lake stations on and after April 1.

The Signal-office, at 4:35 P. M. to-day, reported it raining at the following places: Lynchburg, Pittsburg, Indianapolis, Lake City, and Jacksonville; sleeting at Baltimore and Davenport, and snowing at Chicago, Milwaukee, Duluth, St. Paul, Breckenridge, Omaha, and Denver.

At 11 P. M. as follows: Raining at Lynchburg, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, and Indianapolis; sleeting at Baltimore, Toledo, Detroit, Port Stanley, and Davenport, and snowing at Cleveland, Chicago, Leavenworth, Milwaukee, and Breckenridge.

City Meteorological Report.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature yesterday with the average for the same, as indicated by the thermometer at Dickinson's drug-store, No. 3 Park-row: 3 A. M., 35°; 6 A. M., 29°; 9 A. M., 29½°; 12 M., 32½°; 3 P. M., 37°; 6 P. M., 36°; 9 P. M., 32°; 12 P. M., 30°; average temperature, 32¾°.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

The outstanding legal-tender notes amount to $358,669,997.

Gov. Jewell has appointed Friday, April 11, as Fast Day in Connecticut.

Charles H. White, charged with forgery at Hornellsville, N. Y., was arrested in Albany, yesterday.

Owen Mullen's barn, in Lynn, Mass., was burned on Sunday, with ten head of cattle and a large quantity of hay.

Lieut.-Gov. H. Pettitt, of Wisconsin, died at his residence at Kenosha, Wis., on Sunday, after a brief but severe illness.

The little steamer Grace Irving has been found where she sunk, off Duxbury, Mass., and will probably be raised.

The cassimere mill of Horace A. Kimball, in Pascoag, R. I., was damaged by fire, yesterday, to the extent of $20,000.

The Richmond Mill, South Scituate, R. I., run on cotton thread, by Robert Joslin, was burned yesterday morning.

G. H. Perry's house at South Thomaston, Me., was burned, with its contents, during the absence of the family on Sunday.

In the Massachusetts Senate, yesterday, the Committee on Education reported in favor of granting Prof. Agassiz's museum at Cambridge $50,000.

Samuel Appleton, aged seventy years, who has been missing since last Tuesday, was found on Sunday drowned in a trench at Valley Falls.

Frank Swoboda and Leo Charrot, two young Germans, while duck shooting on Peoria Lake, Illinois, on Sunday, were drowned by the upsetting of their boat.

The British steamer Horse Guards, from Liverpool, for Philadelphia, put into Provincetown, Cape Cod, the 23d instant, short of coal. She sailed again yesterday.

Frederick W. Cooper, a distributing clerk in the Boston Post-office, has been arrested for rifling and destroying money letters. He acknowledges taking $315.

One of the mills of the American Powder Company, at Acton, Mass., blew up yesterday, killing two workmen, one named Wentworth, and injuring three others.

A youth in Danvers, Mass., aged fourteen years, played at hanging on Saturday, using a wheelbarrow for a platform, which canted over, and he was soon after found dead.

A new horse disease has appeared in Portland, Me. It effects the legs, making them so weak that it is with difficulty the animal can stand. No cases have proved fatal yet.

The habeas corpus case of R. D. Bogart, now in the custody of Admiral Selfridge, at Mare Island, San Francisco, will be heard in the United States Circuit Court on Wednesday.

The premature explosion of a blast on the canal improvements in Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday, blew three laborers into the air. It is thought only one is fatally injured.

A propeller, supposed to be the City of Manistee, or City of Fremont, has been off South Haven, Mich., since Friday at 12:40 P. M. Four men attempted to land by hauling a boat across the ice, but returned.

The balances in the Treasury yesterday were as follows: Currency, $2,316,996 64; for redemption of certificates of deposit, $29,380,000; coin, $67,549,014 03; including coin certificates, $24,480,000.

The lager-beer brewery of Herman Richmer, in Washington, was seized yesterday, for alleged violation of the revenue laws regulating the monthly returns and stamps on fermented liquors.

Four lighter loads of cargo have been saved from the wreck of the bark Josephine, ashore at Scituate, Mass. The cargo between decks, with most of the hides and goat skins, is saved. The bark is nearly split in two.

The widow, mother, and sister of Cunningham were at the Executive Mansion yesterday, intending, it is said, to protest against the commutation of the sentence of O'Brien, the murderer of Cunningham. They did not, however, have an audience with the President.

The suit of Lent against Arnold & Slack, for $350,000, was dismissed, yesterday, in the United States Court at Louisville, Ky., by the consent of the parties. The suit grew out of the notorious "California diamond swindle." The parties effected a compromise, Arnold paying Lent $150,000 in cash.

A private letter from Santiago de Cuba states that the United States steamer Wyoming arrived there on the 9th inst. The officers were handsomely entertained by the officers of the Spanish Navy, and a ball was given in their honor. The next night a ball was given on board the Wyoming to the Spanish officers and prominent Government officials.

CORPORATE RAPACITY

A Dangerous Threat Affecting the Diffusi of Intelligence—Sudden Change of the Railroad Presidents.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The notificatio received this morning by the Postmaster-Gen ral from the presidents of the leading railro lines of the country centering in New-Yor notifying him that on the 1st of April ne they will withdraw the postal-cars fro their lines, unless the increased compensati should be given, created intense exciteme at the Post-office Department. This notific tion had not been expected, as late advic from New-York indicated the willingness of t railroads to accede to the proposition of t Government. The law is very plain and simpl and Mr. Creswell is unable to interpet it in th manner desired by the railroads. He has n authority to give more money, nor more mon to give. The consequences of the fulfillment the threat will demonstrate the extraord nary efficiency of the postal-car servic and the results of its discontinuance w be felt in every home in the lan If the postal cars are withdrawn, the Depa ment will be obliged to have recourse to the o system, or ordinary route system, and to se mail in pouches to distributing offices. The will be no distributing of mail in transit. L ters which can now reach the Mississippi Riv in three days, if the postal cars are withdraw will require at least five days to reach the sam destination. The delay in the newspaper ma will be very great.

Mr. Bangs, Superintendent of the ra way postal service had just perfected scheme whereby newspaper mail could rea its destination as soon as letter mail. The wit drawal of the postal-cars will defeat this pl and place the entire system of mail distributi in practical y the same condition in which it w ten years ago. The threat of the railroad if executed, will cause a retrogression in t postal service of at least a decade. This d mand of the railroads is a curious refutation one of the campaign slanders upon Mr. Cre well. It was impudently charged at that tim that Mr. Creswell had entered into a corru league with the railroad companies to secure a increase of pay for the transportation of the cars. Congress has since that time nearl doubled the compensation, and this double com pensation the railroads declare to be inad quate, and much less than the amount derive from the cheapest class of freight. Th political leaders who are familiar wit the workings of the Post-office Department pre dict that if the railroads should insist upo their policy, the keynote of the campaign o 1876 will have been sounded. There is no agenc which reaches every hearth-stone in the cou try in such a peculiarly intimate relation as th Post-office Department, and nothing could mor readily incite an anti-corporation crusade tha to interfere with postal facilities in the mann proposed. Mr. Bangs leaves for New-York to morrow to see whether a compromise is possi ble. The Post-office Department has no conce sions to make, as it has gone to the verge of a safe interpretation of the law.

The Threatened Withdrawal by th Railroads a Measure of Extortion.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The hostile atti tude assumed by the railroad companies towar the postal service in threatening to withdra their railway post-office cars on the 1st of Apr next, is viewed by the Post-office Departmen as directly in the face of the most favorabl action by the department toward the com panies. The department in 1867 obtained re turns upon a uniform plan from all the rai road routes in the country as the basi for readjusting their pay according to the com parative value and importance of the mail ser vice they performed. These returns were an alyzed in the department with great labor and care, and the reports for the years succeeding 1867 show a net increase of the annual pay as follows: In 1868, on seventy-one routes readjusted, $150,320; in 1869, on seventy-eight routes, $60,853; in 1870, on ninety-eight routes, $213.689; in 1871, on fifty-nine routes, $205.448, and in 1872, on 103 routes, $354,865. These advances were made under the old law of 1845, and were the result of the most careful and considerate attention to the subject on the part of the Post-office Department. Postmaster-General Creswell, in his annual reports, has repeatedly asked authority of law to grant a further increase, and Congress responded at its late session by appropriating half a million of dollars for this express purpose. Nearly the whole of this increase will inure to the benefit of a few leading companies, and the return proposed by these very companies for the concession made on the part of the Government is a threat to withdraw the railway postal-cars on the 1st of April. The statement in a communication on behalf of the railroad companies in a late number of the New-York *Tribune* that, in 1868, Postmaster-General Randall recommended to Congress an increase of 100 per cent. in the rates of railroad pay, is contradicted by his report for that year, in which he reviews, at considerable length, the draft of an act to change the rates, presented by a railroad committee on mail service, to be submitted, if approved by him, to Congress for its adoption. He shows that the effect of adopting the rates proposed in said draft would be to increase the annual expense for railroad mail service $3,812,600, its amount in 1867, to $21,710,023, an excess of $17,897,423. He concludes by remarking that "the department, forbearing upon such a showing to take any part in presenting the proposed act to the Post-office Committees of the two Houses of Congress, has proceeded with the work of readjusting the rates of pay on railroad routes upon a scale within the limits of existing laws, and much more compatible with the resources at its command. The demand now made in the name of the railroad companies is, doubtless, of a piece with that of 1868, which Postmaster-General Randall forbore to take any part in presenting to Congress. The cost of railroad mail service has since then increased to $6,502,771 per annum. A proportionate advance on this sum would involve an annual expenditure of $37,028,617 for the single item of railroad mail transportation, an excess of $30,525,846 over its present cost, and $6.125,450 more than the whole estimated expenditures of the department for the year ending June 30, 1874. If, on a demand of this nature the railroad companies would seem, as the communication in the *Tribune* alleges, to court the judgment of the public, their wish in this respect will probably be more than gratified.

The Bowles Bankruptcy.

At the Bankruptcy Court of London, on March 11, a sitting for public examination was held before Mr. Register Roche, under the failure of Messrs. Bowles Brothers, lately carrying on business as bankers in the Strand, and also having establishments at Paris, Boston, and New-York. Only Robert C. M. Bowles had surrendered in this country, the act of bankruptcy with regard to the other four partners—C. S. P. Bowles, W. B. Bowles, H. C. Stetson, and Nathan Appleton—being their departure from England in August last with intent to defeat or delay their creditors. Mr. Richard Jones, for the trustee and inspectors, said that the liabilities, so far as the trustee had been able to discover, were distributed thus: The London house, £83,000; the Paris house, £25,000; the New-York house, £21,000; and the Boston house, £1,000; while the assets were: In London, £3,506; Paris, £26,000; New-York, £3,600; and Boston, £3,900. In reply to the Registrar, Mr. Jones said there was a bankruptcy in Paris, to which a syndic had been appointed, and also in New-York according to the law of the United States. He desired, in justice to Messrs. Keith and Sullivan, the London managers, to correct a statement made on the last occasion, to the effect that they had taken away £5,000 or £4,000 from the bank. The fact was that the money had been transferred to the Paris branch, in pursuance of instructions to that effect. His Honor granted an adjournment for three months, pending the completion of the accounts, and as only R. C. M. Bowles was present, directed a memorandum of non-appearance to be filed with regard to the other bankrupts.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

EXTRA SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Monday, March 24, 1873.

The Senate met at noon. The Vice-President laid before the Senate the following letter from Senator Caldwell:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 24, 1873.

Hon. Henry Wilson, Vice-President of the United States:

SIR: I do hereby very respectfully notify you, and through you the Senate of the United States, that I have resigned and do resign my seat in that body as a Senator from the State of Kansas, and that I have forwarded by mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the chief executive officer of that State, at Topeka, Kansas, a resignation in the following form, to wit:

UNITED STATES SENATE CHAMBER, March 24, 1873.

His Excellency the Governor of Kansas, Topeka, Kansas:

SIR: I hereby respectfully tender you my resignation as a Senator of the United States from the State of Kansas, to take effect immediately.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

ALEXANDER CALDWELL.

I have also delivered in person to Hon. Thomas A. Osborne, the Governor of Kansas, now in this city, a duplicate of the paper forwarded, whose acknowledgment of the receipt thereof is herewith inclosed.

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

ALEXANDER CALDWELL.

WILLARD'S HOTEL, WASHINGTON, March 24, 1873.

To Hon. A. Caldwell, Washington, D. C.:

SIR: I hereby acknowledge the receipt of your letter of this day, resigning your seat in the Senate of the United States, as a Senator from the State of Kansas. Very respectfully your obedient servant,

THOS. A. OSBORNE, Governor of Kansas.

Mr. Wright, of Iowa, inquired whether the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Morton) proposed to take any further steps in the case.

Mr. Morton replied it was not competent for the Senate to expel a man not a Senator, or declare the seat vacant. Therefore, he considered his duties as Chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections at an end.

Mr. Fenton said he had intended to make a speech on the Caldwell case, but as it had been disposed of by the resignation of the Senator, it would not be pertinent now to do so.

SENATOR CLAYTON'S CASE.

Mr. Wright moved that the Senate take up the Clayton case.

Mr. Thurman, of Ohio, said that he had never found time to read the testimony, which makes 700 or 800 printed pages.

Mr. Wright, of Iowa, replied that a very large portion of the testimony had nothing to do with the facts involved, and it would require but two or three hours to perfectly understand the case. It was due to the Senator from Arkansas, to the Senate, and to the country, to dispose of the question before the adjournment. The arrangement was that the case should be taken up after the Senate disposed of the Caldwell case.

Mr. Clayton, of Arkansas, remarked that it was due to himself and to the State which he represented, or misrepresented, that his case be now acted on. The Legislature was now in session, and he appealed to all Senators who wished to deal justly in all things to now proceed to the consideration of the subject.

Mr. Norwood, of Georgia, of the minority of the committee in the Clayton investigation, was opposed to the consideration of the subject at this time, believing that Senators have not had an opportunity to become acquainted with all the facts. If the matter be now determined, whether pro or con, the country would say the decision was without due consideration or that it was a snap judgment.

Mr. Alcorn, of Mississippi, contended it was the duty of the Senate to consider the subject at this session, and not postpone it till next Winter. The Senator from Arkansas had appealed for action, and was ready to meet the charges. He stood here under indictment, and the Senate should render their verdict.

Mr. Morrill, of Maine, did not see how they could avoid acting on the case now. It was due to the Senator from Arkansas and to the country that they should do so.

Mr. Bayard, of Delaware, did not think they could give to the case that degree of intelligent attention which would make the vote of the Senate decisive of anything, and said that if he should not have an opportunity to understand the facts, he should not vote at all.

Mr. Ferry, of Connecticut, remarked that he had read the testimony, and from a knowledge of the facts thus derived he was convinced that even-handed justice could be reached by taking up, considering, and voting on the question.

The Senate then decided to take up the Clayton case—yeas 38, nays 14, as follows:

YEAS—Alcorn, Allison, Ames, Bogy, Boreman, Boutwell, Buckingham, Chandler, Cragin, Dorsey, Ferry of Connecticut, Ferry of Michigan, Frelinghuysen, Goldthwaite, Hitchcock, Howe, Ingalls, Lewis, Logan, Mitchell, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Oglesby, Patterson, Pratt, Ramsey, Robertson, Sargent, Scott, Sherman, Spencer, Stewart, West, Windom, Wright—38.

NAYS—Bayard, Casserly, Davis, Fenton, Gordon, Hamilton of Texas, Kelley, McCreery, Merrimon, Norwood, Saulsbury, Stevenson, Stockton, Thurman—14.

The resolution before the Senate was as follows:

Resolved, That the charges made and referred to a select committee of the last Congress affecting the official character and conduct of Powell Clayton are not sustained.

Mr. Wright, of Iowa, said that he, after consultation with other members of the committee, had come to the conclusion that the subject should go over to-day, as the Senate did not now seem prepared for its discussion, but would be to-morrow.

The report of the committee in the case was read. No further action was taken.

THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

Mr. Anthony, of Rhode Island, submitted the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That there be printed and bound, with an index to be prepared under direction of the Committee on Printing, the *Congressional Record* for the present executive session of the Senate, ten copies for each Senator, the Vice-President, and the Secretary of the Senate, five copies for each member of the House, two copies for each Executive department, five copies each for the libraries of Congress, of the Senate, of the House, and 300 copies to be sold by the Congressional Printer at the cost of press-work, paper, and binding.

GUARDING THE POSTAL SERVICE.

Mr. Windom, of Minnesota, submitted the following, which was laid over:

Resolved, That the Select Committee on Transportation Routes to the Sea-board be directed to inquire and report to the Senate, at its next session, as to the nature and extent of the obligations subsisting between the railroad companies and the postal service of the country, and whether any and what additional legislation is necessary to guard the postal service against interruption or injury by hostile action on the part of any or all of said railroad companies.

PORTO RICAN EMANCIPATION.

Mr. Morton, of Indiana, offered the following resolution, which was read and ordered to be printed:

Resolved, That the Senate of the United States has received with joy the intelligence that the Republican Government of Spain have abolished slavery in the Island of Porto Rico, and raised the colored people of that island from the condition of slaves to the rights and privileges of citizens of the Spanish Republic.

Resolved, That by this act the people of Spain have given a new assurance to the world that in establishing republican institutions they are actuated by a genuine love of liberty and sincere regard for the natural rights of all men, and that it will be accepted as an omen of the power and perpetuity of the Spanish Republic.

The Senate then went into executive session.

When the doors were opened, at 4½ o'clock, Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, made a statement with reference to a young man named McConnell, one of the principal witnesses against Senator Clayton, saying that McConnell was a Pennsylvanian and he knew him well, and that anything he should say was utterly unworthy of credit.

The Senate then adjourned until 10½ o'clock tomorrow morning.

Contagious and Other Diseases—Report from Dr. Russell.

The following report upon the diseases of the present year, was last night furnished to the New-York County Medical Society by Dr. Chas. P. Russell, Chairman of its Committee on Diseases and Register of Records of the Health Department:

The Committee on Diseases has the honor to submit the following report embracing the past twelve weeks between Jan. 1 and March 22:

During that period there have been reported to the Bureau of Sanitary Inspection the following number of cases of contagious diseases:

Small-pox, 186; scarlatina, 628; measles, 278; Diphtheria, 276; typhus fever, 21; typhoid fever, 76. In the corresponding period of 1872, the numbers of the same affections reported were as follows: Small-pox, 887; scarlatina, 581; Measles, 309; Diphtheria, 164; typhus fever, 81; and typhoid fever, 88.

The deaths in the past twelve weeks have amounted to 6,394—a weekly average of 534—against 6,739, or a weekly average of 561, in the corresponding season of 1872. It is gratifying to learn from the foregoing statement that the present year has thus far exhibited a death-rate considerably less than its predecessor, although we shall find that certain diseases have been particularly fatal during the Winter, notably puerperal diseases, erysipelas, diphtheria, croup, rheumatism, and gout. The mortality of these affections, however, more directly subject to sanitary control, has diminished to a very low figure. Chief among these may be mentioned small-pox, typhus and typhoid fevers.

In the period under consideration zymotic diseases produced 1,477 deaths; constitutional diseases, 1,611; local diseases, 2,636; developmental diseases, 445, and violent causes, 225. Only 68 deaths were due to small-pox, against 580 in the first twelve weeks of 1872. The following statement presents a comparative view of the mortality by the other principal diseases of this class:

Deaths by	First twelve weeks of 1873.	First twelve weeks of 1872.
Measles	71	[illegible]
Scarlatina	[illegible]	[illegible]
Diphtheria	[illegible]	[illegible]
Croup	[illegible]	[illegible]
Whooping cough	57	[illegible]
Typhus fever	6	[illegible]
Typhoid fever	49	57
Puerperal diseases	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erysipelas	73	54

Puerperal diseases have occasioned 137 deaths, against 125 in the corresponding period of 1872, when they were likewise unusually fatal. Nearly all of these cases have been returned as puerperal fever or puerperal metro-peritonitis. The coincident prevalence of such affections with erysipelas was noticeable also in the Winter of the past year. Of the 73 deaths by erysipelas thus far reported this year 49 have been in children under five years of age, and mostly young infants. There have occurred 96 deaths by cancer and 1,036 by phthisis pulmonalis, against 86 and 1,051 respectively in the same period of the past year. In the week ending March 8, 106 deaths were due to phthisis, 185 deaths have been ascribed to heart disease, and 225 to Bright's disease and nephritis. Pneumonia, although very prevalent, has not caused so many deaths as in the corresponding season of 1872. Then they amounted to 697, against 659 this year. The disease recently prevailing has, however, been distinguished by a more asthenic type, and a larger proportion of its cases have been associated with bronchitis. Thus, among the latter class there have been 91 deaths, against 69 in the first twelve weeks of the previous year, and of cases of typhoid pneumonia 29, as against 16. The mortality by pneumonia among adults has also been proportionally much greater this year than last. Bronchitis has caused 324 deaths—an excess of 21 over the same season of 1872. There has been a remarkable mortality by rheumatism and gout—46 deaths having been due to the former and 11 to the latter, against 27 for the former and none for the latter in the first twelve weeks of the past year. Gout, in fact, has heretofore been a very rare cause of death in this City—but 15 deaths having been ascribed to it during the five years preceding the present one. Of these, 12 were males and 3 females. Of the 11 deaths thus far reported this year, 10 were males and 1 female; 187 deaths have been the result of accident or negligence, 25 of suicide, 12 of homicide, and 1 of a judicial execution, viz., that of William Foster on March 21. No previous execution had taken place here since March 10, 1871, when John Thomas Rosenville was hung. Within that period of two years 104 homicides have been committed in this City; 1,190 of the deaths reviewed have occurred in hospitals and other institutions; 352 have been persons seventy years old or over, and 2,712 of children less than five years of age.

THE ENGLISH FORGERIES.

Macdonnell's Career in Louisville—Driven From the City.

George Macdonnell, one of those arrested for the conspiracy to rob the Bank of England, is well known in Louisville, Ky., where he first appeared in December, 1871, having gone there from New-Orleans. Two detectives of Louisville, Bligh and Gallagher, kept a strict watch upon him and his accomplices, and before any of their carefully-laid plans were successfully carried out they were arrested. The police claimed that the gang was completing arrangements to buy a lot of drafts on distant cities for small sums, to increase the amount by methods known to "check-raisers," another to collect the money and abscond. When arrested in Louisville, there were found in Macdonnell's trunk printed letter-heads and envelopes of the Ninth and Third National Banks of New-York—a large quantity of each. He had also inks of different kinds, pens of every description, erasers, and a stamp with the initials "G. M." on it. A large bound check-book of the State National Bank of New-Orleans was found, two of the blank checks being signed "Baxter, Bell & Co.," a large firm of cotton-factors in New-Orleans. He had secured a letter written by the firm of "John Schmidt & Co.," bankers, of Louisville, and by some chemical process obliterated all the writing except the date and signature. A letter from a bank in Nashville has been served in the same skillful manner. These letters he evidently intended to fill out advantageously to himself. He also had several strips of cards, a foot long, with the name of "Baxter, Bell & Co.," printed upon them in bold, black letters.

Macdonnell remained in confinement about a week, when some influential friends in New-York engaged a law firm in Louisville to defend him, and remitted $1,000 for his bond. He was brought to court, and held to answer in this sum. The bond was forfeited, Macdonnell immediately going to New-York.

When arrested in Louisville he offered Bligh $500 to get his name kept out of the papers. He was passing then under the alias Sweet. In an interview Detective Bligh held with him, he detailed the manner in which stolen bonds were sold in England, admitting indirectly that he had negotiated the sale of nearly all the bonds which had been stolen in the East. He was a remarkably shrewd, intelligent man, and had a wonderful power of telling a great deal without committing himself. His address was that of a cultivated gentleman, and his conversation showed him to be just the man to carry out the wonderful system of forgeries and frauds in the Bank of England that have lately been exposed, and for which he and others have been arrested. During his incarceration, which lasted about one week, he was visited by detectives and bankers from Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, and many other places. He speaks several languages fluently, has traveled all over the civilized world, and has made dupes in almost every clime. He has succeeded so completely in concealing from the world his real character, that until his exposure about two years ago, there was scarcely a moneyed man in New-York, London, or Paris, but would have given him their aid and assistance in the largest transactions.

As soon as his arrest in New-York became known in Louisville, a requisition for him was obtained from Frankfort, and New-York was notified to hold him if the England sufferers failed to make out a case. The men who know him in Louisville are confident in their predictions that he will not be convicted if taken back to England, as he has escaped difficulties and dangers quite as formidable as these that now hem him in.

THE HEGGI TRIAL.

Fifth Day's Proceedings—The Case for the Prosecution Closed.

The trial of Frederick Heggi for the murder of Frederick J. Siegfried was resumed in the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, before Recorder Hackett.

Dr. Alpheus Benning Crosbie, Professor of Anatomy at Bellevue Hospital College, was called and explained the symptoms of arsenical poisoning, and the periods at which, under different circumstances, arsenic took effect.

The death of Frederick Somers, one of the witnesses at the Coroner's inquest, was proved by Mrs. Elizabeth Webner, matron of the German Hospital, Newark. Somers' deposition will be put in evidence by the prosecution.

Frederick Siegfried, son of the deceased, was recalled, and testified that when he saw his father at Heggi's house the day before his death, he could not speak; his hands were clutched, his legs drawn up, and his eyes rolling; his mouth and teeth were black.

Caroline Miller *nee* Schubert, testified that she had lived with deceased for eighteen weeks as housekeeper. Heggi came to see him almost every day; deceased left the city with Heggi in July, 1869; he was then in good health; witness commenced proceedings against deceased for breach of promise of marriage.

Joseph Recklil testified to the affection of Siegfried for his grandchild.

Herman Fox testified that he had commenced proceedings against the deceased for breach of promise of marriage at the request of Miss Miller. The affair had been compromised. Heggi had acted for Siegfried all through the transaction.

The will of Fredrick J. Siegfried was then read by the Assistant District-Attorney. It was dated Newark, Aug. 12, 1869, and appointed Frederick Heggi sole executor, bequeathing to him the sum of $2,500, and empowering him to make arrangements for the funeral of the deceased.

The prosecution then rested, reserving the right of producing an absent witness to-day.

Mr. Howe then opened the case for the defense, and after addressing the jury called Dr. August Freck, who testified that he had made several analyses for the discovery of arsenic and other poisons. The absorption of arsenic into the system would depend on the condition of the stomach at the time it was administered. If a fatal dose were taken it would diffuse itself through the soft parts of the body within twenty-four hours; but to penetrate to the bone and solid parts it should be administered more than twenty-four hours before death. Arsenic could be taken in small doses for a length of time, and arsenic-eaters in the southern parts of Austria were known to eat arsenic all their lives, and to take from four and a half to five grains a day. Ordinary medical doses commenced at one-twelfth to one-sixteenth of a grain, which could be increased to two or three grains. He had frequently prescribed two and a half to three grains. Arsenic would not produce black teeth and mouth. The redness of the stomach and intestines after death would be a suspicious circumstance, but not a necessary proof of arsenical poisoning.

William D. Andrews, of No. 414 Water-street, Heggi's employer, testified to the prisoner's good character while in his employ for the past fourteen or fifteen years.

The court then adjourned.

Two Young Highwaymen Knock Down and Rob an Old Man.

The remark made by District-Attorney Russell, the other day, in a recent case tried in the Oyer and Terminer, that most of the graver crimes committed in New-York were perpetrated by boys between the ages of fifteen and twenty-one, is each day finding fresh exemplification. Yesterday, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, two boys, named William Conklin and Thomas Grey, aged respectively fifteen and sixteen years, were brought up on a charge of highway robbery. The circumstances surrounding the case make the outrage one of peculiar daring. About 5 o'clock on Sunday afternoon a feeble old man named John Pentney was passing down Tenth-avenue. When near Thirty-fourth-street he was suddenly set upon and thrown violently to the ground by Conklin and Grey. Conklin held the old man down while Grey, to use the language of the police, "went through his clothes." That operation resulted in the extraction from the pockets of the prostrate man of a few stamps and thirty cents in pennies. Although, according to Pentney's calculation, not more than a minute passed from the time he was knocked down until the young highwaymen ran away, they found time before leaving to kick their victim several times severely in the head and face. Fortunately, an officer arrived at the scene of the outrage in time to follow and capture the robbers. During the informal examination, yesterday, they betrayed not the slightest anxiety, but when committed without bail were somewhat surprised. The complainant was sent to the House of Detention.

The Chatham-Street Murder.

The case of Robert Nixon, the bill-poster, who shot Charles Phyfer in Chatham-street, was to have been tried in the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday, but was postponed in consequence of the absence of the prisoner's counsel. Judge Brady set down the case peremptorily for next Monday.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MARCH 24.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

200	Western Union	87	200	Erie Railroad	65⅝
400	do	87¼	100	do b3.	65⅝
500	do	87¼	100	do	65⅝
200	do s3.	87	100	do s3.	65⅝
1000	do	87	600	do	65⅝
200	do c.	86⅞	1500	do	65⅝
700	do	86⅞	300	do c.	65¾
800	do	87	400	do	65⅝
100	do s3.	86⅞	200	do s3.	65⅝
800	do	87	100	do s3.	65½
500	do b3.	87⅛	100	do	65⅝
400	do	87⅛	100	do	65½
200	do s3.	87⅛	100	do	65⅝
100	do	87⅛	100	Panama c.	115
200	do	87⅛	100	do	115¼
1200	do	87⅛	100	Lake Shore b10.	94
300	do	87⅛	50	do	93¾
400	do	87⅛	100	do	93¾
100	do c.	87⅛	100	do	93¾
100	Rock Island s3.	115⅛	400	do c.	93⅞
100	do	115⅛	200	do	93⅞
100	do	115	100	do c.	93⅞
100	do	115⅛	600	do b3.	94
200	Pacific Mail	55⅝	600	do b3.	93⅞
300	do	55¾	100	do b3.	94
500	do s3.	55⅛	400	do	94
200	do	55⅛	100	St. Paul	56⅛
700	do	55⅜	100	do b3.	56⅛
300	do	55⅜	200	Union Pacific	34⅞
100	do	55⅜	100	do c.	35⅛
500	do	55⅜	100	do b30.	35⅛
800	do	55⅜	100	do	35
600	do	55⅜	700	do	35
1800	do	55⅜	400	do	35⅛
100	do c.	55⅜	100	do b3.	35⅛
200	do	55⅜	400	do	35⅛
100	do c.	55⅜	1200	do c.	35⅛
700	do	56	100	Ohio & Miss	45⅞
800	do	56⅛	100	do b3.	45⅞
1200	do	56	100	do	45⅞
400	do c.	56⅛	200	do	45⅞
300	N. Y. C. & Hud	101⅛	700	do	45⅞
500	do c.	101⅛	100	do c.	45⅞
1000	do c.	101⅛	300	do	45⅞
600	do	101⅛	600	C., C. & I. C. c.	39⅞
600	do	101⅛	1000	do	39⅞
300	do c.	101⅛	100	do	39⅞
100	do c.	101⅛	100	do	39⅞
100	do	101⅛	100	do	39⅞
800	do c.	101⅛	400	Harlem Railroad	134
300	Boston, H. & Erie	4⅛	600	do	134

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10½ A. M.

$1,000 U. S. 5-20 C. '65, n. 115¾ | $30,000 U. S. 6s, Cur. 114¼

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

[illegible]

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ AND 2¼ P. M.

[illegible]

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12½ P. M.

[illegible]

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

[illegible]

SALES FROM 2¼ TO 4 P. M.

[illegible]

200	do	135	500	Bos., H. & E.	4⅛
100	Lake Shore	93⅞	500	do s3.	4⅛
200	do	94	200	do	4⅛
600	do	93⅞	200	do	4⅛
200	St. Paul	57⅛	100	Ohio & Miss	46⅛
100	do s3.	57	600	do	46
200	St. Paul Pf.	75⅞	100	C., C. & I. C.	39⅞
100	do b30.	76⅛	100	do	39⅞

MONDAY, March 24—P. M.

There is a lighter feeling in Wall-street to-day, in respect to the Money market. The rates are cheaper to the Stock Brokers, and also lower on prime Merchant paper and Railroad acceptances or acceptances for Railroad account. Some choice mercantile names have been discounted outside of Bank at 7½@8 ₩ cent.; others at 9@10 ₩ cent., and Railroad paper at 10@14 ₩ cent. These are better terms by 2@4 ₩ cent. per annum than could have been made by borrowers a fortnight ago, and we further remark that a corresponding improvement begins to be felt in the investment demand for established Railroad Bonds. The rates for Money on call loan to the Stock Brokers to-day is 7 to 12 ₩ cent. per annum. Near the close of Bank hours the prevailing rate was 7 ₩ cent., on an easier supply from lenders, than at the close of last week. The remittances from the West and from the near Cities are coming forward more freely, and while it is felt that the decided turn of Currency to this point may be delayed a week or two from the interior of Pennsylvania and New-York, on account of First of April settlements, there is an improved confidence that easier Money is near at hand. The Treasury to-day used $500,000 additional Greenbacks for its disbursements.

At the Stock Exchange there was a free demand for the Public Funds at full rates, without much Stock being offered. In the Southern State Bonds, Tennessees advanced to 83¼ ₩ cent., and Virginias and Missouris were firm. The Railway Mortgages were generally steady, and the issues of the Union Pacific were ½@1 ₩ cent. higher than last week. A rumor is referred to this Afternoon, to the effect that the New-York Central is on the eve of a successful negotiation of £2,000,000, or $10,000,000, of the great Mortgage Loan on the Road, in London, through Mr. James H. Banker, a leading Director, now abroad. The Stock of the Central advanced to 102¼ ₩ cent., Ex-Dividend, on large purchases, and this movement was one of the strong points of the Share speculation, which is generally up ½@1 ₩ cent. on Saturday's prices. The exception was Western Telegraph, of which there seemed to be an unusual offering after 2 o'clock, and the sales settled down 1 ₩ cent. from the early sales of the day. There was quite a revival in the low-priced Shares of the Union Pacific Road. The sales were large, and the advance in price was from 34¼ to 35¼ ₩ cent. The Pacific Mail Stock picked up 1@2 ₩ cent., and the buyers on the recent decline were more numerous than the offers to sell. There was a recovery on Panama of 3 ₩ cent., up to 115@115¼ Ex-Dividend.

At 4 o'clock P. M., when the Exchange Room was closed, the following quotations were made, as compared with Saturday Afternoon. The Public Funds advanced ⅛@¼ ₩ cent. in the Afternoon, and closed strong and scarce.

Closing Quotations—MARCH 24.

	Saturday.	Monday.
United States New 5s	113⅞	114⅛
U. S. 5-20s, May and November	117⅛	117¼
U. S. 5-20s, January and July	117⅛	117⅜
American Gold	115⅝	115⅛
Bills on London, 60 days	107⅞	107⅞
N. Y. Central and Hudson	101⅛	102
Chicago and Rock Island	115	115⅛
Pacific Mail	55⅛	56⅛
St. Paul Preferred	75⅛	75⅞
St. Paul Common	56⅛	57
Ohio and Mississippi	45⅛	45⅞
Western Union Telegraph	87⅛	86⅞
Erie	65⅛	65⅛
Union Pacific	34⅛	35⅛
Lake Shore	93⅞	93⅞
C., C. and Indiana Central	39	39⅛
Toledo and Wabash	72⅛	73⅛

The Share speculation was rather lower at the very close. Pacific Mail fell off to 56⅛@56¼. Telegraph continued weak.

The Gold Market was barely supported at Saturday's quotation of 115⅛@115¼ ₩ cent., and late in the day the price was called at 115⅛@115¼ ₩ cent. The interest in the market is by no means general, and while the predominant opinion is that the price is not likely to recede materially as the Spring season advances, there is probably less confidence among the *Bull* speculators that they are to be helped by an early export demand in settlement of trade balances and for traveling credits.

A steadier feeling is reported by the Foreign Bill Brokers in Exchange on London, owing to the appearance of ease in Money, but on actual transactions in the Afternoon the quotations are scarcely ⅛ ₩ cent. higher than at the close of last week; 60 days' Bills are 107⅞@108; demand Bills, 108⅛@108⅜; Cable transfers, 108⅝ ₩ cent.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, NEW-YORK, March 24, 1873.

Gold receipts	$947,029 16
Gold payments	57,006 02
Gold balance	39,619,245 27
Currency receipts	218,006 91
Currency payments	590,908 61
Currency balance	17,868,341 71
Customs	583,000 00

The last prices for the various Public Funds of the United States are as follows:

6 ₩ ct. reg., '81	117¾	5-20 coup., n. i., '65	115¾
6 ₩ ct. coup., '81	119¾	5-20 reg., '67	115¾
5-20 reg., '62	116¾	5-20 coup., '67	117¾
5-20 coup., '62	116¾	5-20 reg., '68	115¾
5-20 reg., '64	116¾	5-20 coup., '68	116¾
5-20 coup., '64	116¾	10-40 reg.	111¾
5-20 reg., '65	116¾	10-40 coup.	112
5-20 coup., '65	117¼	5s coup., '81	114¾
5-20 reg., n. i., '65	115¾	6s Currency	114¼

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board to-day for the Railroad Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	94½	Han. & St. Jo. Con.	85
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	92	Del., Lack. & W. 1st.	102½
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	89	Del., Lack. & W. 2d.	95½
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub.	79	Tol. & Wab. 1st Ex.	95
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	99	Tol. & W. 1st, St. L. Div.	89
Erie 1st, Ex.	103	Tol. & W. Equip. bds.	88
Erie 1st, Ind.	99½	Tol. & W. 2d	98
Erie 2d 7s, '79	100	Tol. & W. Cons. Conv.	87½
Erie 3d 7s, '83	99½	Han. & Naples 1st	87
Erie 4th 7s, '80	101½	Gt. West. 1st, '88	94½
Erie 5th 7s, '88	100	Gt. West. 2d, '93	89
Long Dock Bds.	95	Gal. & Chi. Ex.	101½
B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77	94½	Gal. & Chi. 2d	98
Hud. R. 7s, 2d s. F., '85	104	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	102½
Hud. R. 7s, 3d, '75	101	Morris & Essex 1st	105½
Harlem 1st 7s	103	Morris & Essex 2d	97½
Alb. & Sus. 2d Bds.	98	N. J. Cen. 1st, new	105
Alb. & Sus. 3d Bds.	94½	N. J. South. 1st 7s	79
M. Cen. 1st 8s, '82	113	P., Ft. W. & Chi. 1st	105½
Chi., Bur. & Q. 8s 1st	109½	P., Ft. W. & Chi. 2d	99
Mich. So. 7s 2d	[illegible]	P., Ft. W. & Ch. 3d	96½
M. So. & N. I. S. F. 7s	104	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleve. & Tol. S. F.	100	Cleve. & Pitts. 2d	[illegible]
Cleve. & Tol. N. Bds.	[illegible]	Cleve. & Pitts. 3d	[illegible]
Cleve., P. & Ash. o. bds.	[illegible]	Cleve. & Pitts. 4th	[illegible]
Cleve., P. & Ash. n. bds.	[illegible]	Chi. & Alton S. F.	101
Det., Mon. & Tol. bds.	[illegible]	Chi. & Alton 1st	[illegible]
Buf. & Erie n. bds.	[illegible]	Chi. & Alton Inc.	[illegible]
L. Shore. Div. bds.	[illegible]	Ohio & Miss. Con. S. F.	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Ohio & Miss. Con.	[illegible]
Cen. Pac. Gold bds.	103	Ohio & Miss. 2d	[illegible]
West. Pacific bds.	[illegible]	Dub. & S. City 1st	[illegible]
Union Pac. 1st bds.	[illegible]	Peninsula 1st Con.	[illegible]
Union Pac. L. G. 7s	[illegible]	St. L. & Iron M. 1st	[illegible]
Union Pac. Inc. 10s	[illegible]	Mil. & St. Paul 2d	[illegible]
Ill. Cen. 7s, '75	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alton & T. H. 1st	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alton & T. H. 2d inc.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	[illegible]	Tol., Pac. & W. E. D.	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. Con. bds.	[illegible]	Tol., Pac. & W. W. D.	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. Ex. bds.	[illegible]	Tol., Pac. & W. 2d	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. 1st	[illegible]	Bos., H. & E. 1st 7s	[illegible]
B., C. R. & M. 1st 7s, g'd	86½		

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—MARCH 24.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old	96½	..
City 6s, New	101½	100½
Camden and Amboy	119½	119½
Pennsylvania Central	53½	53½
Reading	114½	115
Lehigh Valley	59½	60
Catawissa Preferred	44	44½
Philadelphia and Erie	25½	25½
Northern Central	38½	38½
Lehigh Navigation	37½	..
Lehigh Gold Loan	90½	91

The coupons of the Danville, Urbana, Bloomington, and Pekin Railway Company First Mortgage Bonds will be paid at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, on and after April 1.

Messrs. Turner Bros. will pay the April coupons of the Indianapolis, Bloomington, and Western Railway First Mortgage 7 ₩ cent. Gold Bonds, on and after the 1st prox.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

BANKING-HOUSE OF HENRY CLEWS & CO., NO. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

Deposit accounts of mercantile firms and individuals received; all facilities and accommodations granted usual with City banks: in addition thereto four per cent. interest allowed on all daily balances.

Bills of exchange drawn on England, Ireland, Scotland, and the Continent. Travelers' and mercantile credits issued available throughout the world.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ CHICAGO, DANVILLE AND VINCENNES Railroad First Mortgage Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds.—$400,000 (the last of the total issue of $4,000,000) for sale at 90 and interest. Parties purchasing before April 1 will have the benefit of the gold premium on the coupons due on that day. W. B. SHATTUCK & CO., Bankers, No. 23 Nassau-st., New-York.

☞ THE CONSOLIDATED 30-YEAR 7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE ST. LOUIS AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, issued upon a completed trunk line earning more than enough to pay interest and operating expenses, are sold by

GEO. OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st.

WINSLOW & WILSON, No. 70 William-st.

☞ FOR SALE—MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILroad seven per cent. mortgage bonds, principal and interest guaranteed by the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad Company.

WOOD & DAVIS, Bankers and Dealers in Railroad Bonds, No. 31 Pine-st.

☞ BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND MINNESOTA RAILWAY, MILWAUKEE EXTENSION FIRST MORTGAGE CONVERTIBLE SINKING FUND GOLD SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS, FOR SALE AT 90, AND RECOMMENDED AS AN UNDOUBTED SECURITY BY

HENRY CLEWS & CO., NO. 32 WALL-ST.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 24, 1873.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs.	[illegible]	Pork, pkgs.	418
Cotton, bales	3,000	Beef, pkgs.	107
Dried Fruit, pkgs.	[illegible]	Cut-meats, pkgs.	7,010
Eggs, bbls.	1,700	Grease, pkgs.	[illegible]
Flour, bbls.	[illegible]	Lard, pkgs.	2,318
Wheat, bushels	[illegible]	Lard, kegs	[illegible]
Corn, bushels	[illegible]	Stearine, pkgs.	[illegible]
Oats, bushels	[illegible]	Butter, pkgs.	[illegible]
Malt, bushels	[illegible]	Cheese, pkgs.	[illegible]
Barley, bushels	[illegible]	Tallow, pkgs.	[illegible]
Beans, bbls.	[illegible]	Dressed Hogs, No.	[illegible]
Peas, bushels	[illegible]	Rice, pkgs.	[illegible]
Corn-meal, bbls.	[illegible]	Sugar, (N. O.) hhds.	[illegible]
Hops, bales	[illegible]	Starch, boxes	[illegible]
Hides, No.	[illegible]	Tobacco, hhds.	[illegible]
Hides, bales	[illegible]	Tobacco, boxes & cs.	[illegible]
Leather, sides	[illegible]	Whisky, bbls.	[illegible]
Moss, bales	[illegible]	Wool, bales	[illegible]
Spirits Turp., bbls.	[illegible]	Skins, bales	[illegible]
Tar, bbls.	[illegible]	Oil, Red, bbls.	[illegible]
Rosin, bbls.	[illegible]		

ASHES—Have been quiet but quoted firm, with Pots selling at $8 ₩ 100 lbs. Pearls nominal.

BRICKS—Have been rather more active, with Common quoted at $[illegible]; Long Island, $10; North River, $11 50; Crotons, $[illegible]; Philadelphia, $[illegible] ₩ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been in light jobbing demand, with Adamantine, 16 ounces, quoted at [illegible]; Paraffine, [illegible]; Sperm, plain, [illegible]; Sperm, patent, [illegible]; Stearic, [illegible] ₩ lb.

COCOA—Has been very quiet since our last, with Caracas quoted steady at [illegible]; Guayaquil, [illegible]; San Domingo, [illegible], gold, ₩ lb.

COFFEE—Rio has been in more confident demand, and quoted up ¼c. ₩ lb., in view of the less and more favorable telegrams. Sales have been made of [illegible] bags by the Flamstead and 500 bags by the Merrimac, on private terms, with other extensive dealings rumored without reliable particulars. And at Baltimore, 1,000 bags, by the Adelaide, on private terms. Some 3,250 bags Laguayra, received here, have been sold in Hamburg, and are to be shipped hence. We now quote invoices nominally thus: Rio, ordinary, [illegible]; fair, [illegible]; good, [illegible]; prime, [illegible], gold, ₩ lb., 60 and 90 days' credit; Rio, in lots, [illegible], gold; Java, [illegible]; Maracaibo, [illegible]; Laguayra, [illegible]; San Domingo, [illegible], gold.

COTTON—Has been in fair demand for early delivery, at an advance of ⅛c. ₩ lb. The later dealings, however, indicate a tamer and less buoyant market; sales, [illegible] bales, (of which 300 bales were to arrive,) including 1,425 bales to shippers, [illegible] bales to spinners, and 235 bales to speculators. For forward delivery, a more active movement has been noted, at an advance of [illegible] ₩ lb., but on the later operations the improvement was lost, the market closing weaker than on Saturday. Sales have been officially reported since our last of 34,000 bales, (of which 15,700 bales on Saturday evening, and 23,300 bales to-day,) basis of Low Middling, with March contracts closing at [illegible]; April at [illegible]; May at [illegible]; June at [illegible], and July at [illegible]—which figures show a decline of [illegible] ₩ lb. on April to July contracts, from the final quotations of Saturday. The receipts at this port to-day were 3,000 bales, including 620 bales from Savannah, 35 bales from Georgetown, 675 bales from Charleston, 308 bales from Galveston, 38 bales from Baltimore, 647 bales from New-Orleans, 592 bales per rail. The receipts at all the ports to-day 13,280 bales, and thus far this week 1[illegible],207 bales, against 22,361 bales same time the previous week, and since Sept. 1, 2,966,301 bales, against 2,[illegible],754 bales same time last year. The following quotations are based on Cotton in store running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Upland.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	15	15	15	15
Good Ordinary	16¾	16¾	16⅞	16⅞
Strict Good Ordinary	17⅞	17⅞	18	18
Low Middling	18⅜	18⅜	18½	18½
Middling	19⅜	19⅜	19⅝	20¼
Good Middling	21⅜	21⅜	21⅝	22¼

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand for State and Western Flour has been more active, and prices have been generally quoted somewhat stronger, especially for shipping stock, which has attracted most attention, and has been offered quite moderately, and for medium trade extras, which have been in more favor with purchasers than usual of late. Sales have been reported of 11,400 bbls., all told, including inferior to fancy Superfine State and Western at $6@$6 60, chiefly at $6 25@$6 50; inferior to good extra State, $7@$7 50, chiefly at $7 30@$7 50; good to very fancy do., $7 50@$8 25; poor to very good shipping Extra Western, $6 90@$7 40, chiefly at $7 20@$7 35; poor to good shipping brands round hoop Ohio, $7 15@$7 50 ₩ bbl., and trade and family extras at proportionate rates. Included in the sales were about 4,150 bbls. shipping extras at full current prices.

Southern Flour has been in rather better request, in a jobbing way, with prices quoted somewhat steadier. Sales, 1,200 bbls. at from $6 10@$8 25 for ordinary to very choice shipping, and $8 25@$12 75 for fair ordinary to very choice Family Extra, ₩ bbl.... California Flour inactive and nominal at $9 75@$10 75 ₩ bbl.... Rye Flour has been selling moderately at $3 75@$5 75 for inferior fine to very choice Superfine, chiefly at $5@$5 50 ₩ bbl.; sales, 250 bbls.... Corn-meal has been in less demand, since our last, at from $3@$3 40 for inferior to choice Yellow Western; $3 25@$3 45 for White do.; $3 25@$3 35 for Jersey, and $3 65@$3 75 for Brandywine. The reported sales have been 200 bbls.... Bag-meal has been inquired for at from $1 18@$1 21 for coarse; $1 21@$1 25 for fine Yellow; $1 25@$1 30 for White; 85c.@95c. for Cob.... Oat-meal at $7 65@$8 45 ₩ bbl.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been moderately sought after by millers and shippers, but has been held at 1c.@2c. above the views of buyers, who have been unwilling to operate freely at over $1 68 for No. 2 Milwaukee, afloat, while holders have been generally claiming $1 70; hence business has been restricted, and the reported dealings have been mainly for milling. The lower grades have been attracting more attention, and have shown more firmness. Winter Wheat has been inactive, few prime lots available, and holders confident in their views, but demand light. Sales have been reported since our last of 37,000 bushels at $1 58@$1 68½, chiefly at $1 68 for fair No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, afloat; $1 61 for ordinary No. 2 Chicago do. do.; $1 55@$1 57 for ordinary to fair No. 3 Spring; $1 35@$1 49 for rejected Spring; $1 70@$1 73 for ordinary red Western.... Corn has been quoted a shade higher, but has been comparatively quiet, especially old Mixed Western, for which buyers have been reluctant to pay the advanced prices claimed. Sales have been reported since our last of 41,000 bushels at 65c.@66½c. for inferior to choice new Mixed Western; 65½c.@66c. for ordinary to choice old do., afloat, with 64c. bid, and 64½c. asked for average samples of do., in store; 66c., 66½c., chiefly at 66½c. for new Western Yellow; 66½c.@70c. for poor to very choice White Western.... Rye has been inactive, yet held firmly; Canada, in bond, quoted at 88c.@90c.... Barley favors sellers on reduced offerings, and a comparatively good demand for prime to choice samples. Sales have been reported, since our last, of a boat-load of choice Canada West at $1 [illegible], and small lots of Western at $1 15, part to arrive.... Barley Malt quiet within the previous range, holders of the better grades showing more firmness.... New Oats have been in more demand for trade purposes, and quoted decidedly firmer, with sales reported since our last of 75,000 bushels at 47@50c. for new Mixed Western; [illegible] for ordinary to very choice new White do.; [illegible] for new Black do. Old mixed Western quiet and quoted at [illegible] bid, and [illegible] asked. State Oats scarce and quiet; mixed quoted, in lots, at [illegible].... Feed moderately dealt in at from [illegible] ₩ ton.... Hay quoted about steady on a moderate business, within the previous range.

Stocks of Grain in New-York and Brooklyn Warehouses.

	1873. March 24.	1873. March 17.	1872. March 25.
Wheat, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Barley, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rye, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Peas, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Malt, bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Grand total bushels	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been generally inactive. Bags quoted at 15c.; Bagging nominal at 10c.@10½c.... Domestic Cloth quoted at 13½c.@14½c. for prompt, and 13c. for Summer delivery.

HEMP—Has been generally quiet at former figures. We quote American at $[illegible] for Undressed, and $[illegible] for Dressed, ₩ ton; Manila, 10½c.@10¾c.; Sisal, [illegible], gold; Jute, [illegible]; Jute Butts, [illegible], currency, ₩ lb.

LATHS, LIME AND LUMBER—There has been a pretty fair inquiry noted for supplies, thus far, however, mainly in a jobbing form, within the previous range of quotations.

MOLASSES—Has been inactive, but quoted steady. New-Orleans quoted at from 60c.@74c. New Crop Cuba at [illegible]; Old Crop Porto Rico at [illegible]; New do., 50c.@65c.; Old Crop English Islands, 28c.@40c.

NAVAL STORES—A moderately active business has been noted in Rosin at firmer rates, favored by the more encouraging advices from Wilmington. Sales, 3,700 bbls. Strained and good strained at $3 40 ₩ 280 lbs.... Tar quiet and unchanged.... Spirits Turpentine sold to the extent of 300 bbls., in lots, at 55½c.@56c. ₩ gallon, closing about steady at these figures.

PETROLEUM—Crude inactive, held at 9½c., in bulk.... Refined quoted firm at 20c. for early delivery, with sales reported of 3,000 bbls.... Of Refined, in cases, 8,000 cases sold at 25½c.... Refined at Philadelphia held at 18¾c.... Naphtha nominal.

PROVISIONS—There has been a moderate inquiry noted for Pork, for early delivery, with prices quoted rather firmer. Sales, 200 bbls. new Western Mess at $16 25; 40 bbls. old do. at $16; 350 bbls. Western Prime Mess, in lots, at $15@$17 75 for wood and iron-bound pkgs.... For forward delivery, a fair demand has been noted, with sales of 500 bbls. Western Mess, March, and 500 bbls. do., April, at $16, and 1,500 bbls. do., June, at $16 37½.... City Dressed Hogs have been quoted higher, and in fair request, within the range of 7¼c.@7¾c.; Western quiet and more or less nominal.... Cut-meats have been in fair request and held more confidently, with sales reported of 75 boxes Dry-salted Shoulders at 7¼c.; 70 bbls. Western Pickled Shoulders at 7⅛c.; 50 tcs. Western Pickled Bellies, 13½ lbs., at 10¼c.; 25 boxes Bellies, 16@18 lbs., at 9¾c.@10c.; 15,000 lbs. Bellies, in bulk, 10 lbs., at 9¾c.; 1,450 City Smoked Hams, in bulk, at 12¼c.@12½c.; 15,000 lbs. Western Smoked Hams at 13c.; 700 Smoked Shoulders, in bulk, at 7¼c.@7½c.; 300 Pickled Hams, in bulk, at 10½c.@11c., and 650 Pickled Shoulders, in bulk, part at 6¾c. ₩ lb.... Bacon has been in very good request and quoted strong in price, with sales reported of 50 boxes Cumberland at 8c.; 650 boxes Short Clear at 8¾c.; 200 half boxes do. at 8¾c.; 1,100 boxes do., April deliveries, at 8¾c.@8⅞c.; 500 boxes Long Clear at 8¼c., buyer paying brokerage; 500 boxes Long and Short Clear, April, at 8½c.... Lard has been quoted a shade higher, on a more confident demand for both prompt and forward delivery, with sales reported of 425 tcs. Western steam, fair to strictly choice, at 8⅝c.@8¾c.; 50 tcs. Western Kettle at 8¾c.; 500 tcs. City Steam and Kettle at 8⅝c.@8¾c.; 150 tcs. No. 1 Western at 8¼c.; 65 tcs. City at 7⅞c. And for forward delivery, sales and settlements were reported of 2,250 tcs. Western Steam, April options, at 8 9-16c.@8⅝c., with rumors of 5,000 tcs., same options, at 8⅝c., but not confirmed; 1,000 tcs. do., May, at 8¾c.; and 1,500 tcs. do., June, at 9 1-16c.... Beef has been quoted steady, on a moderate inquiry, chiefly for job lots. We quote at from $8@$11 for New Mess, and $12@$13 50 for New Extra do., ₩ bbl. Tierce Beef quoted at $18 50@$21 50 for Prime Mess; $22@$26 for India Mess, and $26@$31 for Extra India Mess. Beef Hams quiet within the range of $23@$32 50 for very inferior to choice brands.... Butter, Cheese, and Eggs held with a fair show of confidence, within the previous range; home-trade demand generally good.

RICE—Has been selling to a moderate extent, in a jobbing way, at unchanged rates, with Carolina quoted at $7 75@$9 for fair to choice; Patna, $7 50@$8; Rangoon, $6 75@$7 ₩ 100 lbs.

SEEDS—A very moderate demand prevails for Clover, chiefly for home use, at steady prices.... Flax and Timothy dull.... Calcutta Linseed quiet, but held with confidence. We quote: Clover, 8¾c.@9c., the latter very choice, ₩ lb., chiefly at 8¾c.@8⅞c. for average samples; Rough Flax, $2 20@$2 25; Timothy, $3 50@$4, and Calcutta Linseed, $2 27½, gold, ₩ bushel.

SPICES—Have been in very good demand and held with more confidence. Mace quoted at $1 17½@$1 25; No. 1 Nutmegs at 95c.@97c.; Cassia at 26½c.@27c.; Cloves at 25c.@27c.; East India Pepper at 17½c.@19c.; Pimento at 11½c.@11¾c.; Ginger at 10c.@11¼c., gold, ₩ lb.

SUGARS—The market for Raw shows rather more steadiness, on a pretty fair business, for refining purposes; trade call light. Sales have been reported since our last of 700 hhds., 960 boxes, and 26,000 bags, including 300 hhds., common to good refining Cuba at 7¾c.@8⅛c.; 400 hhds. and 960 boxes Centrifugal, and equal to 15,000 bags Java on private terms, and 11,000 bags Manila part at 8c. ₩ lb. We now quote: Fair refining Cuba at 8c.; good do., 8⅛c.@8¼c.; prime do., 8⅜c.; No. 12 Box, clayed stock, 9c.; Centrifugal, Nos. 10 and 12, 9c.@9½c. Refined have been in rather limited request since our last, with Hards quoted at 11⅞c.; A's, 10⅞c.@10¾c.; and Yellows at 9¾c.@10⅛c. ₩ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—There has been an active movement noted in Tallow at full previous quotations, with sales reported of 104,000 lbs. fair ordinary to strictly prime, at 8⅞c.@9c., chiefly at 8⅞c.@8 15-16c., and 100,000 lbs. City, April delivery, at 8 15-16c. Stearine firm at [illegible], in hhds. and tcs., but quiet.... Of Grease, sales have been reported of 100 tcs. White, to arrive, at 7c., and 750 tcs. Yellow, to arrive, at [illegible].

TEAS—Have been very quiet since our last, with prices favoring purchasers.

WHISKY—Sold to the extent of 250 bbls., in lots, at 91c. ₩ gallon; market steady.

FREIGHTS—There has been a fair inquiry noted for vessels on charter, especially for tonnage suited to the Petroleum trade, but at somewhat lower and irregular figures, the more numerous arrivals of the past few days giving the advantage to shippers. The berth movement has been rather lighter, the meagre supply of room available and the firmer views of owners operating against free shipments. The higher prices claimed for Grain tended to check the outward business in this line.... For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last include, by sail, 100 hhds. Tallow, at 30s. ₩ ton; and by steam, 1,100 bales Cotton, at [illegible]; 317 bales do., compressed, (by an outside steamer,) at [illegible]; equal to 15,000 bushels Grain, at 7d. for Corn and 7¼d. for Wheat ₩ bushel; 80 tons Oil-cake, at 25s.@27s. 6d.; 50 tons Tallow, at 30s. ₩ ton; 100 bbls. Pork, at 4s. 6d. ₩ bbl. And three ships with Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, at 11-16d.@¾d., closing at 11-16d. ₩ lb.... For London, by sail, 1,500 bbls. Flour, at 3s. 6d. ₩ bbl.; 8,000 bushels Grain, at 9d. ₩ bushel.... For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, 317 tons, hence, with 2,070 bbls. Refined Petroleum, to the United Kingdom, at 7s. ₩ bbl.; a Russian bark, [illegible] tons, with about 4,400 quarters Grain, from Baltimore, at 7s. 10½d.; a bark, with about 1,600 qrs. do., from do., at 8s. 3d. ₩ quarter.... For a direct port in the United Kingdom, a British brig, 148 tons, with about 1,000 quarters Grain, reported from Baltimore, at 8s. 7d. ₩ quarter.... For Havre, by steam, 500 tcs. Lard, 100 boxes Bacon, and 300,000 lbs. Tallow, at [illegible] ₩ lb. And a Norwegian bark, 387 tons, hence, with about 3,900 bbls. Petroleum, reported at 5s. 9d. ₩ bbl. And two ships with Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, at [illegible], closing at [illegible] ₩ lb.... For Antwerp, by sail, 2,000 boxes Bacon, mostly at 40s. ₩ ton; 13 hhds. Kentucky Tobacco at 50s. And a ship with Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, at [illegible] ₩ lb.... For Bremen, by sail, 2,000 bbls. Rosin at 4s. 6d. ₩ 280 lbs.; 200 boxes Bacon at 40s.... For Hamburg, by steam, 50 tons Leather at [illegible] ₩ lb.... For Rotterdam, by steam, 150 bbls. Dried Apples at 3s. 6d. ₩ bbl.; 5,000 cases Petroleum on private terms; 550 bbls. Lubricating Oil, part at 7s. 6d. ₩ bbl.; 10 hhds. Virginia Tobacco at 50s.; 500 Salted Hides at 50s.... For Stettin, by sail, 450 tcs. Lard, at 50s.... For Cronstadt, an American ship, 799 tons, hence, with 4,500 bbls. Petroleum, on private terms.... For Gottenburg, a Norwegian brig, 320 tons, hence, with about 1,800 bbls. Refined Petroleum, at 7s. 1½d.; and a Norwegian bark, 3[illegible] tons, with about 1,900 bbls. Petroleum, at 7s. 6d. ₩ bbl.... For the Baltic, a ship, with Cotton, reported from New-Orleans, at [illegible] ₩ lb.... For Corfu, an Italian brig, 237 tons, hence, with about 5,600 cases Petroleum, at 40c., and 25 gratuity.... For Cape Town, and Batavia, a British bark, 3[illegible] tons, hence, with merchandise to Cape Town, reported on the basis of 42s. 6d., and about 10,000 cases Petroleum to Batavia, on private terms.... For the River Platte, a British bark, 575 tons, (now at Liverpool, N. S.,) with Lumber from Brunswick, Ga., at $20, and five ₩ cent. primage.... For Rio Janeiro, an American brig, 373 tons, with Flour, reported from Richmond, Va., at $1 25 ₩ bbl.... For Brazil, a British brig, 135 tons, and a Dutch brig, 156 tons, hence, with general cargo, on private terms.... For Rosario, a British brig, 280 tons, with Lumber, from Annapolis, N. S., at $30, and 5 ₩ cent. primage.... For Hayti, a British schooner, 138 tons, hence, with general cargo, on private terms.... For St. Thomas, three schooners, 300, 360, and 750 tons, with Coal, reported from Baltimore, at $3 50.... For Surinam and back to Boston, an American brig, 160 tons, at $2,300.... For the south side of Cuba and back, an American brig, 271 tons, at 55c.... For the north side of Cuba, a schooner, with Shooks, from St. John, at 35c.; a bark, 350 tons, and a schooner, 420 tons, from Portland and back, at 45c. and 35c.; and a schooner, from Machiasport and back to the United States, with Molasses, at $3 50.... For Boston, a schooner, with Lumber, from Savannah, at $11 50; another from Wilmington at $11 50; four schooners, with Coal, from Baltimore, at $3 25@$3 62½; from do., with do., from New-York, at $2 75@$3, and a British bark, 379 tons, with Sugar, reported from Batavia, at 50s.... For Galveston and back, an American brig, 330 tons, with general cargo, reported about $5,000.... For New-York, an American schooner, 193 tons, with Lumber, from Brunswick, Ga., at $12.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 24.—Grain in store and afloat to-day—Wheat, 72,537 bushels; Corn, 68,562 bushels; Oats, 65,286 bushels; Rye, 4,654 bushels; Barley, 95,007 bushels; Peas, 2,734 bushels; Barley-malt, 26,534 bushels. Imports for the week ending March 22—Flour, 31,400 bbls.; Wheat, 45,400 bushels; Corn, 262,400 bushels; Barley, 16,400 bushels; Oats, 200,400 bushels; Rye, 1,600 bushels. Exports for the week ending March 22—Wheat, 51,150 bushels; Corn, 209,759 bushels; Oats, 199,608 bushels; Barley, 22,892 bushels; Rye, 1,600 bushels. Flour quiet; Western Spring, $7 50@$8; Amber Winter, $8 50@$9 25; White Winter, $9 50@$10. Wheat dull; no sales made public; quoted at—Milwaukee No. 2 Spring, $1 60; Chicago No. 2 Spring, $1 49@$1 50; Duluth No. 1 Spring, $1 58; White Canada, $1 75@$1 90; White Michigan, $1 80@$2. Corn steady; sales, 4,500 bushels Western, on track, at 51c.; held in store at 52c. Oats dull; sales, 2,250 bushels Western at 42c. Barley firm; sales 750 bushels Canada at $1; 1,000 bushels Western, in store, at 90c.; 1,500 bushels Western, on track, 85c.; quoted Canada, 95c.@$1; No. 2 Western, 90c.@95c.; two-rowed State, 80c.@85c.; four-rowed State, 95c. Rye—Sales nominal at 85c. Barley Malt firm; Western, $1@$1 10; prime Winter Western, $1 10@$1 15; prime Canada, $1 20@$1 25. The balance of the market is unchanged.

CHICAGO, March 24.—Flour steady; sales of Extra Spring at $6 50@$6 75; 2,500 bbls. sold on private terms. Wheat buoyant and unsettled; prices higher; sales of No. 1 Spring at $1 27½@$1 28; No. 2 do., $1 21¾, cash; $1 21¾, seller April; $1 25½, seller May; No. 3 do., $1 09½@$1 10; Rejected, 95c.@98c. Corn firm and in fair demand at 31¼c., cash; 32¾c. bid, seller May; Rejected, 28¼c. Rye firm and in fair demand at 64½c.@65c. for No. 1. Barley firm and scarce at 80c.@80½c. for No. 2 Fall; 64½c.@67½c. for No. 3. Provisions quiet but firm. Pork sold at $14 50, cash; $14 85 seller May. Lard steady at $7 90, cash; $8 05 seller May. Bulk Meats steady at 6¼c. for Shoulders, packed; 4¾c. loose. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady at 85½c. Receipts—11,000 bbls. Flour, 32,000 bushels Wheat, 81,000 bushels Corn, 46,000 bushels Oats, 3,000 bushels Rye, and 6,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—10,000 bbls. Flour, 30,000 bushels Wheat, 6,000 bushels Corn, 26,000 bushels Oats, and 14,000 bushels Barley.

ST. LOUIS, March 24.—Flour firm and unchanged; sales of Superfine Winter at $[illegible]; Extra Winter, $[illegible]; Double Extra Winter, $[illegible]. Wheat dull and drooping; most of the sales were on private terms; a few sample lots of No. 4 Red Fall sold at $1 [illegible]; No. 1 White, $1 75, both delivered. Corn firmer; sales of No. 2 Mixed at [illegible], at east side on track. Oats dull and unchanged at [illegible] for No. 2 Mixed, at east side on track. Barley firmer and higher at 90c. for No. 2 Spring; $1 [illegible] for choice to fancy. Rye—Nothing done. Whisky dull at 87c. Pork quiet at $15 [illegible]. Dry-salted Meats; buyers and sellers apart; [illegible] bid for Clear Rib and Clear Sides [illegible] asked, spot. Bacon easier; sales of Shoulders at [illegible], seller April; Clear Sides, [illegible], seller July; 10c., seller August. Lard in improved demand; sales of Steam at [illegible], spot. Live Hogs firm at $[illegible]. Cattle steady at $[illegible] for Texans; $[illegible] for native Cows and Heifers; $[illegible] for prime to choice steers. Receipts—4,000 bbls. Flour, 22,000 bushels Wheat, 24,000 bushels Corn, 23,000 bushels Oats, 3,000 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye, and 1,500 Hogs.

LOUISVILLE, March 24.—Flour quiet; sales of Family Extra at $7 25; A No. 1, $[illegible]; Fancy, $[illegible]. Wheat firm; dealers paying $1 70@$1 80 on arrival for Red and Amber; White nominal; receipts small. Corn active and firm; sales of Mixed and White, shelled and sacked, at [illegible]. Oats steady at [illegible] for sacked. Rye quiet. Provisions in fair demand and steady; sales of 30,000 lbs. of Clear Sides (Bulk Meats) at 7¼c., loose, delivered at Bridge Depot; 20,000 lbs. of Clear Rib Sides Bacon, loose, at 8¼c. Pork firm at $15 50@$16 for sound lots. Bacon sold at 6¾c.@6⅞c. for Shoulders, 8¾c.@8⅞c. for Clear Rib Sides, 9¼c.@9⅜c. for Clear Sides, packed. Hams firm at 13c.@13½c. for Plain, 13¾c.@14c. for Sugar-cured, packed. Bulk Meats—Sales of Shoulders at 5¾c., Clear Rib Sides at 7⅜c.@7½c.; Clear Sides, 7¾c., loose, ⅛c. higher for packed. Lard firm at 8¾c.@9c. for choice Leaf in tierces; 9⅜c.@9½c. in kegs; order lots ⅛c.@¼c. higher. Whisky firm at 86c.@87c. Tobacco unchanged; sales 108 hhds.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24.—Quercitron Bark—No. 1 firm at $32 50. Flour steady; Superfine, $4 50@$5 25; Extras, $5 50@$6 70; Spring Wheat Extra Family, $7 15@$8 37½; State and Western Winter do., $8@$9 50; High Grades, $9 75@$11. Wheat held firmly; Red at $1 94@$1 98; Amber, $2; No. 1 Spring, $1 75@$1 80. Rye is held at 85c. Corn in fair demand; Yellow at 60c. Oats in limited request; White, 48c.@50c. Coffee dull; Rio, 17¾c.@19¼c., gold; Laguayra, 19c., gold. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Petroleum dull; Crude, 13¼c.; Refined, 18¾c. Whisky steady at 92c.

BALTIMORE, March 24.—Flour unchanged and steady. Wheat steady; choice White, $2 05@$2 10; fair to prime do., $1 80@$2; choice Amber, $2@$2 05; good to prime Red, $1 85@$1 95; common to fair do., $1 60@$1 80; Western Red, $1 85@$1 90; do. Amber, $1 88@$1 90. Corn firmer; Southern White, 61c.@63c.; do. Yellow, 58c.@60c.; mixed Western, 59c.@60c. Oats quiet; Southern, 47c.@48c.; Western mixed, 40c.@45c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Hay unchanged. Provisions firmer; Mess Pork, $16 25@$16 50; Bulk Meats firmer; Shoulders, 6c.; Rib Sides, 7¾c.; sales 100,000 lbs.; Clear Rib Sides, 8c. Bacon Shoulders, 6¾c.@7c.; Rib Sides, 8¾c.@8½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8¾c.@9c.; sugar-cured Hams, 13c.@16c. Lard, 8½c.@8¾c. Western Butter unchanged. Whisky nominal at 90½c.

TOLEDO, March 24.—Flour firm and in fair demand. Wheat in fair demand and higher; sales of No. 1 White Wabash at $2 05; No. 2 do., $1 93; Extra White Michigan, $2 02@$2 04; Amber Michigan, spot, $1 68½; seller April, $1 69½; seller May, $1 73@$1 73½; seller June, $1 75; No. 1 Red, $1 73½. Corn firm and in fair demand; sales of High Mixed, spot, at 39½c.@39¾c.; seller April, 41c.@41¼c.; seller June, 43c.; seller July, 44c.; Low Mixed, 38½c.@39c.; Yellow 40½c.; no grade, 37c.; damaged, 34c. Oats steady at 33½c. for Michigan. Dressed Hogs sold at $6 [illegible]. Clover-seed sold at $4 75; Mammoth quiet at $4 [illegible]. Receipts—2,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat, 35,000 bushels Corn, and 1,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—1,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Corn, and 1,000 bushels Oats.

CINCINNATI, March 24.—Flour dull at $7 50@$7 85. Wheat quiet at $1 65@$1 68. Corn quiet at 39c.@40c. Rye dull and lower at 79c.@80c. Oats quiet at 30c.@36c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Butter—Demand good at full prices. Provisions strong. Pork steady at $15@$15 25. Lard held more firmly at 8c. for Steam; and 8¼c.@8⅜c. for Kettle. Bulk Meats very firm at 6¼c. for Shoulders; 7¾c. for Clear Rib Sides; 7¾c. for Clear Sides. Bacon firm; sales of Shoulders at 6¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 8¾c.; Clear Sides, 8⅞c.; more buyers than sellers of Clear Sides at close at 9¼c. Whisky steady at 85c.

OSWEGO, March 24.—Flour steady; sales of 1,100 bbls. at $9 75 for No. 1 Spring, $9 75 for Amber Winter, $10 50 for White Winter, $11 for Double Extra. Wheat scarce and quiet. Corn dull; sales of car lots Western at 60c. Barley held at $1 10 for Bay Quinte. Corn-meal, $1 [illegible] for bolted, $1 [illegible] for unbolted, ₩ cwt. Mill-feed unchanged; Shorts, $[illegible]; Shipstuffs, $[illegible]; Middlings, $[illegible] ₩ ton. Railroad Freights—Flour to Philadelphia, [illegible]; to Boston, [illegible]; to New-York, [illegible]; to Albany, [illegible].

DETROIT, March 24.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat steady at $1 [illegible] for Extra White; $1 [illegible] for No. 1 White; $1 [illegible] for Amber Michigan. Corn steady at 41½c. for Yellow. Oats in fair demand at [illegible]. Receipts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat, 10,000 bushels Corn, 4,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—3,000 bbls. Flour, 3,000 bushels Wheat, 3,000 bushels Corn, 1,000 bushels Oats.

CLEVELAND, March 24.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firmer; No. 1 Red Winter held at $1 [illegible]; sales of No. 2 Red to arrive, at $1 [illegible]. Corn steady at 45c. for High Mixed, 44c. for Mixed. Oats quiet and unchanged at [illegible] for No. 1 State, [illegible] for No. 2. Petroleum firm and unchanged at [illegible] for car lots; [illegible] for Legal Test Ohio Oil.

MILWAUKEE, March 24.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady at $1 [illegible] for No. 1; $1 [illegible] for No. 2. Oats steady at [illegible] for No. 2. Corn dull and nominal at [illegible] for No. 1 Mixed. Rye firm at [illegible] for No. 1. Barley active and higher at [illegible] for No. 2 Spring. Receipts—[illegible] bbls. Flour, [illegible] bushels Wheat. Shipments—[illegible] bbls. Flour, [illegible] bushels Wheat.

MEMPHIS, March 24.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn lower at [illegible]. Pork dull and declining at $[illegible]. Lard dull and nominal. Bulk Meats dull and lower at [illegible] for Shoulders; [illegible] for Sides. Bacon dull and lower at [illegible] for Shoulders; [illegible] for Sides.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 24.—Spirits of Turpentine firm; sales at 50c. Rosin quiet at $2 [illegible] for No. 2 grade. Turpentine steady at $2 [illegible] for Hard; $[illegible] for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Tar firm; sales at $2 75.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, March 24.—Cotton in fair demand; Ordinary, 14¾c.; Good Ordinary, 16¾c.@16⅞c.; Low Middling, 18c.; Middling, 19c.@19¼c.; net receipts, 7,091 bales; gross, 7,5[illegible] bales; exports to the continent, 3,[illegible] bales; coastwise, [illegible] bales; sales, 1,800 bales; last evening, 7,300 bales; stock, 2[illegible] bales.

MOBILE, March 24.—Cotton active and higher; Middling, 18¾c.@19c.; Low Middling, 17¾c.@17⅞c.; Good Ordinary, 16¾c.; net receipts, 1,[illegible] bales; exports, to Great Britain, 7[illegible] bales; coastwise, [illegible] bales; sales, 1,300 bales; stock, 5[illegible] bales.

CHARLESTON, March 24.—Cotton firm; Middling, 18⅝c.@19c.; Low Middling, 18c.@18¼c.; strict Good Ordinary, 17¼c.; Ordinary, 15c.@15¼c.; net receipts, 4[illegible] bales; exports coastwise, [illegible] bales; sales, 600 bales; stock, 3[illegible] bales.

GALVESTON, March 24.—Cotton firm, in good demand; Good Ordinary, 15¾c.; net receipts, 1,[illegible] bales; exports to Great Britain, 1,1[illegible] bales; coastwise, 1,4[illegible] bales; sales, 1,[illegible] bales; stock, 6[illegible] bales.

SAVANNAH, March 24.—Cotton firm; Middling, 18¾c.; net receipts, 908 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,140 bales; sales, 200 bales; stock, 69,109 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, March 24—11 A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅞ for money, and 93 for account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 93⅞; 1867s, 93⅞; 10-40s, 89; new 5s, 90¾. Erie Railway Shares, 52¾.

1½ P. M.—Consols for money, 92¾; for the account 93⅛. United States Bonds, 1865s, old, 93⅞; new 5s, [illegible].

5 P. M.—Consols closed at 92⅞ for money, and 93 for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 94; 1867s, 93⅞; 10-40s, 89⅞; new 5s, 91⅛. Erie Railway Shares, 52¾.

PARIS, March 24—A. M.—Rentes opened at 55f. 67c.

LIVERPOOL, March 24—11 A. M.—Cotton—The market opened with a hardening tendency; Middling Uplands, 9⅛d.@9¼d.; Middling Orleans, 9⅜d.@9½d. The sales of the day are estimated at 12,000 bales.

1½ P. M.—Cotton hardening; Middling Uplands, 9¼d.; Middling Orleans, 9⅝d. The sales of the day are estimated at 15,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for speculation and export. Sales of Cotton shipped from Savannah or Charleston, March and April, at 9 1-16d. Breadstuffs—The market is firm. Corn, 29s. 9d.@30s. ₩ quarter. Provisions—Bacon, 37s. ₩ cwt. for Cumberland Cut. Lard, 38s. 9d. ₩ cwt. Pork, 61s. ₩ bbl. for new Mess.

5 P. M.—Cotton—The market closed firm. The sales of the day have been 15,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export. Of the sales 10,000 bales were American. Sales of Cotton shipped from Savannah or Charleston, February and March, 9¼d., and from the same ports deliverable in March at 9¼d.

Evening.—Linseed-oil, £34@£34 10s. ₩ ton. Spirits Turpentine, 42s. 6d. ₩ cwt.

LONDON, March 24.—Tallow, 44s. ₩ cwt.

Evening.—Spirits Turpentine, 44s. ₩ cwt.

HAVANA, March 24.—Coal-oil in tins, 4½ reals ₩ gallon.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

A Little Misunderstanding—The District-Attorney's Office.

The Board of Supervisors met at 4 P. M., yesterday, Mr. Vance in the chair.

The bill of H. C. Allen, $2,500, for services rendered to District-Attorney, was taken from the committee to which it was referred and laid on the table.

Mr. Van Schaick said some time ago he referred to the fact that a member of the board, who was also editor of a German newspaper of large circulation, was in the habit of going back to his office and writing words he did not dare to state on the floor. He had lately read a translation of an article from the *Staats Zeitung* of March 13, in which allusion is made to the clerk of the board, to the members of the old Board of Supervisors, and to the members of the present board. He would say that all such allusions were without foundation in fact. The article in question stated that on the 18th January, Mr. Ottendorfer offered a resolution in regard to the removal of the clerk. This statement was untrue, the resolution having been presented by Mr. Vance. The article also stated that the resolution had been rejected, which was also untrue, the resolution being laid over. Mr. Van Schaick then explained why the clerk of the board had not been removed, and referred to the fact that the new charter, if adopted, would remove him to a certainty.

Mr. Ottendorfer said it appeared to him as if Mr. Van Schaick's remarks were but an excuse for making an explanation in regard to the removal of their clerk. He (Mr. Ottendorfer) had not been present at his office or at the meetings of the board for some time past, and consequently knew nothing of the statement made in his paper. When he discovered it he had it corrected. He thought there was now sufficient cause for the removal of the clerk of the board, and instead of waiting for the result of the investigation he thought it would be well to suspend him.

Mr. Allen's bill was then taken from the table, and Mr. McCafferty said that in December last this bill, the amount then being $6,500, was denounced by Messrs. Van Schaick and Vance as a fraud. He failed to see how a bill that was a fraud then could be correct now.

Mr. Van Schaick said he voted against the bill on principle. The salaries of the District-Attorney's office amounted to $60,000, and he thought the office should not incur further expenses. Since then he had been informed by the Recorder and by Mr. Phelps that Mr. Allen's bill was perfectly correct, and should be paid.

Mr. Cooper said that only a few weeks ago the Recorder denounced the bill as an illegal and unjustifiable charge. He must have changed his opinion very suddenly.

The bill was then ordered to be paid, and the board adjourned for two weeks.

The Magruder-Lockwood Shooting Affray.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, before Judge Brady, Marshall Magruder was arraigned on a charge of shooting Clarence Lockwood, with intent to kill. It will be remembered that the prisoner and Lockwood had a dispute in a boarding-house in Madison-street, on the 19th of January last, concerning a lady to whom they had been paying attention, and blows were exchanged between them. A few friends interfered and separated them, but, on parting, Magruder threatened to kill Lockwood on the following day, and advised him to be prepared. Early in the evening of the ensuing day he went to Lockwood's room, and rousing him from his bed whereon he had been lying, he shot him twice. Magruder then quietly went to the dining-room of the boarding-house and took supper with the utmost coolness and composure. He was subsequently arrested, and since the shooting has manifested the most extraordinary indifference as to the act and the consequences it may entail upon himself. Lockwood recovered from his wounds, but has left the City, and will not probably appear at the trial. The lady whose attractions proved the cause of the shooting was present in court yesterday, and watched the proceedings with much interest. Mr. Charles S. Spencer defended the prisoner. The following jurors were impaneled to try the case: David Tillman, (foreman,) John A. Linscott, Jonathan S. Hartley, Thompson W. Decker, James Gilroy, Morris Rosenheim, James Gibson, Albert Widemeyer, Geo. Trotter, Wm. H. Hartshorn, John A. Fox, and Alphous A. Courtier.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, March 24, 1873.

On yesterday [illegible] twenty cars of horned Cattle [illegible] Weehawken Yards, and were nearly all sold off. Prices ranged from 9¼c.@12c. ℔ ℔., weights from 5½ cwt. to 7½ cwt., on 55 ℔s. to 56 ℔s. to the cwt. net. On Sunday and Monday forenoon there was a light run of horned Cattle at One Hundredth-street Yards. Trade improved in feeling since our last daily quotations, but prices were not higher than on the previous Monday. The quality of the Cattle was generally coarse. Prices ranged from 11c.@13¼c. ℔ ℔., weights from 6 cwt. to 10½ cwt., on 55 ℔s. to 58 ℔s. to the cwt., net. Milch Cows of a good quality have been forwarded to our City market as to have crushed out the trade for a time. No sales on this specimen. Veals sold from 8½c.@11c. ℔ ℔., with less Bobs at 5c. ℔ ℔. Sheep have improved in price since last Friday. The markets closed firm on a light run. Prices from 11c.@13½c. ℔ ℔. The quality was generally good. Trade in Hogs is active. Live Hogs from 5c.@5¼c. ℔ ℔., City Dressed from 7¼c.@7½c. ℔ ℔. Western Dressed sold to arrive.

SALES.

S. B. Richardson sold 45 good Illinois Steers from 12½c.@13¼c. ℔ ℔., weights from 7¼ cwt. to 7½ cwt. J. and D. Weitzel sold for selves 38 Texan Steers at 11½c. ℔ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; 268 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 11½c.@13c. ℔ ℔., weights from 6½ cwt. to 7½ cwt. C. J. Fagan sold for W. V. Wood 138 common Illinois Steers at 11¼c. ℔ ℔., weight 6¼ cwt.; 30 Texan Steers at 11c. ℔ ℔., weight 6½ cwt. T. Carey sold 80 pair Illinois Steers from 11½c.@12¾c. ℔ ℔., weight 7 cwt. T. Guin sold for self 28 choice Ohio Steers at 14½c. ℔ ℔., weight 10½ cwt.; 182 pair Illinois Steers from 11¼c.@11¾c. ℔ ℔., weights from 6½ to 6¾ cwt.; 14 Michigan Oxen at 12c. ℔ ℔., weight 7¾ cwt.; 54 good Illinois Steers at 12½c. ℔ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt. T. Healy sold for self 24 Illinois Steers at 11¾c. ℔ ℔., weight 7 cwt. J. C. Eastman sold for self, 58 Steers, from common to good from 11¼c.@13c. ℔ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; G. W. Martin shipped for Bermuda 20 nice quality Illinois Steers. Vail & Valentine sold for selves 21 choice Ohio Steers from 13c.@14c. ℔ ℔., weight 8 cwt.; 65 Illinois Steers, from fair to good, from 11¼c.@12¾c. ℔ ℔., weights from 6¼ cwt. to 7½ cwt. T. Wheeler sold for self 100 choice Illinois Steers from 13c.@14c. ℔ ℔., weight 8 cwt.; 50 fair Illinois Steers from 11½c.@12¼c. ℔ ℔., weight 6¾ cwt. Burchard & Merritt sold for M. B. Doty 65 fair Illinois Steers at 12c. ℔ ℔., strong weight, 7 cwt.; for selves 24 good Illinois Steers at 12c. ℔ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt. W. Thompson sold for self 47 good Illinois Steers from 12½c.@13¼c. ℔ ℔., weight 7¼ cwt.; 212 fair Illinois Steers from 11¾c.@12c. ℔ ℔., weights from 6¼ cwt. to 7¼ cwt.; 124 common Illinois Steers from 11c.@11¾c. ℔ ℔., weights from 6¼ cwt. to 6¾ cwt.

At Forty-eighth-street Sheep Market J. Kirby sold 189 Sheep, weight 27,800 ℔s., at 8¼c. ℔ ℔.; 5 Veals, weight 600 ℔s., at 10c. ℔ ℔. S. McGraw sold 6 Veals, average weight 130 ℔s. ℔ head, at 11c. ℔ ℔. Hume & Elliott sold for C. S. Musselman, 375 Pennsylvania Sheep, weight 50,340 ℔s., at 8¼c. ℔ ℔.; for selves 261 Sheep, weight 33,680 ℔s., at 7¾c. ℔ ℔.; 385 Sheep, weight 33,520 ℔s., at 7¾c. ℔ ℔.; 134 Sheep, weight 13,130 ℔s., at 7¾c. ℔ ℔.; 255 Sheep, weight 24,610 ℔s., at 7¾c. ℔ ℔.; 169 Sheep, weight 16,670 ℔s., at 7¼c. ℔ ℔.; 8 Bobs, weight 350 ℔s., at 8¼c. ℔ ℔.; 1 Veal, weight 110 ℔s., at 9c. ℔ ℔.

At Fortieth-street Sheep Market, Lerch & Barnes sold 125 Sheep, weight 16,290 ℔s., at 6¼c. ℔ ℔.; 124 Sheep, weight 16,430 ℔s., at 6¾c. ℔ ℔.; 163 Sheep, weight 14,440 ℔s., at 6¾c. ℔ ℔.; 162 Sheep, weight 15,570 ℔s., at 7¼c. ℔ ℔.; 177 Sheep, weight 17,670 ℔s., at 7¾c. ℔ ℔. Judd & Buckingham sold 201 Sheep, weight 17,220 ℔s., at 8¼c. ℔ ℔.; 288 Sheep, weight 28,250 ℔s., at 7c. ℔ ℔.; 184 Sheep, weight 17,230 ℔s., at 7¼c. ℔ ℔.; 170 Sheep, weight 17,450 ℔s., at 7¼ ℔ ℔.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at One Hundredth-street Yards for week ending March 24, 1873: 3,220 head of horned Cattle, 17 Cows, 490 Veals, 163 Sheep.

Gross arrivals at Forty-eighth-street Sheep Yards for week ending March 24, 1873: 4,074 Sheep, 145 Cows, 27 Veals.

Gross arrival at Fortieth-street Hog Yards for week ending March 24, 1873: 4,143 Sheep, 13,263 Hogs.

Gross arrivals at Communipaw Yards for week ending March 22, 1873: 2,788 head of horned Cattle, 3,250 Sheep, 11,777 Hogs.

PHILADELPHIA, March 24.—Beeves in fair demand; market firmer; sales, 2,000 Extra State and Western Steers, at $7 75@$8 25; Fair to Good, $6 50@$7; Common, $5@$6 ℔ cwt. Sheep in fair demand; sales, 8,000, at 6c.@8c. ℔ ℔. Hogs in demand; sales, 4,000, at $8@$8 25.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS—NEW-YORK, March 24.—The following is the Court of Appeals day Calendar for March 25: Nos. 2, 6, 5, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—March 24.—This Court has adjourned to the first Monday of April next.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part I.—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—Case on.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—Part II.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—778, Harris vs. The Equitable Life Insurance Company; 998, Moore vs. The Mayor, &c.; 380, Maguire vs. Fardy et al.; 1512, Power vs. Dimock; 514, Gray et al. vs. Gannon; 1278, Claflin et al. vs. Ball et al.; 240, Zeregan et al. vs. Morgan; 628½, Towie vs. De Witt; 682½, Christy et al. vs. Shultz; 2223, Spalding et al. vs. Lowry; 2226, Bloss vs. Chittenden, Administrator; 2227, Van Ness vs. Chittenden, Administrator; 1112, Bloom et al. vs. Bennett et al.; 886, Claflin et al. vs. Lenheim; 716, Huntington vs. Dinsmore; 886, Schonberg vs. Cheney; 928, Ritter vs. Bordy; 980, Brannigan vs. Fox; 1121, Hanratty vs. Muirange et al.; 1148, Maloney et al. vs. McMahon.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Fancher, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M., Calendar called at 12 M.—99, The People &c. Haneman vs. Green; 122, Adams vs. Lanigan et al.; 148, In the matter &c. of Hearn; 158, Revandeau vs. Le Locat; 169, In the matter &c. of Burnham; 170, In the matter of Williams; 176, Oswego Falls Brown-stone Quarry Company vs. Fitch; 201, Allen et al. vs. Crosby. Call 211, Hogan vs. Hogan.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Barbour, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—815, Shaffer vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 1955, Harnett vs. Garvey; 1937, Davy vs. Brennan, Sheriff, &c.; 1231, Travers vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 2411, Duncan vs. Berlin; 2029, Frisbie vs. Burr; 2061, Reisch vs. The Hamburg and American Packet Company; 2069, Biggs vs. Knapp; 1821, Newcomber vs. Hirsch; 2013, Gabrielson vs. The Hercules Mutual Life Insurance Company; 1275, Mierson vs. Hope; 2037, Mudgett vs. Cook; 2065, Dun vs. Lawson; 1853, Rothschild vs. Rothschild; 2069, Mills vs. Leech.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Sedgwick, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—1540, Carnes vs. Platz; 728, Beach vs. O'Brien, Sheriff, &c.; 1140, Roemmelt vs. Wolff; 314, Van Nostrand vs. The New-York Guaranty and Indemnity Company; 390, Hall vs. Baldwin; 1662, Deen vs. De Witt et al.; 2478, Mers vs. The Mayor, &c.; 2026, Rommertze vs. The East River National Bank; 1298, Levy vs. Jones; 1256, O'Brien, Sheriff, vs. The Merchants' Insurance Company; 1984, O'Brien, Sheriff, vs. Williamsburg City Fire Insurance Company; 1286, O'Brien, Sheriff, vs. The Commercial Insurance Company; 112, Schanck vs. Morris; 2420, Wilke vs. Wilson; 1486, Gilbert vs. The New-York and Charleston Steam-ship Company.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Larremore, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—512, Bell vs. Home Insurance Company; 1913, Graham vs. Fine; 1596, Hadden vs. Shapter; 1930, Brown vs. Smith; 1680, Schanck vs. Adriatic Fire Insurance Company; 1274, Devo vs. Copeland; 1936, Murphy vs. Smith; 1912, McGuire vs. Slattery; 1821, White vs. Farley; 1528, Coe vs. Cassidy; 1411, Patterson vs. Brennan, Sheriff; 1012, Merchant vs. Horgan; 1500, Adams vs. Sylvester; 3103, (preference,) McLean vs. The Mayor, &c.; 1806, Bauer et al. vs. Feyh et al.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Gross, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—1572, Delamater vs. Wagstaff; 1242, Herman vs. Hubner; 1608, Stratten vs. Davidson; 1634, Herman vs. Mendelson; 2192, Blum vs. Strassmer; 1364, The Willcox & Gibbs Sewing-machine Company vs. Silberstein; 1602, Woolley vs. Bradley; 826, Bellows vs. Hart; 1460, Guterez vs. Levy; 1490, Bereton vs. Allen; 1578, Stewart vs. Wilkinson; 1634, Herman vs. Mendelson; 1644, Keevey vs. Hamilton; 1678, Aaron vs. Brennan; 1491, Fischer vs. Gross.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—1422, Cummings vs. Weenhold; 1485, Young vs. Coyle; 1073, Ferris vs. Matthews; 1597, West vs. Silber; 1623, Fisk vs. The New-York Dyeing and Printing Establishment; 1605, Taylor vs. Schneider; 1563, Crosier vs. Gates; 1651, Portner vs. Elsbrek; 1749, Nixon vs. Briekredel; 1770, Schloerb vs. Wilkinson; 1777, Kaufman vs. Rogers; 1779, Shattuck vs. McGrath; 1781, Stewart vs. Brown; 1783, Horton vs. Sterling; 1785, Blackedge vs. Otard.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part III.—Held by Howland, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—1273½, Devine vs. Laimbeer; 1737, Hast vs. Lazak; 234, Holske vs. Greuelle.

THE COURT OF APPEALS.

The Court of Appeals opened a term (the first of the present court in this City) in the General Term room of the Supreme Court to-day. They have, on their present calendar, 174 cases, which will probably be disposed of in three weeks. The cases argued to-day were not of public importance.

The Cotton Exchange.

A meeting was held at the Cotton Exchange yesterday, to consider the question whether members should be allowed to remain upon the floor of the Exchange transacting business after 4 o'clock P. M., the time of closing. There seemed to be a very strong feeling against allowing such a privilege, and the Board of Managers were requested to prepare a by-law to put a stop to business transactions in the Exchange except between 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., the respective hours of opening and closing.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

AN ELDERLY AMERICAN LADY IS in want of a quiet, pleasant home, where she would be treated as one of the family where she could make herself useful, to wait on an invalid, be as a companion or to oversee a house, or to assist in plain sewing, making pastry; is trustworthy to fill any place of trust; is well connected; could give satisfaction at an interview; would be satisfied with a small compensation; the object is a home; no one need to answer this who does not keep a servant. Address M. M., Jersey City Post-office, three days.

ALL FAMILIES DESIROUS OF procuring good and reliable German, French, English, Irish, and American help, in any capacity, can be suited by calling at WALKER'S, No. 188 6th-av., over drug-store.

A LADY DESIRES TO FIND A SITUATION for her maid, a Frenchwoman, whom she can highly recommend, with a family going to Europe. Apply at No. 60 5th-av., between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH-AV., near 38th-st., formerly with Bedell, will be found a large number of very desirable servants of all nations, Protestant and Catholic; also, waiters.

AT MRS. LOWE'S LARGE AND SPA-cious rooms, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker-st., constantly found a number of German servants, highly recommended.

COMPANION.—A YOUNG LADY DESIRES a position as traveling companion to a lady; has received a finished education and moves in best society; best references given and required. Address Miss A. M. T., Box No. 145 Times Office.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS. and Cook, Washer and Ironer.—By two very nice girls; understand their work perfectly; would do all the work of a small family; both are good washers and ironers; five years' best City reference. Call at No. 621 6th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS. —By a neat, tidy girl, who understands her duties in every detail; is a good plain seamstress; is also very kind and affectionate to children; will make herself generally useful in any capacity; will be well recommended by last employer. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS and Nurse.—By two neat, tidy, respectable girls, in a private family; have the best of references; are willing and obliging, and understand their work thoroughly; no objection to a short distance in the country. Can be seen at No. 188 6th-av., over drug-store.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A LADY, for a woman whom she can recommend as chamber-maid and seamstress or to assist with children. Apply for two days at No. 145 Madison-av., between 10 and 12 o'clock.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A FIRST-CLASS chamber-maid and plain seamstress; would wait on a lady; willing and obliging; first-class City reference. Call at 6th-av. Fancy-store, between 20th and 21st sts.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE young woman as chamber-maid and waitress, or do chamber-work and take care of grown children, or assist in the washing; City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chamber-maid and waitress; is willing to assist with the washing; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 422 East 16th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECT-able young woman as chamber-maid and seamstress; best references and is capable of any work. Call at No. 248 West 35th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as chamber-maid and waitress, or would assist with children and chamber-work; good reference. Call at No. 659 10th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL as chamber-maid and waitress; is willing and obliging; eight years' City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 209 East 38th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A COM-petent French girl as chamber-maid, or would take care of children and sew. Call at No. 466 6th-av., in the store.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECT-able young woman as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family; has best City reference. Can be seen at No. 329 East 21st-st., first floor.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A REGULAR Welsh Protestant chamber-maid; has the best of City reference. Seen at No. 405 5th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL as chamber-maid and waitress; good City reference. Apply at No. 331 East 21st-st.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO respectable young girls, who wish to live together, one as cook, the other as laundress, or would go as chamber-maid, and fine washing; thoroughly understand their business; the best of City reference; no objections to City or country. Call for two days at No. 249 West 41st-st., two pairs of stairs, front room.

COOK—WAITRESS.—BY TWO RESPECT-able young women, Protestants; one as first-class cook; understands all kinds family baking and pastry; also, a first-class waitress; the best of City references; have no objections to go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 462 7th-av., corner of West 35th-st.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged woman, as good cook, and is a good baker; understands the care of milk and butter; no objection to City or country; has the best reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 96 9th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

COOK.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; understands clear and white soups, pastries, desserts, creams; excellent bread and biscuit baker; complimentary reference from last (City) place. Apply at Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., below 27th-st., up-stairs.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A native of Dublin, as cook in a respectable family; a permanent situation more the object than wages; has references from highly respectable families in New-York. Address M. F., No. 242 West 19th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

COOK.—A VERY COMPETENT YOUNG woman; is equal to the best kind of cooking, and wants plenty of it to do; City reference to one family of 2½ years, another of 1 year; wages, $20. Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., above 26th-st., up-stairs.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; understands all kinds of French and English cooking, boning, larding, &c.; is a good pastry cook; has unexceptional City references from last place. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY a young woman; is an excellent family cook in every respect; makes and bakes very superior bread, biscuit, corn bread, &c.; will give best recommendations from last City employer. Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK—WITHOUT WASHING.—BY A COM-petent young woman; is a perfect meat, pastry, game, and fish cook; understands the making and serving of the finest soups; will give two years' recommendations from last employer. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK AND COARSE WASHING AND Ironing.—Age forty; wages $18; understands the proper cooking of meats, game, fowls, soup, and vegetables; a good bread, biscuit, and pie baker; City references; lady can be seen. Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., up-stairs.

EMPLOYERS
Can always be PROMPTLY SUITED with
DOMESTIC HELP
OF ALL NATIONALITIES AT
ODELL'S,
No. 109 West 34th-st., Near Broadway.
ESTABLISHED 1852.

COOK.—TO ASSIST IN THE WASHING AND ironing in a small family; is a thorough family cook, a good bread, biscuit, pie, and cake baker; has excellent City references; wages $16. Aubrey's Select Family Office. No. 437 6th-av. up-stairs.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A private family; would assist with the washing, if required; seven years' City references from her last place. Call at No. 141 West 28th-st., second floor, front room.

COOK, WASH, AND IRON.—BY A VERY willing girl, to cook, wash, and iron, or do general house-work in a small family; three years' reference; no objection to the country. Apply to No. 260 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

COOK, WASH AND IRON.—BY A VERY willing Protestant girl a situation to cook, wash and iron, or do general house-work in a small family; good reference; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 260 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH Protestant woman as first-class cook; understands both French and English cooking, boning, larding, &c.; has good City references. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th-av.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN. VERY respectable and first class; an excellent cook; meats, game, soups of all kind, pastry, creams, jellies, side dishes; good baker; best City testimonials. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT German cook; understands American and French cooking; soups, meats, boning, larding; is an excellent baker and dessert maker. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av., first floor.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS English cook, to assist in washing and ironing. Can be seen till suited at No. 189 West 50th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH cook; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; best references. Apply at No. 54 University-place.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT GIRL AS GOOD plain cook; will assist with washing; three years' reference from last employer. Call for two days at No. 145 East 22d-st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL; is an excellent cook, washer and ironer; can give best City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 414 East 16th-st., second floor front, room No. 7.

COOK.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED SCOTCH woman as cook and to assist in washing and ironing; is a good baker; kind and obliging. Call at No. 258 9th-av., between 25th and 26th sts., rear.

COOK.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as good cook and baker; will assist with washing; good reference. Call at No. 210 West 27th-st., second floor front.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS SWEDISH cook, where a kitchen-maid is kept; references the very best. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., the French Office.

COOK, &c.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS COOK, washer, and ironer in a private family, or would do chamber-work and fine washing and ironing; best City reference. Call at 212 East 29th-st., near 3d-av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook; is an excellent baker; best reference from last place; a Protestant family preferred. Call at No. 115 West 15th-st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, lately arrived from England, as first-class cook. Address for two days B. D., No. 11 Washington st.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WHERE she can have a kitchen-maid; has good references. Can be seen at No. 404 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY-COOK; country preferred; best of references. Call or address No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

COOK.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT COOK, and several general servants; no objection to the country. Call at No. 106 6th-av., blue store.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A THOROUGH ladies' and children's dress and cloak maker, a few more customers at home; can furnish the very best recommendations; terms reasonable. Address Madame, Box No. 180 Up-town *Times* office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS dress-maker and seamstress; engagements by the day in private families; expert operator; has her own machine. Call or address Rose McGirr, No. 500 West 38th-st.

DRESS-MAKER.—A COMPETENT dress-maker wishes to engage by the day or week; fits and trims in the latest style; City reference. Call at No. 365 6th-av.

DRESS-MAKER.—A FIRST-CLASS DRESS-maker wants a few more customers; understands fitting, cutting, trimming and all kinds of styles. Can be seen for two days at 695 6th-av., near 40th-st.

DRESS-MAKER.—A COMPETENT dress-maker wishes a few more engagements by the day. Call at No. 122 West 20th-st.; ring fifth bell.

GET YOUR FIRST-CLASS COLORED cooks, laundresses, chamber-maids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, &c., at SIMMS' Select Agency, No. 543 6th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL PO-sitions, capable and trustworthy, constantly found at No. 303 Bowery, entrance on 1st-st.
M. HOFFMAN.

HAIR-DRESSER.—BY A NORTH GER-man Protestant, who thoroughly understands hair-dressing and dress-making; would like to travel with one or two ladies, and wait on them; City references. Call at No. 488 4th-av.

HAIR-DRESSER.—BY A YOUNG COL-ored woman, who wishes the patronage of ladies waited on at their residence; permanent, $2 50 per week; ladies' and gents' hair ruled and shampooed. Call at No. 128 West 30th-st., second floor.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A WIDOW AS HOUSE-keeper or companion; would also give instruction on the piano-forte. Call on or address Mrs. C. O., No. 8 Franklin Terrace, West 26th-st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A VERY RESPECT-able young woman, who is a good plain cook, excellent washer and ironer; is willing to be generally useful in a family; makes and bakes excellent bread and biscuit; also, plain pastry; will give best City references from last employer (in City.) Call at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT AND TIDY German girl, a situation in a private family; has good references; is willing and obliging; no objection to a short distance in the country; is a good bread baker. Can be seen at No. 188 6th-av., over drug-store.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GERMAN GIRL in a small American family, to do general house-work. Apply at 341 1st-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

LADIES—YOU WILL FIND THE BEST servants, of every nation, at No. 127 Norfolk-st., at M. HILD'S.

LADY'S MAID.—SPEAKING PURE PA-risian French, and very little English; thorough dress-maker and milliner; brought by one of our patrons from Paris, and recommended by her; young and neat looking; wages, $20. Call at Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., up stairs.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A YOUNG PROTEST-ant woman as lady's maid and seamstress; is a very good embroiderer; or to wait on a young lady. Call or address No. 35 East 13th-st., rear, near Broadway.

LADY'S MAID.—A FAMILY GOING TO Europe and wanting a competent Swiss lady's maid, can find one by applying at her employer's, No. 28 West 31st-st.

LADY'S MAID, NURSE, &c.—BY TWO German girls, one as maid, the other as misses' or grown children's maid; both have good references. Call at No. 405 5th-av., the French Office.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A VERY EXCELLENT French maid; cuts, fits, and makes dresses, and does hair well; has good references. Seen at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A FRENCH MAID, TO go to Europe; has the best of reference for everything; seen at present employer's. Call at No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

LAUNDRESS.—FIRST-CLASS PROFESSED laundress; can puff and polish, box-plait and flute equal to the French work; unexceptionable City references; wages $25. Leave your orders at Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., up-stairs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as laundress in a private family; understands French fluting, doing up fine muslins, laces, &c.; has good City references. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—FOR THE COUNTRY, BY a very respectable woman and excellent laundress; can do French fluting, box plaiting, and all kinds of ladies' and gents' fine work; very best testimonials. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman as first-class laundress; understands lady's fineries and fluting; is willing and obliging; will go to the country with a family; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

LAUNDRESS.—BY AN EXPERIENCED laundress, washing to do at home, or would go out by the day. Call at No. 324 East 33d-st., one flight up, back room.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUN-dress; understands how to take general charge; does fine washing equal to a French woman. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROT-estant laundress; City or country; unexceptionable City references. Call at No. 208 West 33d-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A GOOD LAUNDRESS in a private family; best City reference. Call at No. 422 7th-av., near 34th-st., third floor, front.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE person as laundress in a private family; best City reference. Call at No. 329 East 21st-st., first floor.

NURSE.—ENGLISH PROTESTANT IN-fant's nurse; assumes full charge of a child from its birth, night and day; takes entire care of its wardrobe; is an excellent plain sewer by hand; very neat and tidy; age about thirty. wages $18; best City references. Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., up-stairs.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as thorough infant's nurse; is capable of taking sole charge, and of bringing it up by the bottle; excellent City reference given; no objection to the country. Call at No. 119 West 30th-st., in the candy-store.

NURSE OR MAID.—BY A WOMAN WISH-ing to return to England at once, either as nurse or maid, where her passage would be paid in consideration of her services; is willing and able to be useful, as she is never sea-sick. Call or address No. 54 West 36th-st.

NURSE MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT WO-man, a situation to take care of grown children, or to sew and wait on a lady in a family going to Europe. Can be seen at her present employer's for one week, by inquiring at Mrs. Sanders' office, 490 3d-av.

NURSE AND CHAMBER-MAID.—BY a very competent woman, as child's nurse; will assist in the chamber-work; no objection to the country; good reference. Apply at No. 260 6th-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

NURSE.—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE TO take care of two infants; French or German preferred; also, a seamstress, who operates on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine, and will assist with children. Apply at No. 208 5th-av., between 2 and 4 P. M.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, AS competent nurse and seamstress; can take charge of a baby or see to a grown child, or wait on a lady; City or country. Call for two days at No. 121 West 17th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

NURSE.—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, TO take care of an invalid lady or a grown child; wishes to go home at night; best of City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

NURSE.—BY A GOOD MIDDLE-AGED nurse; has good references; can bring up a child on the bottle. Call or address No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

NURSE.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PROTEST-ant woman as nurse; fully understands the care of an infant to bring it up on the bottle; City reference. Call at No. 780 6th av.

NURSE OR LADY'S MAID.—A YOUNG Swedish woman, speaking English, wishes to go to England as nurse or lady's maid; wages no object. Inquire at No. 4 South-st., in store.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT GIRL, between fourteen and fifteen years old, to take care of children and to do light house-work in a small family. Call for two days at No. 418 West 32d-st.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE and seamstress; is a good operator on machine; first-class reference. Call at No. 6 West 44th-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as seamstress and dress-maker; understands all kinds of family sewing; is a thorough operator on several machines; can do millinery; no objection to the country; has six years' City reference. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

SEAMSTRESS AND LADY'S MAID. —By an English woman; is a beautiful dress and cloak maker; can dress hair; would do light chamber-work or mind growing children; City or country; has the best of testimonials. Call at No. 621 6th-av., first floor.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY THE DAY. A FEW engagements as seamstress by a respectable young woman; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson and Singer's machines. Address M. H., Times Uptown Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

SEAMSTRESS.—A PERMANENT PLACE wanted by a first-class seamstress; is a good dress-maker; can cut and fit, also operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; City references. Call at No. 141 West 28th-st., second floor, front room.

SEAMSTRESS OR CHAMBER-MAID, and seamstress or nurse, by a very respectable young woman and excellent seamstress; can cut and fit, operate, dress-make, &c.; experienced nurse; country or City; best testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as seamstress, and wait on a lady; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 445 7th-av., between 34th and 35th sts.

SEAMSTRESS—NURSE.—BY TWO SWED-ish girls, one as seamstress and chamber-maid, the other as nurse and seamstress. Call at No. 348 West 18th-st., second floor, front room.

WAITRESS.—A THOROUGHLY COMPE-tent young woman, with good City references, (investigated this week;) understands her business perfectly; wages, $18. At Aubrey's Select Family Office, No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., up-stairs.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class waitress; understands her business in all its branches; no objection to a short way in the country; best City references. Call or address at 225 West 22d-st., third floor, back room.

WAITRESS, OR CHAMBER-MAID AND Waitress.—By a German young woman, or will make herself useful; very respectable; good waitress and chamber-maid; good testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE girl as competent waitress in a private family; understands her business thoroughly; can be highly recommended from last employer's. Call at No. 208 West 41st-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT WAIT-ress; willing and obliging; first-class City references. Call at Fourth-avenue Fancy Store, between 20th and 21st sts.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS waitress or chamber-maid. Can be seen for two days at last employer's, No. 232 East 15th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WAITRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young Protestant woman as first-class waitress; thoroughly competent, and well recommended. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th-av.

WET-NURSES, AND MALE AND FE-male nurses, experienced and reliable, are constantly to be obtained at Hansen's Nurse Agency, No. 204 6th-st., near Bowery.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN solicits families' or gentlemen's washing by month or dozen; terms moderate; first-class; reference. Call at No. 594 2d-av., near 33d-st.

WASHING DONE FOR FAMILIES ON reasonable terms. Apply to Mrs. Lamax, No. 105 West 40th-st., Room No. 10.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

ALL WHO ARE IN WANT OF COPY-ists, mechanics, laborers, porters, office boys, or any kind of male labor, are requested to apply to W. B. Churchill, at No. 134 Bowery, between Grand and Broome sts., personally or by letter; no charge to employer or employe; office hours from 10 A. M. to 12 M., and 1½ to 5½ P. M. daily, Saturdays and Sundays excepted. Rev. JOHN DOOLY, General Secretary of the Bowery Branch of the Y. M. C. A.

BUTLER.—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY BY an Englishman; thoroughly competent; undeniable City references. Apply or address J. A., No. 54 West 11th-st.

BUTLER.—BY AN ENGLISH BUTLER; has best of City references. Call or address No. 405 5th-av., French Office.

COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES to procure a situation for his coachman; reliable, trustworthy, single man; thoroughly understands driving and the proper care of horses, carriages, and harness; also, vegetable gardening; can milk; willing and obliging. Address SMITH, Box 215 Times Office.

COACHMAN OR COACHMAN AND Plain Gardener.—By a respectable married man; thoroughly understands the care of horses, harness, and carriages, and is a careful driver; will be found sober, honest and obliging; has six years' best City reference from last place. Address F. D., Box No. 285 *Times* Office, two days.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A young Englishman, single; willing to make himself useful about the place; understands the care of horses and carriages properly; seven years' references from England as to honesty and strictly sober habits, and a careful driver. Address A. B., No. 3 Whitehall-st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A young man; Protestant; is a good, careful driver; understands the care of horses, and can milk; will make himself useful to any gentleman that wishes his services; has good references. Address for two days A. B., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man; has good reference; understands the care and management of horses and carriages; is willing to go to the country; is willing and obliging. Address J. M., Box No. 64 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A THOROUGHLY COM-petent young married man, Protestant; thoroughly understands his business; is a good groom, and careful City driver; first-class references; disengaged 1st of April. Call or address E. H., No. 138 West 50th-st., private stable.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT coachman of good address, a situation as first-class coachman; is a stylish driver; can be highly recommended by first-class families in this City. Address William, No. 54½ West 32d-st., *Times* Branch Office.

COACHMAN AND PLAIN GARDENER.— By a very respectable German young man; is a first-rate coachman and groom; also, good plain gardener; is willing and obliging; best recommendations. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY AN EXPERIENCED married man, with a small family, who can furnish the most undoubted reference as to the above capacity. Apply or address F. D., No. 107 Wall-st., late employer's office, where both parties can be seen.

COACHMAN.—BY A GENTLEMAN FOR his coachman, who is a trustworthy, honest, sober, and industrious young man; understands his business thoroughly; this is a chance to get a good man. Call or address C., No. 4 West 36th-st.

COACHMAN BY A SINGLE MAN IN A private family; understands the care of harness and carriages and the proper treatment of horses, having undoubted city references; no objection to the country. Address J. M., Box 239, *Times* Office.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A respectable man; is willing to be generally useful about a gentleman's place; no objection to the country; has good reference. Address M. C., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN—COOK.—BY A MAN AND his wife; the man is thoroughly competent; wife, a good plain cook; both will be found to be honest, sober and obliging; can give first-class reference. Address R. D., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN, MAR-ried, with no incumbrance, as coachman and groom; perfectly sober; first-class City reference. Call or address M. C., Mr. Madden's harness-store, No. 713 6th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACH-man; can show eight years' recommendation from his last place. Address for four days C., Box No. 77 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A THOROUGHLY COM-petent man, Protestant, married; no family; can furnish good City reference. Call or address L., No. 149 West 29th-st., private stable.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN; IS competent; can be well recommended; City or country; disengaged April 1. Call on present employer, N. Dole, No. 88 Broadway.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN; can drive four in hand, or tandem; is an excellent groom; has the best reference in the City. Address J. B., at private stable No. 3 East 28th-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man, single; can be well recommended by his last employer. Call or address J. P., 20 East 39th-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE MAN; HAS first-class reference from present and former employers. Call or address No. 24 East 40th-st.

FARMER, EXPERIENCED.—BY AN AMER-ican man, married, aged twenty-six years; with cottage or rooms to live in; understands all branches, plowing, sowing, reaping, mowing, keeping machines in order, fencing, &c., and breeding of stock and horses. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

FARMER.—BY A YOUNG MAN, TO WORK on a farm. Address S. K., No. 68 Broadway, for two days.

GARDENER AND FARMER, OR GAR-dener and Coachman.—By a respectable married man, aged thirty-five, with small family; thoroughly understands farming, gardening, caring and driving of horses, &c.; is competent to take full charge of a gentleman's place, if required; best recommendations. Can be seen at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

GARDENER.—BY A GERMAN; HAS A practical knowledge of all gardening operations; has fifteen years' experience in this country in gardening, growing of grapes under glass and out-doors; vegetables, &c.; is qualified to take charge of a first-class gentleman's place. For reference apply to No. 165 Madison-av.

GARDENER.—FOR SIX OR EIGHT months, as first-class fruit and vegetable gardener, with a good knowledge of laying out grounds on a gentleman's place; good reference; is not afraid of hard work. Address, for four days, J. M., Manhattan Gas Works, 14th-st., East River.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED MAN. NO children; has a first-class knowledge of hot and cold graperies, green-house plants, fruit, and vegetables in general; first-class reference. Address M. M., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE MAN AS plain gardener; can take care of horse, milk; do anything to make himself useful; has good reference. Address W. L., Box No. 237 *Times* Office, for two days.

GARDENER.—BY A MARRIED MAN, thoroughly practical in all departments; greenhouse, grape-growing; all kinds of work out-doors; would take charge of the farm if required. Address F. L., in the florist store, No. 878 Broadway.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE MAN; eighteen years' experience; is sober, industrious, and reliable; can take full charge; understands the care of horses and carriages; good reference. Address J. B., Box No. 241 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE MAN, CA-pable of taking care of a gentleman's place, greenhouses, hot and cold graperies, fruits, flowers, and vegetable gardening, &c. Address M. D., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

GARDENER.—BY A GERMAN; HAS knowledge in the different branches of his business; has references; single; no milker. Address Gardener, care of A. Thomson, No. 243 Grand-st.

GARDENER.—BY A PRACTICAL MAN OF long experience in green-houses, graperies and improvement on a gentleman's place. Address L. L., No. 876 Broadway.

GARDENER.—BY A SCOTCH MARRIED man as gardener; understands the business in all its branches; references unexceptionable. Address A. L. C., No. 35 Cortlandt-st., seed-store.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE GERMAN; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has first-class references. Call or address G. M., in seed-store, No. 67 Nassau-st.

GARDENER.—BY A GERMAN, MARRIED, one child; has a complete knowledge of all gardening operations; one year in this country. Address C. H., seed-store, No. 35 Cortlandt-st.

MAN AND WIFE.—THE MAN AS FARM-er, or would take a place as coachman; the wife as cook; best of reference. Address J., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

PORTER, &c.—REV. D. M. McCAFFREY is anxious to procure a situation for a sober and trustworthy Protestant young man as porter or salesman. Address CLERGYMAN, No. 321 East 53d-st.

USEFUL MAN—COOK.—BY A GERMAN man and wife, (Protestants,) no children, employment in City or country at anything; the man understands the care of horses, gardening, &c.; the woman is a good plain cook and laundress. Inquire at No. 287 Bowery.

WAITER.—BY A SWEDISH YOUNG MAN; highly respectable, and City recommended; writes and speaks the Swedish, French, German, Danish, and English languages fluently; excellent waiter or valet; understands the care of silver, getting up salads, all in the best manner. Apply at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COLORED waiter; is fully competent to take entire charge of a dining-room; City or country; excellent reference. Call or address G. R., No. 138 West 30th-st., one flight up.

WAITER.—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN as a very superior waiter; is neat and systematic; understanding his business perfectly; has best City reference from present employer. Inquire of A. Pelton & Co., No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

WAITER.—IN A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, by an Englishman; has the best City references; disengaged on the 1st of April; no objection to the country. Address L. M., Box No. 49 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROT-estant waiter in a private family; City or country; is thoroughly efficient, and has references which will bear strict investigation. Address M. J., Box No. 28 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A YOUNG MAN AS WAITER in a private family, or valet to a single gentleman; excellent reference. Address M. G., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT young man, in a private family; is a first-class waiter; no objection to the country. Address William, Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

FINANCIAL.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS.

CHICAGO AND CANADA
SOUTHERN.

$5,000,000

7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

COUPON AND REGISTERED. INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD, APRIL AND OCTOBER.

THE CANADA SOUTHERN, or eastern end of this line, whose Bonds were so rapidly sold last Summer,

Is Now Finished,

and will be opened for business, in connection with the TOLEDO AND WABASH and other Western Roads, at a very early day. The CHICAGO AND CANADA SOUTHERN, or western end of this line, is now being rapidly built, and the Company expect it to be finished during the present year.

THIS GREAT TRUNK LINE, when completed through, will be of immense advantage to the shipping interests of the Great West, being *Level*, *Straight* and thirty-three miles Shorter than any other route. Having connections with all the lines running into Buffalo at the East and Chicago at the West, and under the management of some of the most experienced railroad operators of the country, its success is rendered a certainty, and its Bonds must be a safe and profitable investment. It makes the shortest and best connections going West, both at Toledo and Detroit, and is the only Seven per Cent. Gold Bond on any through Trunk line now offered.

Pamphlets and all information furnished by

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 27 PINE-ST.
LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER
BANKERS, NO. 10 WALL-ST.

LAKE SHORE AND
MICHIGAN SOUTHERN
RAILWAY COMPANY
NEW SINKING FUND BONDS,
COUPON AND REGISTERED.
$6,000,000,

Bonds due Oct. 1, 1882, with Interest at Seven per Cent., payable semi-annually, April and October, at the office of the Union Trust Co. of New-York.

$600,000, or Ten Per Cent. of the Loan, to be retired annually by the Sinking Fund.

Coupon Bonds of……………………$1,000 each.
Registered Bonds of $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000 each.
Price, 94 and Accrued Interest.

ROBINSON, CHASE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 18 BROAD-ST.

The Springfield and Illinois
South-Eastern Railway.
7 PER CENT. GOLD
FIRST MORTGAGE BOND.
Only $15,000 Per Mile.
ROAD COMPLETED.

Having a traffic guarantee by which it is estimated that from one to two hundred thousand dollars of these Bonds will be redeemed annually by lot at par, thus giving the fortunate holder TWENTY per Cent. profit upon the investment. For further particulars apply to

JONES & SCHUYLER,
No. 12 Pine-st.

Portland & Ogdensburg Rail Road
VERMONT DIVISION.

The shortest Trunk Line from the Lakes to the Atlantic. More than half the line in successful operation, and the balance rapidly approaching completion. The First Mortgage Gold Bonds of this Road we recommend as combining PROFIT WITH ABSOLUTE SAFETY. For sale or exchange for marketable securities.

E. & T. FAIRBANKS & CO.,
St. Johnsbury, Vt.
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
No. 311 Broadway, New-York.
FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
No. 118 Milk-st., Boston.

WALKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
NO. 14 WALL-ST., N. Y.
ANDREWS & CO.,
NO. 10 PLACE VENDOME, PARIS.
Travelers' Credits
issued, both in STERLING, on
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
AND IN FRANCS, ON PARIS.
UNDER THE SAME LETTER.
CIRCULAR NOTES
of £10, £20, and £50 on the
UNION BANK, OF LONDON.
COMMERCIAL CREDITS: EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

Stocks, Bonds, and Gold bought and sold on commission. Railway Loans negotiated.

FIRST MORTGAGE 8 PER CENT. BONDS.
OF THE
MILWAUKEE AND NORTHERN RAILWAY,
COUPON AND REGISTERED; INTEREST JUNE AND DECEMBER.

We offer these bonds for sale at 90, and accrued interest, believing them to be a secure, as well as a profitable investment. Full particulars furnished on application.

VERMILYE & CO.,
Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st.
GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
No. 66 Exchange-place.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 74 BROADWAY.

Letters of Credit for travelers, and Bills of Exchange issued on all the principal cities of Europe. Correspondents:

CITY BANK OF LONDON,
AND WEINER WECHSLER BANK, VIENNA.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 59 LIBERTY-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 13, 1873.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD PREFERRED FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot twenty-nine bonds, numbered as follows: 186, 286, 76, 210, 29, 216, 160, 205, 453, 64, 332, 92, 508, 415, 321, 138, 502, 433, 91, 10, 511, 559, 300, 54, 201, 46, 447, 509, 170, of $1,000 each, for redemption. According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1873. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.
L. H. MEYER, No. 21 Nassau-st.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1873.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIR-teen directors of the Panama Railroad Co. will be held at the office of the company, Nos. 59 and 61 Wall-st., on Monday, the 7th day of April next. The polls will open at 12 M. and close at 2 P. M. Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 20th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 8th day of April.

JOHN KEELER, Secretary.

INSURANCE SCRIP.—ATLANTIC, COM-MERCIAL, AND UNION SCRIP, wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

INDIANAPOLIS,
BLOOMINGTON AND WESTERN
Railway
7 PER CENT. CONVERTIBLE
GOLD BONDS,
SECURED BY A
1st Mortgage on its Extension.

The line of this Road, including the Extension, is 430 miles, and IS COMPLETED, except the short distance of eighty-five miles between Havana, on the Illinois River, and the Mississippi.

A part of the line, (202½ miles,) from Indianapolis to Pekin, has been in successful operation over two years, and is recognized as one of the most important roads coming into the City of Indianapolis. Its net earnings are more than sufficient to pay interest on ALL Bonds issued by the Company, and its receipts for 1872 were more than $395,000 greater than in the previous year.

These Bonds possess unusual strength, and we recommend them for the following reasons:

1. The Road is already earning more than operating expenses and interest.

2. The unfinished portion of the line will be completed within a few months, and the entire road has an immense business immediately tributary to it. EARNINGS FOR LAST THREE MONTHS OF 1872 WERE AT THE RATE OF $7,297 PER MILE per annum, and must reach $10,000 per mile within two years, and continue progressive.

3. The effect of such revenue upon the market value of the capital stock of the Road, as well as upon its convertible bonds, is obvious.

4. The SECURITY IS COMPLETE.

5. The management of the Road is acknowledged to be SUPERIOR, and there can be no possibility of any default in interest payments.

The Bonds are SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD, $1,000 each, convertible at option of the holder, and may be registered without charge. Price 90 and accrued interest in currency. Coupons, January and July 1, free of tax.

ALL NEGOTIABLE SECURITIES RECEIVED IN EXCHANGE AT BEST MARKET RATES.

Further information furnished on application.

TURNER BROS.,
Bankers, No. 14 Nassau-st.

The Indiana and Illinois
Central Railway Co.

Offers for sale its FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, 30 years to run, with ample Sinking Fund.

The Road runs due EAST and WEST from INDIANAPOLIS to DECATUR, 152 miles, through the richest settled country of the West. It crosses the BLOCK COAL FIELD of Indiana at its best point, and it cannot fail to have a LARGE LOCAL AND THROUGH BUSINESS, as it makes a great saving of distance and has low grades.

It is building for cash, by responsible stockholders, and is BONDED FOR MUCH LESS THAN ITS COST. Eighty-five miles will be done and in profitable operation this Spring, the residue within the year. There is no better bond on the market. For pamphlets and information apply to

WALKER, ANDREWS & CO.
NO. 14 WALL-ST.

MIDLAND
7% Guaranteed
(FIRST MORTGAGE)
Gold Bonds
Completed Road,
Issued on the Montclair Railway, and Guaranteed by New-York Midland.

The MONTCLAIR is the DIRECT and SHORT LINE OF THE MIDLAND through New-Jersey, over which the vast accumulated business of the New-York Midland will pass. Its bonds are issued on the basis of about half cost. It is a home road, running DIRECT FROM THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, assured of a large business and a fine future. It is completed and running regular trains.

Allen, Stephens & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 25 PINE-ST.

NEW-YORK
Loan and Indemnity Co.,
No. 229 Broadway, corner Barclay-st.
CAPITAL, $1,000,000.

Transact a GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Receive DEPOSITS subject to CHECK AT SIGHT, paying INTEREST on DAILY BALANCES.
Checks on this Company pass through Clearing-house.
Receive TRUSTS and FINANCIAL AGENCIES, keep transfer-books, register STOCKS, and act as TRUSTEES for RAILROADS, and other corporations and for individuals.

DIRECTORS.
H. H. VAN DYCK, President.
ANDREW McKINNEY, First Vice-President,
T. W. PARK, Second Vice-President,
PROSPER P. SHAW, Third Vice-President,

William B. Ogden,	G. M. Van Nort,
Charles Stanton,	Alexander E. Orr,
John H. Cheever,	Aaron Claflin,
Abel Denison,	George H. Brown,
George H. Bissell,	Christopher Meyer,
William H. Breeden,	G. P. Lowrey,
John Q. Hoyt,	William H. Foster.
William Foster, Jr.,	

JOHN T. BANKER, Secretary.

Geo. Opdyke & Co.,
BANKERS.
No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, BANKERS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS AND INDIVIDUALS SOLICITED.

DEPOSITORS ENJOY THE SAME ADVANTAGES AS WITH INCORPORATED BANKS—FOUR PER CENT. ON DAILY BALANCES, CREDITED MONTHLY.

COLLECTIONS MADE AT LOWEST RATES.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES A SPECIALTY.

BANK OF THE METROPOLIS,
NO. 31 UNION-SQUARE,
north-west corner of 16th-st., New-York City,
CAPITAL……………………………$500,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
ROBERT SCHELL.
GEORGE M. GROVES, late Groves, Northrup & Taylor.
ELISHA BROOKS, of Brooks Brothers.
WILLIAM H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President New-York Central and Hudson River and Harlem Railroad Companies.
AUGUSTUS SCHELL, New-York.
CHARLES L. TIFFANY, of Tiffany & Co.
ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD, of Strong & Shepard.
WILLIAM STEINWAY, of Steinway & Son.
OSWALD OTTENDORFER, Editor New-York *Staats Zeitung*.
JOSEPH PARK, JR., of Park & Tilford.
RICHARD ARNOLD, of Arnold, Constable & Co.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.
ROBERT SCHELL, President.
GEO. M. GROVES, Vice-President.
THEODORE ROGERS, Cashier.

Money to Loan.

Trust funds, $115,000, to loan on bond and mortgage on improved City property, in one sum, or will be divided. Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
CHICAGO, ILL., March 19, 1873.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The stockholders and voting bondholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said company for the election of three directors, to serve three years, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented, will be held at the office of the company in Chicago, Ill., on MONDAY, the 7th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books will be closed on the 24th inst. and re-opened for transfers on the 8th day of April next.

W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the holders of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Brooklyn Trust Company, No. 44 Court-st., Brooklyn, on WEDNESDAY, March 26, 1873, at 3 P. M.

M. T. RODMAN, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD
OF
LONG ISLAND
SEVEN PER CENT.
First Mortgage Bonds,
DUE 1899. FOR SALE BY
WILLIAM AND JOHN O'BRIEN,
No 58 Wall-st.

VERMILYE
& CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD,
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

ILLINOIS REGISTERED BONDS.

We offer for sale $400,000 PAR VALUE ILLINOIS EIGHT PER CENT. REGISTERED BONDS in lots to suit purchasers.

These securities are FIRST-CLASS in every particular.

Details furnished on application.

WINSLOW & WILSON,
70 William-st., N. Y.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 8, 1873.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis Railway Company, held at the office of the Company, in Cleveland, on the 5th day of March, 1873, it was ordered that a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company be called for the purpose of approving or not, as shall seem to them proper, a lease of the said railway, its branches and leased lines, to the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company, then to be submitted to said stockholders for their action; and also for the purpose of acting upon a proposal to authorize the directors of said Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis Railway to issue not exceeding five millions increased capital stock of said Company for purposes authorized by law.

In accordance with the said resolutions, notice is hereby given that a meeting of said stockholders has been called for the purpose aforesaid, and will be held at the general office of said Company, in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on the 16th day of April next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and that the stock transfer-books will be closed on the 5th day of April, and remain closed until the 17th day of April next.

H. B. HURLBUT, President.
GEO. H. RUSSELL, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

DIVIDENDS.

THE COUPONS OF THE CHICAGO, DANVILLE and Vincennes Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds, due April 1, 1873, will be paid, in gold, on and after that date, at the office of the Company, No. 38 Pine-st., New-York.

AMOS TENNY, Treasurer.

NOTICE.
TREASURER'S OFFICE, ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY, March 18, 1873.

The interest due April 1 next on the Fourth Mortgage Bonds New-York and Erie Railway will be paid at the office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., No. 11 Nassau-st.

W. T. SHEARMAN, Treasurer.

NO. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK,
March 20, 1873.

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA RAIL-road First MORTGAGE BONDS.—The Coupons from said Bonds, maturing on the 1st April, 1873, will be paid at our office on and after that date.

Schedules will be furnished on application.

Lists of more than twenty Coupons must be left one day for examination.

DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

NO. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, March 21, 1873.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAIL-road Consolidated Mortgage Bonds.—Coupons from the above bonds, due April 1, will be paid upon presentation at our office on and after that date.

DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE interest on the bonds and stocks of the City and County of New-York, due May 1, 1873, will be paid on that day, by the Chamberlain, at his Office in the new Court-house. The transfer books will be closed from March 24 to May 1, 1873.

ANDREW H. GREEN, Controller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 17, 1873.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAIL-ROAD COMPANY.—The quarterly dividend of One and a Quarter Per Cent. on the capital stock of the Pacific Railroad (of Missouri) will be paid at the offices of this company, in St. Louis, Mo., and at No. 287 Broadway, New-York, April 15, 1873, to stockholders of record of April 1, 1873.

A. V. STOUT, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1873.

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.— Coupons due Jan. 1, 1873, off the old bonds and consols, and interest on registered stock payable April 1, 1873, collected by JOHN B. MANNING, No. 5 New-st.

THE INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON, AND WESTERN RAILWAY First Mortgage Coupons, due April 1, will be paid on and after that date, at the banking-house of Turner Brothers, No. 14 Nassau-st.

B. E. SMITH, President.

THE DANVILLE, URBANA, BLOOMINGTON AND PEKIN Coupons, due April 1, will be paid on and after that date, at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

B. E. SMITH, President.

SAVINGS BANKS.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
ASSETS……………………………$8,406,986 00

Present rate of Interest, Six per cent.

Money deposited now will bear interest from April 1.

Interest computed from the 1st of each month, and is paid or credited on balance on hand on the last days of June and December of each year.

Bank, No. 58 Bowery, south-west corner of Canal-st.

Banking hours every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Bank-books in English, German, and French.

E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

GERMAN UP-TOWN SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 906 and 908 3d-av.,
corner of 55th st.

MONEY DEPOSITED NOW will draw interest from the 1st of APRIL, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per ANNUM, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and SATURDAYS also, from 6 to 8 in the evening.

CHRISTIAN SCHWARTZ, President.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK.

Deposits made now or on or before April 1 will receive interest from that date.

HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.
C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight.

Six per cent. interest paid. Money deposited now will bear interest from April 1. Assets, Ten Millions nine hundred and eighty-seven thousand dollars. Books in English, French, and German.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York,
Opposite Cooper Institute.
DEPOSITS MADE NOW draw interest from April 1. Interest payable in July.
ASSETS JAN. 1, 1873, $7,244,878 66.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

DEPOSIT TO-DAY in the SAVINGS BANK
Chartered by the United States.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR, No. 185 Bleecker st.
ASSETS OVER $4,000,000.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK.—CASH paid for deposit books.
C. S. VANDERHOOF, No. 194 Broadway.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A DRESS-MAKER, IN A FIRST-class store in a Southern City; must be a good fitter and stylish trimmer. Address Dress-maker, Post-office Box No. 1,306.

WANTED—A COOK; ALSO, A CHAMBER-maid; each must thoroughly understand her business, and be able to give good City references; none but Protestants need apply. No. 5 West 23d-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE TO take care of growing children a short distance in the country. Apply from 9 to 12 at No. 507 5th-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS GORDON pressman; none others need apply. WYNKOOP & HALLENBECK, No. 113 Fulton-st.

TAILORESS—WANTED ON COATS; ONE that can operate. Call at No. 65 Oliver-st., first floor, rear.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL, TO COOK, wash, and iron; good City reference required. Call at No. 106 West 44th-st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITER; also, a cook. Apply at No. 37 St. Mark's-place, corner 2d-av., after 10 o'clock.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MARCH 25, 1873.

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—MARTHA, (Italian Opera)—Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, Signor Verati, M. Jamet.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—NEW-YEAR'S EVE—Mr. W. Davidge, Mr. C'arke, Miss Clara Morris.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—DAVID GARRICK—Mr. E. Sothern, Mme. Ponisi, Miss Katherine Rogers.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. C. W. Ravel, Miss Fanny Beane.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—COUSIN JACK—Mr. D. H. Harkins, Miss Emily Mestayer, Miss J. Lee.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—DADDY O'DOWD. Mr. Dion Boucicault, Miss Bella Pateman.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—UNCLE SAM. Mr. John Brougham, Mrs. John Wood.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—LEO AND LOTOS—Mr. Leffingwell, Mlle. Diani.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and evening.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE.—ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY—Dan Bryant, Seymour, Reed.

TERRACE GARDEN.—POPULAR CONCERT by Ninth Regiment Band.

COOPER INSTITUTE.—LAUGHING GAS by Prof. Colton—MUSIC by Grafulla's Band.

ROBINSON HALL.—GRAND FAIR in Aid of the New-York Free Dispensary.

The New-York Times.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is pre-eminently a family paper, all objectionable advertisements being rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The EUROPEAN EDITION, per annum, postage extra	3
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	3
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post-office address—Five copies, per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and One extra copy to each Club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one post-office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

Club rates of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES: Two copies, one year, $5; ten copies, one year, $25—and one extra copy free. New names may be added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post-office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Terms, cash in advance.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

To Advertisers.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; No. 308 West 23d-st., opposite Grand Opera-house, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

The difficulties of writing history will be appreciated by any one who considers the difficulty experienced by certain journals in telling the truth about matters a few weeks old. For example, here is the *Evening Post* cackling over the discovery that THE TIMES now "yields the right of the Mayor to make nominations, with the approval of the Board of Aldermen." Will the *Post* point out a single passage in the numerous articles which we have published on this subject during the last three months in which we have ever disputed that right? While the *Post* and other pretended friends of the Mayor were clamoring for the utterly impossible privilege of allowing the local Executive to appoint and remove without any check whatever, we defended the plan which the *Post* now calls "that time-honored and traditionary method of fixing responsibility." When the Opdyke substitute was proposed, we pointed out that, judged by the principle publicly approved of by the Mayor, as well as by the precedents of our Municipal history, it was a perfectly defensible method of appointment. But in no case did we express our preference for that method over the ordinary constitutional usage in regard to Executive appointments. Since the *Post*, and the old as well as the lately converted exponents of "reform" doctrine, came round to our way of thinking, we have simply continued to urge the adoption of the simplest and most rational solution of the appointing difficulty, as against all other illusory compromises whatever. If the *Post* had devoted half as much space to intelligent criticism of the charter as it has done to wordy denunciation of "rings," "conspiracies," "gamblers," and so forth, it might have a slender claim to the honor of helping to bring about some kind of agreement among all sincere reformers about the best method of reorganizing the City Government.

The organ of "skilled talent" has got fearfully muddled over the course of THE TIMES in regard to the new charter. We never supposed that the "Lobbyists' Own" could understand either honest conviction or a consistent preference of party principle to partisan dickering. If we had, the career of the present proprietor of that journal would have appeared to us more marvelous than even the impudence of his paper in claiming to speak for a party, the majority of which, at least, possesses both principles and honesty.

We may repeat here what we have frequently stated in regard to this matter before. We had no share in drafting the proposed amendments to the charter, and were never consulted by those who did draft them. For these amendments, or their subsequent modifications, we are in no way responsible, save in so far as they have been altered in harmony with our criticisms. Until the charter is changed in various important respects, we shall continue to do our best to avert the danger of making the Republican Party of the City and State responsible for the working of a measure so replete with absurdities as that which has been reported by the Senate Committee. If the Senate passes the charter in its present form, we shall urge the Assembly to refuse concurrence. If both Houses agree to it as it stands, we shall urge the Governor to veto it. We trust this is sufficiently explicit.

Mr. S. L. M. BARLOW's testimony before the Erie Investigating Committee yesterday fixed the distribution of the eight hundred thousand dollars expended in the capture of the road. The parties already named in THE TIMES received one-half of it, and Messrs. BISCHOFFSHEIM & GOLDSCHMIDT claim the other half. These latter gentlemen, Mr. BARLOW believes, with touching innocence, had no interest in the change connected with the Atlantic and Great Western Road.

A concurrent resolution was introduced in the Assembly, last evening, by Mr. PIERSON, to appoint a joint committee to report a plan for the consideration by the Legislature of the Constitutional amendments. It was made the special order for this evening. As it is desirable that the present Legislature shall pass upon the amendments, in order that they may be submitted one year sooner to a popular vote, this resolution should be passed. This most important subject shall be presented in both Houses under some special plan that will hasten final action. Under the ordinary rules, the debate can be prolonged interminably, and, as the experience of this Winter has shown, very much of it will not be required to aid the members in reaching an intelligent conclusion. We are glad to see that some of the members at least are aware of the necessities of the occasion, and hope the resolution of Mr. PIERSON will receive favorable consideration. It is not much, certainly, but it will be something to have a plan agreed upon beforehand by which progress can be made in this work.

As punishment of crime is useful to society in proportion as it is prompt and severe, Judge BRADY is entitled to the public thanks for the manner in which he deals with the outlaws who are being convicted at the present term of Oyer and Terminer. Last week he sent the two ruffians concerned in the Madison-avenue outrage to State Prison for fifteen years, and yesterday a highway robber, whose crime was committed only ten days ago, received a like sentence. District-Attorney PHELPS is entitled to credit for the speedy arraignment of these criminals, and the community already begins to experience the good results of the reform which has been achieved in the administration of law in this City. With a faithful prosecuting officer and upright Judges, the lawless classes are being made to understand that outrages upon persons and property are crimes, to be punished, and not trivial trespasses, to be condoned by political influence, as in the Tammany days.

It will be hard work to persuade the public that the railroad companies are justified in their way of dealing with the Post-office Department. The companies demand heavy increased pay for the use of postal cars, *i. e.* cars fitted up in such a way that letters can be assorted in them en route. Mr. Creswell answers that he cannot by law pay the amount demanded. The companies threaten that they will, then, withdraw the cars, which would increase the time needed for transmitting mail matter, in many cases by two-thirds. The companies seem bound to force a settlement of the question whether the patience of the American people *can* be exhausted.

Exit Caldwell.

The public career of Mr. ALEXANDER CALDWELL has come to an abrupt end. He has resigned his seat to prevent the Senate from expelling him from it, or at least to forestall a majority vote in favor of expulsion, which he must have seen was inevitable. Of course, his resignation accomplished its purpose. The Senate cannot deprive a man of a seat which he has himself given up. Mr. MORTON instantly recognized this fact, and declared that the committee which has had the case in hand considered itself as no longer concerned with it.

As far as Mr. CALDWELL is concerned, the public will regard his departure as a good riddance. His presence in the Senate was an insult, not only to all the honest men who met him there, but to the country. That a man who had confessed that he had bought his way to the Senate, and who was proven to have done this in the most open and shameless manner, should have sat as long as CALDWELL did in the upper house of our National Legislature, was a disgrace. The humiliation of it was shared by many. It fell on the Senate itself. It fell on the young State from which the guilty man came. It fell on the Republican Party, to which he and the gang of corrupt and corrupting politicians by whom he was surrounded professed to belong. And it fell on the people at large, all of whom have an interest in the purity of representatives chosen by the methods of free government. This source of humiliation, at any rate, has been removed.

We cannot help regretting, however, that the case did not come to a direct vote. There would have been much instruction in the record of such a vote properly construed. We do not claim that a vote for or against expulsion would have been conclusive as to a Senator's standard of membership. There may be Senators who would have voted to retain CALDWELL in his seat, because sincerely doubting the legal right of the Senate to expel him. Of that we do not undertake to judge. But in the main, a vote on expulsion would have been a good index of the virtue of the Senate, and the country would have been glad to have it.

But the corrupt Senator has fled. We wish we could be sure that he will not have a great reception when he goes back to Topeka, that no Kansas orators will welcome him as a stainless man, and no Kansas poets recite odes of praise before him. We wish we could even be sure that he will not be followed from the capital by a mawkish sentiment of pity for his overwhelming disgrace. But we have no fear that the public generally will not set him down for what he is proved to be, a detected and exposed corruptionist, who has wronged his country more than a rebel in arms, and who deserves only detestation. That he has been driven from the Senate is a matter for congratulation. Let us hope that his fate will be a warning to all of his kind who are aspiring to places like that which he has been forced to abandon.

The Emigration Bill in the Assembly.

Among the first bills introduced during the present session of the Legislature was one by Senator ROBERTSON legislating the present Commissioners of Emigration out of office, and authorizing the Governor to appoint in their stead six commissioners who, with the Mayor of New-York and the Presidents of the German and Irish Emigration Societies, should form the new Board of Emigration. It was the purpose of the bill to turn over the duties of this important department of the public service to new control, and the urgent necessity that exists for such legislation is found in the fact that RICHARD O'GORMAN, ALEXANDER FREAR, EMANUEL B. HART, and JOSEPH B. NICHOLSON are the controlling spirits of the present board. O'GORMAN being the President, we naturally find the commissioners building a costly church on Ward's Island for the exclusive use of one sect, and permitting the presence in Castle Garden of disreputable ticket agents for some of the railroads. The mismanagement of affairs at the landing depot and on Ward's Island has become so notorious that frequent complaints have been made, without, however, procuring any redress.

It was to correct these abuses that the bill was introduced by Senator ROBERTSON, and was passed by the Senate some time ago. It was sent to the Assembly, and got into the Committee on Commerce and Navigation, of which Mr. ALBERGER is Chairman, and was reported back to the Assembly on the 7th inst., ever since which time it has been permitted to remain unnoticed upon the files. While in the committee an amendment was adopted, however, which fully explains this apathy, as it demonstrates that the bill has fallen into the hands of its enemies. This amendment provides that three of the six commissioners shall be appointed from counties of the State outside of New-York, Kings, Queens, and Westchester. Such a provision would so evidently cripple the board that it seems to be intended for that purpose. As these commissioners are to serve without compensation, to require the Governor to appoint them from distant counties is practically to enact that the board shall be very often without a quorum, for no one is so unreasonable as to suppose that citizens can be found who are patriotic enough to take long journeys, at short intervals, at their own expense, for the purpose of attending to public business for which they receive no compensation.

We cannot say that this "amendment," and the neglect the bill has experienced in the Assembly, is intended to kill it; but no better means could have been selected to accomplish that end. It is not probable that the Senate would concur in such a mischievous change as this, and if the bill is left unnoticed until the last hours of the session, it is plain that it will fail for lack of time to secure an agreement between the two houses. We do not know who has charge of this measure in the Assembly, or to whom the amendment made in the committee is due; but we do know that such trifling with a matter of such importance is likely to provoke inquiry as to both points. The people ask of the Legislature that Tammany shall be ejected from all participation in the control of emigration affairs, and as the bill of Senator ROBERTSON, in the shape in which it passed the Senate, will secure that object, the Assembly cannot do better than to pass it at once without alteration. There are rumors current to account for the obstructions which the bill has met in the Assembly, which are not creditable to those who are involved by them, and they can only be dissipated entirely by speedy and favorable action upon the measure. We are convinced that when in possession of all the facts a large majority of the Assemblymen would desire to vote for the bill precisely as it came from the Senate, and we insist that they should be given an early opportunity to do so.

Legislative Jugglery in New-Jersey.

To judge from the statement of our special correspondent at Trenton, the people of New-Jersey have been, to say the least, rather premature in their rejoicings over the passage of a general railroad law by the Legislature. The suspicion of double-dealing on the part of the lower house, in passing a bill for an air-line route between the Hudson and Delaware Rivers, in nearly every respect similar to the so-called "People's" bill, in a few days after the vote on the general law, appears to be pretty strong. The object of it seems now quite plain. According to the "programme" of the lobbyists, if the air-line measure succeeds in going through both houses, the amendments to the general law which have been made by the Senate are not to be concurred in by the House; or, in other words, if a compromise can be effected between the two houses, the general railroad law is to be "killed." According to our correspondent, there is to be a repetition of the sharp practice which characterized the legislation for the Stanhope Company last Winter, "the only difference being that the former was perpetrated under cover, while the game this year is played openly and with audacious effrontery."

The Pennsylvania Railroad men, it will be remembered, were the first to begin this system of trickery. At their request a bill was illegally introduced into the Senate, to provide for the building of a road between the Delaware and the Hudson, while the Assembly had under consideration a bill to provide for the building of a road between the Hudson and the Delaware. The members of the lower house, although professing to be intensely indignant at the "irregularity" of the Senate proceedings, do not scruple to engage in a little juggling on their own account.

To give themselves plenty of time to work out the plan referred to, the Senate amendments to the general law have been referred for consideration to a special committee, with the understanding that it will be impossible to have a report made to the House before Thursday next. Pending the presentation of this report, the Senate will take up the House Air-line bill, as before stated; and upon its action will depend the fate of the general law. If the Air-line bill succeeds, it will be impossible to get rid of the impression that corrupt means have been resorted to. On the other hand, if the Senators should, at the last moment, assume a virtue, the possession of which they have not hitherto been credited with, they will promptly reject the Air-line bill, and leave the responsibility of passing or "killing" the General Railroad bill to the Assembly.

We sincerely hope that this course will be adopted. A fairer opportunity to set themselves right before their constituents they are never likely to have again, and if it is not taken advantage of, they are sure to be held to a very strict accountability.

The New Ocean Cable.

All remember what a thrill of regret and disappointment ran through the civilized world when the first Atlantic cable broke, and how many there were to predict that no such undertaking would ever be successfully carried out. Seven years have passed since then; there are now three cables under the Atlantic in successful operation, and in three months more, if all goes well, there will be a fourth. The *Great Eastern*, which is lying in the Medway, has now on board the whole of the deep-sea section of the new cable, and it is expected that the huge ship will start in May to lay it. This line, like that from Brest to New-York, belongs to the French company, the others being owned, respectively, by the Atlantic Telegraph Company and the Anglo-American Telegraph Company. It is hoped, if all goes well, that the new cable will be working through to New-York by the 20th of June; and in that case positive assurance would seem to be afforded that telegraphic communication between Europe and America will never hereafter be interrupted.

The new line is to start from a new place—a spot called Germoe, on the coast of Cornwall, having been selected for the purpose. Its advantages are, that the bay on which it is situated has exceptional protection from the sea, and that very deep water is reached by regular descent at no great distance from the shore. The cable is intended to be laid down to Freshwater Cove, in Halifax Harbor. Thence, a branch will be taken to Hog Island, near the end of Long Island, connecting thereafter, we suppose, with Sandy Hook. Much confidence is felt that the cable will be successfully laid, for several apparently good reasons. It is said to be stronger and better protected than either of its predecessors, and the shore lines are likewise to be stouter and, it is claimed, more durable. The cable consists first, of seven No. 18 gauge copper wires, twisted in a spiral and weighing 300 pounds per nautical mile. These are then covered with four coats of gutta percha, with thin layers of CHATTERTON's compound. By this time the "core" is about half an inch thick, and weighs some 400 pounds per mile. It is then "served" with hemp, and the hemp is subsequently protected by ten wires drawn from homogeneous iron, each wire being swathed in five yarns of Manila hemp laid on spirally, with a tarry compound to preserve it. Then there are two "servings" of jute yarn, wound on in contrary directions, and enveloped with two coats of a preservative invented by LATIMER CLARKE. When entirely finished, the new cable weighs some 200 pounds a knot more than the previous cables; but it is declared to be even stronger in proportion and to be calculated to last twice as long under the same conditions.

So great is the weight of the cable that the shore ends, as well as the line from Halifax to Hog Island, will have to be taken by other vessels, namely, the *Edinburgh*, of 3,000 tons, the *Hibernia*, of 2,000 tons, and the *La Plata*, of 1,800 tons. All these are to be ready as soon as the fit season shall arrive, and the work once begun will be dispatched with the utmost possible celerity. The *Great Eastern* is said to be in splendid condition, and when she sails will carry 500 souls, including electricians and engineers. The captains and officers of all the vessels have had successful experience in ocean cable-laying, and there is thus good reason to look forward with confidence to the thorough performance of their share of the work. It is probable, all things considered, that nothing but a great storm or some other untoward and unforeseen circumstance will prevent the two continents from being linked together by four unseen bonds of electrical communion by next Fourth of July.

"Chemical Action."

Next to the Presidents which it has produced, and the tobacco which it still produces, the State of Virginia prides itself upon the Natural Bridge, the credit of which all Virginians consider to be due to themselves, on the ground that no other people have been found worthy to be favored with such a blessing. Of course, no one but a bitter hater of the sunny South denies the glories of the Natural Bridge. It is true that the visitor who crosses the bridge would not be aware of its existence were he not reminded of it by the colored youth of the locality, who beseech him to walk to the place where its parapet ought to be, and to note its extreme unlikeness to all respectable and purely human bridges. Nevertheless, the bridge is there, and any one who chooses to descend into the ravine which it spans, and to dodge the stones which the local small boy drops from the height above, can entertain no reasonable doubt that it is better entitled to be called a bridge than it is to be called a haystack or a team of oxen.

Nevertheless, it is undeniable that the public declines to take much interest in the Natural Bridge, and cases have been known where the traveler, when actually crossing the bridge, has declined to alight to contemplate its beauties, and has even spoken in terms of rank blasphemy concerning that venerable structure and the exhibiting Africans who ambush the visitor from behind its shrubbery, and clamor for eleemosynary pennies and cigars. It is perhaps for this reason that an effort has just been made to attract attention to the bridge by the report of the ominous phenomena now in progress under and about it. We are told that flames and smoke are rising in dense masses from below the bridge; that the surface of the earth in the neighborhood is sensibly warm—as though at this season it could, with any good sense whatever, be cold—that a strange odor assails the senses of those who reside within a few miles of the bridge, and that the local colored person is perpetually exclaiming, "Golly, Massa," in tones of heart-rending pathos, and simultaneously fainting away with excess of fright. A scientific person has been appealed to with a request for an explanation of those horrifying occurrences, and has solemnly intimated that, in his opinion, "chemical action" is at the bottom of the affair, and that where it will end no one can venture to predict.

There is reason to believe that the scientific person is right in his diagnosis of the Natural Bridge difficulty. Chemical action, such as takes place when fire is brought into close proximity with a tar-barrel, would fully explain the matter. Such action would produce the flame and smoke which wreaths the Bridge, and would diffuse throughout the neighborhood the peculiar odor of which mention has been made. The wild excitement of the colored population is naturally due to a vision of the crowds of visitors, laden with pennies and cigars, who will hasten to see the presumed volcano, and both the State pride and the personal profit of the adjacent hotel-keeper would lead them to give the story as wide a currency as possible.

In all probability, however, this effort to bolster up with tar-barrels the waning popularity of the Natural Bridge will prove a failure. Volcanoes do not, as a rule, break out at the bottom of deep ravines, and people who know that at Naples or Messina they can get a satisfactory amount of active volcanoes for their money, will not be induced to travel to Virginia in order to look at blazing tar-barrels, continually fed with fresh material by unprincipled colored conspirators. The latter will have their labor for their pains, and their richer accomplices, who may be presumed to have supplied the tar, will have made an investment which will bring no returns. Bridges are not, and cannot be made popular, and the public taste, which just now sets strongly in the direction of the hot springs and cañons of the Yellowstone, will not be attracted to the Natural Bridge by any quantity of blazing tar and fainting colored persons.

The Homeopathic Dispensary.

The Trustees of the New-York Homeopathic Dispensary have just issued their thirteenth annual report, which contains some facts of interest to all, whatever opinions may be entertained respecting any particular school of medicine. Many are not aware of the nature and scope of this institution, which may therefore, with advantage be described. Situated at No. 493 Seventh-avenue, the Dispensary offers, besides its other uses and purposes, free advice and medicines to all poor people who live between Sixth-avenue and the North River, and between Twenty-fourth and Fiftieth streets. During the year, over 33,000 prescriptions were so given, at a cost of less than 12 cents each to the Dispensary, and the whole number of prescriptions was 46,000. The whole number of patients treated without charge was 12,000 in the same time. Since the establishment of the institution, in 1860, the total number of cases treated has been 110,974. It will hence be seen that the average has been about 10,000 a year, and the importance of the work done may thus be inferred. It is claimed by the trustees that no institution in the country does more good with so small an amount of money—the gross expenses of last year having been but $4,108. The fact that none of the managers accept any remuneration for their services partly accounts for this; and the cheapness of the remedies employed, and the cautious and economical administration of the affairs of the Dispensary, are other reasons for these moderate disbursements.

We are not, of course, called upon to advocate any particular form of medical practice. We need only recognize, for the purpose in hand, the fact that numbers believe in homeopathy, and that conviction and philanthropy must thus, in their view, be bound up with the prosperity of the Homeopathic Dispensary. Consequently, many people will learn with regret that the Dispensary is, at this moment, in danger of being obliged to close its doors. The causes of this threatened misfortune are as follows: It has been customary heretofore—the Dispensary being entirely without property or endowments—to depend for its modest needs on three sources of supply, namely, the State, the City, and private donations. Since 1860, up to last year, the State has given the Dispensary $2,000 annually. But the last Legislature did not make the usual appropriations for "charitable institutions," and the consequence is that, as about half its income was derived from this source, the Dispensary is now destitute of means to pay its current expenses. The City has heretofore given, or, at all events, gave for the last fiscal year, $1,000, and we suppose this also will now be withheld. Private gifts for that year were about the same, or a quarter of the whole. The Trustees now appeal to the public to subscribe to enable them to keep on; they say that every $1,000 added to their income, such is the economy of their administration, will enable them to treat an additional thousand patients yearly; and they beg that all who can and will do so may send contributions to their Treasurer, Mr. JOHN W. BIGELOW, No. 65 Worth-street, or Post-office Box No. 1,128.

MINOR TOPICS.

When the *Herald* finds itself very badly beaten in the matter of news, it is safe to predict that its "intellectual department" (two-thirds "European") will be called upon to furnish the usual rigmarole about the marvelous "enterprise" of that very addle-headed paper. The *Herald* slobbered over the disgusting details of FOSTER's execution through some ten columns of dreary drivel, but omitted to discover the very essential fact about his attempt at poisoning. As a matter of news, this was neither more nor less important that the fact of the execution itself, and was accordingly given in THE TIMES, with the evidence on which it was based. The *Herald* of yesterday promptly acknowledges its failure to say anything about the poisoning story by assuring its readers that people who look to it for news "from every part of the world" will not be disappointed. Evidently, the cities of New-York and Brooklyn are not included in the world over whose destinies the *Herald's* eye is always open. Its "legitimate enterprise" carried it just as far as the evening paper reports of the Foster execution, and has enabled it merely to copy the Brooklyn papers in their reports of the Goodrich murder. A journal which devotes eight columns to "news" a month old about the abdication of KING AMADEUS, and is unable to discover anything new about a domestic tragedy of which everybody is talking, had better, probably, omit, say its indecent personal and medical advertisements to make room for matter of current interest.

Of course, the *Tribune* professor of journalism has his mawkish whine over the "reckless and cruel report" of FOSTER's attempt at poisoning. This sickly sheet failed, also, to chronicle the piece of news in question, and is naturally very much concerned over the "memory" of the man who was hung on Friday. The professor really should have suppressed the report of FOSTER's execution, out of deference to the "sensibilities of his family." That transaction was, according to the *Tribune* creed, rather more "indecent" than FOSTER's death by poison would have been. The attempt at poisoning was about as well authenticated a fact as the execution itself; but the *Tribune* reporters were doubtless engaged in reporting a lecture on perpetual motion or the philosophy of railroad swindling, when the truth about FOSTER's last hours became accessible. It is rather late for the *Tribune* to become greatly impressed with the necessity of supporting statements by evidence. Had it tried that system a year ago, it might have saved itself from the well-earned contempt of every honest man in the community, and would probably never have been in the market for either JAY GOULD or TWEED to bid for.

The person who restored to THE TIMES $20 which he had illegally "conveyed," and accompanied the money with a letter of confession and repentance, bearing the frank signature of "Thief," is an excellent model to be followed by those whose conscience compels them to return stolen money to its owners. The Secretary of the Treasury frequently receives small sums from repentant thieves, but the curious part of the transaction is the fact that the amounts thus restored are invariably extremely small. No one who has stolen $100,000 from the Government has ever been compelled by his conscience to return it, but the restoration of $5 or $10 to the Treasury is a frequent occurrence. Now the man who returned $20 to THE TIMES returned the full amount of his theft. Other repentant thieves should follow his example, and, instead of contenting themselves with returning a few dollars, should return the full amount due to those whom they have defrauded. If this hint should meet the views of any ex-Directors of the Erie Railway, it is entirely at their service.

A great many, if not a majority, of the Roman Catholics of Michigan have lately been greatly exercised through the passage of a bill by the State Senate to restrict the powers of their bishops and clergy in the matter of excommunication and "discipline." The measure in question provides for the punishment, by fine and imprisonment, of any church dignitary who shall take such a course with persons over whom he may claim to have religious control as shall affect their rights in civil actions. The subject was doubtless brought to the notice of the Legislature by Catholics who have suffered from arbitrary proceedings on the part of priests of whose management of church property they have found good reason to disapprove. The opposition to the bill comes from those who profess to see in it the first step toward the complete subjection of the Church to the State.

The Supreme Court of Illinois lately decided that bonds issued by towns and counties for the purpose of influencing the selection of certain sites for public institutions are illegal. The question arose through the refusal of the Treasurer of Livingston County to pay interest on bonds given to aid in the construction of the State Reform School buildings at Pontiac. The decision will have the effect of saddling on the State a few hundred thousand dollars extra. In future, when provision shall have been made for the selection of sites for new institutions, towns that may be ambitious for the honor of their site will have to adopt other, and possibly less honorable, methods to influence the action of the Legislature, a prospect by no means pleasant to contemplate.

A spiteful maid-of-all-work, employed by a Canadian family, recently took a very effective way of revenging an insult which she fancied she had received at the hands of her mistress. She deliberately accused the latter before a magistrate of having destroyed her Bible. A considerable number of those persons who are always anxious to investigate the lives of their neighbors immediately started a subscription, and purchased a manificently-bound Bible, which they presented to the maid, in addition to a few other tokens of their admiration for her heroism in making the matter public. The magistrate, notwithstanding the fact that the lady declared the testimony to be entirely untrue, sentenced her to pay the value of the Bible, the costs of court, and $1 extra, by way of punishment for the "crime." Subsequently the girl herself, in a fit of remorse, made an affidavit in which she confessed that she never had a Bible. Both magistrate and sympathisers, we should think, have good reason to be ashamed of themselves.

Railroad Accident and Loss of Life.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., March 24.—The engine of the passenger-train bound north on the Chicago and Michigan Shore Railroad, was thrown from the track to-day by a broken journal. The engineer, J. Reynolds; the fireman, D. McCartney, and a brakeman, Oscar Culver, were killed. None of the passengers were injured.

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

The Hoboken Police Bill Passed—The Jersey City Ex-Police Commissioners—Check to the Pennsylvania Central.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 24.—In the State Senate to-day bills were introduced to employ an agent to procure employment for discharged convicts; to erect a chapel and gas works at the State Prison; to increase the salaries of Supervisors to $3,500; to allow acting inspectors $250 per annum, and other inspectors $100 per annum.

The Pharmacy bill was defeated in the Senate.

In the House a bill was introduced in reference to the fisheries, to keep them under the same regulation as those of last year.

The bill to establish judicial districts in Jersey City, and for the appointment of Judges for each Aldermanic district, who are to perform the duties now performed by Justices of the Peace, was passed; also, the bill for the prevention of cruelty to animals. By a close vote the Hoboken Police bill was passed.

The bill to reorganize the Fire Department of Jersey City, and the bill to enable the Morris Canal Company, or their lessees, the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, to construct a branch road from near Centreville to the Passaic River and to Dundee Dam were passed.

In the Senate, the bill to restore to citizenship Ezekiel M. Pritchard, Thomas Edmenson, Frederick A. Goetze, Thomas A. Gross, Josiah S. Hutton, and Edward L. McWilliams, the ex-Police Commissioners of Jersey City, was lost by 10 to 7, requiring eleven affirmative votes to pass it.

In the House, a resolution was adopted to adjourn *sine die* on the 4th of April.

EVENING BUSINESS.

The bill to incorporate the New-Jersey Railroad, the Pennsylvania Central project, was to-night returned to the Senate, with a message that the House refused to pass the same.

No movement has yet been made in the House toward concurring in the Senate amendments to the General law. The Press of the State very generally condemns the action of the House in the matter.

Another bill appropriates $2,500 to the Fish Commissioners to enable them to stock certain waters with fish.

The Senate passed the House bill to suppress the trade in obscene literature.

The House has adopted a resolution to adjourn *sine die* on the 4th of April. The Senate will concur.

The Charter Question.

From the Independent, March 20.

New-York City contains about one-fourth of the population of the entire State. The assessed valuation of its property, real and personal, is more than half of that of the whole State; and, hence, it pays more than half of the taxes levied for State purposes. It is the Empire City of the State and the nation. What it has long wanted and still wants is a good charter, investing the people with the power to govern themselves and provide for the proper protection of their own interests. Victimized by official thieves, disgraced for a long series of years by a corrupt judiciary, kicked about by politicians, made the prey of selfish and ambitious cliques and rings, and, withal, having in its bosom a large element of ignorance, superstition, and rowdyism in its foreign population, New-York City has been almost anything but a model of good government.

The most important question before the present Legislature is that of framing a charter for this City adapted to the correction of past abuses. In both Houses the Republicans have more than a two-thirds majority; and, if they fail to supply this want, either by passing no bill, and, hence, leaving the present charter unchanged, or by passing a bill that is really no improvement upon the present, even if it does not actually make things worse than they now are, they will betray their trust, give the lie to their past professions, and be justly held to a stern responsibility at the bar of public opinion. Their failure will bring serious damage to the reputation of the Republican Party. The principle that ought to guide them is a very simple one. It is not to promote the ascendancy of this or that political party. It is not to get rid of one ring of thieves for the sake of putting another in power. It is not to legislate certain men out of office or certain men into office. All such considerations are out of place, alike unworthy of the work and of the men who undertake to do it. New-York has already had quite enough of political charters, ring charters, and personal charters. What it now wants is, one whose sole aim is the public good, no matter which party administers it or who are the incumbents in office. A charter to checkmate the present Mayor, or dispossess Controller Green of his office, or retain Mr. Van Nort in his position as Commissioner of Public Works, or to serve any other temporary and personal end, may or may not suit the lobbyist, but it will not and ought not to command the approval of the people. If the Legislature makes itself a party to any such game, it will commit a very grave mistake.

The point of chiefest interest, as we understand it, in respect to the bill now before the Legislature, has reference to the powers of the Mayor. The bill as it passed the Assembly provides for a single Board of Aldermen, and virtually places the appointing power in its hands. According to this bill, the Aldermen nominate all the appointees, and the Mayor confirms. If he fails to do so within twenty days, then the Aldermen confirm their own nomination by a majority vote, if they so elect, the Mayor having the right to cast a single vote. This puts the whole question of appointments in the hands of the Aldermen, by giving them the initiative in the first instance, and then, with the exception of a solitary vote, giving them the whole power afterward. The Mayor's control over his subordinates in office is the merest sham imaginable. Though he is the chief executive officer of the City, his power is next to nothing, and his responsibility quite as small. His hands are effectually tied.

Now, if this be the best that the Legislature can do, we advise it to do nothing. It had better adjourn and go home than thus disgrace itself and the Republican Party of the whole State. We would rather have the Tweed charter, just as it stands, and wait until a Legislature having more brains and more principle can be chosen, than to accept one in which the Mayor is a mere figure-head without power. The plan is a scheme to gain certain ends which are utterly foreign to the normal purposes of a charter. It is unnatural, and reverses all the antecedents and usages of our political history.

What ought to be done is, to give the Mayor the nominating power and the suspending power in respect to all subordinate departments, subject to the confirmation of the Board of Aldermen, and then make him responsible to the people for the just exercise thereof. This is the usual course in framing City charters, and, it moreover conforms to the general principle of the constitutions of the several States, as well as to that of the United States. It clothes the Mayor with power—not absolute and irresponsible, but limited, yet sufficient to make his office effective for practical purposes. This power is due to the office, and it is demanded by the responsibilities which it involves. A Mayor without it is such only in name. Let appropriate remedies be provided for its abuse—we care not how many; yet let not the Legislature undertake to palm off upon New-York City a so-called Reform charter that would be really worse than the present one. If Republicans cannot beat Tweed and Oakey Hall in charter-making, then they had better give up the business altogether. There are a few people in New-York besides the Ring politicians, who are hunting for spoils, that have some interest in this question. Their protest will be heard if they are cheated out of what they mean to have—a good charter for local self-government.

Gentlemen of the Legislature, please to remember that the eyes of the people are upon you—not only in this City, but throughout the State. Their demand is that you shall play no tricks with them, or with the public good, merely for political or personal ends. They did not elect the lobby; but they did elect you, and if you deceive them the day of reckoning will come. Politically considered, the Legislature can hardly do anything worse for the Republican Party in this State than to forfeit public confidence by the structure of the new charter for New-York City.

A Curious Libel Suit.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 24.—Father T. A. Martin, a Catholic priest at Euclid, Ohio, has sued the Cleveland *Leader* and one of its correspondents for libel, claiming $5,000 damages. The cause of the action is based upon assertions contained in a communication published in the *Leader*, to the effect that Father Martin told a widow her deceased husband was in purgatory, but for $10 the priest would pray him out; that the widow not having the money, the priest said he would wait a reasonable time, provided it was secured by a responsible party.

The Dominion Parliament—Defeat of the Government.

OTTAWA, March 24.—In the Dominion Parliament, to-day, the Government was defeated. The question arose on a decision of the Speaker in regard to an election petition against an opposition member. The Government supported the Speaker, but on a division of the House was beaten by four majority.

NOTES FROM FRANCE.

American Sentiment and its Appreciation in Spain—A Speech in the Cortes—Record of Crime.

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Monday, March 10, 1873.

As a general thing I do not think that Americans are very sentimental in matters of politics or of interest, and very few, perhaps, would advise one Government to go out of its way to perform a sentimental act for the benefit of any other nation. But there are a few who think that, being republicans, we ought to give some particular expressions of sympathy for Spain. The recent vote in Congress was, I imagine, for the special benefit of this class of our own citizens. As a great majority of our people care very little what kind of a government is made in Spain, and would just as soon felicitate the Emperor of Japan and the Czar of all the Russias as any President in the world, this vote of congratulation must have been for the express satisfaction of a few. But those of our citizens who honestly believe that we are bound to lend aid and comfort to Spain because she has just declared the Republic, would receive a rude shock by reading a Madrid journal which now lies upon my table. In it is a report of the speech recently delivered by Señor Suares Inclan in the Cortes. This gentleman is a strong Republican, and one of the leading men in his party, and I give a few points found in his remarks, in order to show the spirit of Spanish Republicans in all matters regarding the United States. They are far more bitter toward us than the Monarchists have ever been, and with that they have not the tact or a sufficient amount of official experience to say what they have to say without being insolent. It is doubtless an attempt to show that the Republicans of Spain are possessed of the old Grandee spirit, and can talk as "big" as any of their predecessors, but the "brummagem" character of the article is seen in every direction. For more than four years we have maintained a strict neutrality in the Cuban struggle, and yet, at the present moment, we could not be more severely abused in Europe had we violated the rules of neutrality in the most open manner. The Spanish Republicans, who are now in power, are accusing us of infamous dealings, and unless I am greatly mistaken in the temper of our people, they will not endure such accusations without showing these excellent Republicans the difference between neutrality as practiced in the past and an active sympathy in favor of the gallant and struggling Cubans.

THE SPEECH.

In his recent speech, Señor Suarez Inclan—who, be it remembered, spoke in the name of the pure Republican Party—was very bitter upon the Americans generally, upon our Government, and very abusive of Mr. Fish. In not very choice language, the latter was denounced for having laid his dispatches to Gen. Sickles before the American people, which dispatches, says Señor Suarez, "make the blood rush to his cheeks as he thinks of the aggressive and unheard-of interference there implied." He wants to know what could have been the secret power which led to the writing of the dispatch of Oct. 29, 1872, and why Señor Martos did not enter a protest against it at once. Gen. Sickles must have read the note to him, and if no copy of it was left it must have been because Señor Martos preferred not to have a copy. Gen. Sickles always had served, and did serve, the interests of his country. The speaker referred to Gen. Sickles' note regarding a loan of $60,000,000, saying that the information had been taken from the *Imparcial* newspaper. He then took up what he designated as four charges against Spain, made by Gen. Sickles, the first being "that the Spanish nation had for a period of four years maintained a war in Cuba for the purpose of perpetuating slavery." Why did not Gen. Sickles direct his accusations against the rebels, who began the war under the banner of independence? Using the *tu quoque* mode of argument, the speaker asked how long a time it had taken the United States, with so great resources, to deal with the rebels of the South. "Those States are conquered," he cried, "but they are yet weighed down by the tyrannical and oppressive yoke of the North." The second charge combatted was that Spain had wasted the resources of Cuba in suppressing the rebellion. The third referred to the number of soldiers killed in the war, and once more Señor Suares refers to our war, asking "how many North Americans had fallen in the South, and without exciting the humane or philanthropic sentiments of the Yankees." The fourth charge referred to financial matters and to the loan, the speaker wanting to know "if Spain required the permission of the President of the United States and of Mr. Fish to negotiate a loan in order to provide for the necessities of the country." "Mr. Fish said the United States were tired of maintaining neutrality and of preventing the departure from their port of expeditions to aid the Cuban insurgents; but he scorned the idea of the United States having maintained neutrality at all. Who, he begged to ask, had morally and materially given aid to the Cubans?" Referring to the ingratitude of Spaniards in the colonies taking advantage of such aid, he said that "they would be mistaken in thinking that they are freed by being independent of Spain. Look at Florida, Louisiana, Texas, California—States which have been enslaved by the most despicable tyranny of Yankee domination. If the United States had really desired to see the end of the war, it would have been ended long ago." Of course this is but a fragment of a speech which occupies several columns, and which was loudly applauded by the Republicans. I have omitted several bitter tirades against us because unable to give the space necessary for their explanation. As I have before remarked, an open interference in behalf of the Cubans would not have brought upon us more abuse than our neutrality has caused. My personal opinion is worth nothing, but if it were asked I should say that we might just as well have the "game with the name" as the "name without the game." At any rate, unless our Government has reasons of its own for reserve, I should advise enough interference to make our past neutrality appreciated, or just enough to give the Spanish Republicans a small lesson in diplomatic tact and courtesy.

THE DANGERS OF SPEECH-MAKING.

M. Thiers' attack of bleeding at the nose, which sent the Bourse down at the reception of the news, has led to no worse results, and the President is once more able to show himself in the Chamber. At his age, it is a task to speak for three hours at a time, especially when fatigued with the cares of State; and after that, to sit up all night correcting proofs was a decided imprudence. But the prudence of correcting his own proofs will be appreciated by all who understand the troubled state of French politics. In speaking, a man frequently lets slip a word which may be misunderstood or which may lead to discussion, and all such slips can be corrected in the proofs of the official report. When one lot of these proofs came back, the foreman cried out in despair that he could never get the *Officiel* out in time, for M. Thiers had corrected and revised until he had made quite another sort of a discourse. All the members of the Chamber have this privilege; but as it necessitates sitting up until morning, very few care to see the end of the report. As usual, the reporters are excellent fellows, quick to detect a flaw or an error, and always ready to smooth down a rough or incongruous passage. Of all the men who now speak, M. Dufaure is the one who needs the least correction, and he rarely takes the trouble to look at his proof. M. de Rémusat also speaks correctly, but is careful in revising his proofs. M. Thiers speaks with the greatest facility, but sometimes lets slip the word which he should not have used, and frequently transposes the subordinate clauses of a sentence so that it reads badly. The best orator in the Assembly, M. Rouher excepted, since he rarely speaks, is M. Dufaure, the Garde des Sceaux, is a lawyer of great ability, and has the finest voice, the best flow of language, the best arrangement of ideas, and the worst waistcoat of any man who now takes a prominent part in the debates. I am sure no dealer in old clo's would give two dollars for the suit usually worn by M. Dufaure, even with the hat thrown in. His rough and ancient-looking exterior gives him an austere appearance, which is in harmony with his character, and after a glance at his face and at his coat, every one will appreciate the *mot* of M. Thiers at Bordeaux: "I am very glad to have Barthélemy Saint Hilaire with me," he said, "for the austerity of his manner will compensate for the *légèreté* of M. Dufaure."

RECORD OF CRIME.

Crimes of all sorts continue, and continue to increase in number. The other day a band of lads was discovered here, and sixty robberies and assassinations traced home to them, and now the existence of another band has been revealed. Still another has been found at Lille. Every few days bodies are found floating in the Seine bearing wounds which show that they had been the victims of assassins, and the frequency of these crimes leads to the presumption that there are other bands yet undiscovered. Several of the bodies recently found have been evidently strangers, either English or American or Belgians, everything which could lead to the establishment of identity having been removed. Americans here have the bad habit of going about at night to see the sights, but at the present moment it is unsafe unless in parties of three or more.

A FATAL EXPLOSION.

Several boxes of cartridges exploded at Mont Valerien the other day, causing great emotion in the city. Twelve hundred soldiers, belonging to the One Hundred and Third Regiment, are now in the fort, and the first report was that one-half of them had been blown up. The next day the journals stated that there were 127 killed and wounded, and the military authorities are blamed severely for refusing to give up the names of the dead. Yesterday the number had been reduced to twenty-seven wounded and eight killed, and this morning it is sixteen slightly injured by being burned with powder, but no lives lost. The General commanding writes a piteous letter to the Prefect of Police, begging him to give the correct details to the Press, in order to stop these shameful and injurious suppositions, having so little truth to sustain them.

ASHBY.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Our Streets.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The great Erasmus took fever when he smelled fish, and the celebrated Cardinal Gardena fainted and fevered from the rose smell. If the head of our overpaid Street-cleaning Bureau, or any of his underlings, could only look at the frozen dunghills in South Fifth-avenue, Thompson, and Sullivan streets, besides dozens more east and west of Broadway, I have no doubt that they would be similarly affected. But they avoid such unpleasant sensations by keeping away from these disgusting sights and smells. The "Maccaronis" pick and shovel, shovel and pick, to very little purpose. The sun is not yet fierce enough to thaw the broken-up putrid masses, neither does "Old Probabilities" prophesy rain-showers, our best scavengers, and the chances are that April showers will have brought in sweet May flowers ere our streets are free from this muddy matter. Viewed from a criminal and sanitary standpoint, this City is a disgrace to civilization.

CALEB.

The Commissioners of Emigration.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In THE TIMES of Sunday last a correspondent assumes the task of controverting the statements made in a letter which you courteously published the day before, in reference to the bad management, to speak in the very mildest terms, of emigration affairs in this City. The courage displayed, however, as I will show, is only equaled by the dexterity with which he deals with facts and figures in his attempt to defend a notoriously unfaithful administration. I will confine myself to the evidence exacted from the mouths of the Commissioners themselves and officers at Castle Garden, and "reference to the published reports of the board." The subject is one of the highest importance, and THE TIMES could hardly devote its columns to a more praiseworthy object than eliciting the truth concerning the bad treatment of and impositions upon emigrants arriving in New-York, if such exist.

In the month of February, last year, (1872,) the Committee on Commerce of the Assembly visited this City for the purpose of inquiring into the management of Castle Garden and Ward's Island. The evidence given is reported in THE TIMES of Feb. 21, and other City papers. Mr. Casserly, the Superintendent, testified that there were a number of sinecures in the Bureau of Emigration; there was gross mismanagement, if not fraud, in the purchase of supplies; the salaries alone on Ward's Island were $44,000 annually, and in the whole bureau $138,348, exclusive of expenses of boarding officers. Thus one-half of the entire revenue was consumed in salaries of the employes of the Commission. Mr. Casserly also said that William M. Tweed had great power in appointing men for employment in this bureau, and that the purchasing agent, Chas. H. King, was a relative of Tweed. The Commissioners paid $2 for burying emigrants who die. They are buried as paupers in the Potter's Field on Hart's Island. The New-York Printing Company (since defunct) made exorbitant charges for printing and stationery, all of which was obtained from them. The witness was assessed $300, which he paid to Tammany for political purposes; the other employes were assessed $100 each. He stated, further, favoritism was shown three railroad lines represented at Castle Garden; Norton and Canary had the exclusive privilege of carting all emigrants' baggage; none others were admitted into the depot. Emigrants' coin was exchanged by brokers who had the sole right to do so. The brokers were required to return within one per cent. of the current value of coin exchanged. The amount of gold and silver exchanged annually was between $800,000 and $1,000,000, which made a profit on exchange between $8,000 and $10,000 a year. One of the Commissioners stated that this was not one-tenth of the coin exchanged.

Mr. James B. Nicholson, one of the present Commissioners, testified that he was aware that of $372,000 received for head tax in 1871, $168,000 was spent in salaries, board, &c., of employes, and that there were more persons employed than were needed. He had audited monthly bills for liquors, cigars, lunches, &c., for the Commissioners and their friends. The Treasurer told him the amount expended for this purpose, according to one published report, was $12,000 annually.

Mr. Frederick Shaick, President of the German Society and *ex officio* Commissioner, testified that exorbitant prices were paid for supplies; he went to market with King once, and found out he was perpetrating wholesale frauds on the emigrant fund; called attention repeatedly to these facts and finally effected a change; did not know if King shared with his patrons; Canary, the contracting carter, charged $25 for each patient that was removed from boarding-houses to Ward's Island, and he received for this service in two years (1870 and 1871) $6,600; he now gets $1,500 per year for this business. Mr. Shaick said the Lunatic Asylum on Ward's Island was a nuisance; the old board put money aside to build a new one, and had plans made, which the present board rejected; the plans of an architect named O'Neil were accepted; his estimate was $250,000, but his designs were afterward rejected when the cost was found out; he got $1,000, but he afterward sued the Commission for $34,000. The plans finally agreed upon were altered by Mr. Frear without the knowledge or consent of the Commission.

Mr. Lynch, President of the Irish Emigrant Society, fully concurred in all of Mr. Shaick's views. He has remonstrated against the way affairs were managed; thought the Commission could be much more economically conducted. Mr. Lynch said the railroad companies did very wrong in not allowing the emigrant the reduction of ten per cent. on tickets; thought politics had entirely too much to do with the board. Any benevolent institution should be managed without reference to politics. The preceding are a few of the facts brought out one year ago, when the present Commissioners had been nearly two years in office. No change for the better has since taken place.

Leaving this part of the subject, for a moment, it becomes necessary to consider the charge of "extravagance." The apologist of the Commissioners furnishes a table which, unexplained, is most likely to deceive. By it one would be led to believe that there has been a large falling off in expenditures since 1870. The contrary is the case. In 1868, the expenditure is set down as $637,189, but $117,000 was paid for buildings. In 1869 the expenditure is alleged to be $510,306, but there was during the year $150,000 appropriated for an insane asylum, and $50,000 more paid for real estate. The present Commissioners came into office in 1870, and their disbursements have been, in 1871, $518,387; in 1872, $461,028. The statements as to 1872 may be correct, but the report for 1871 shows the expenditure for that year was $605,904, a difference between the report and your correspondent's figures of nearly $100,000. How is this to be explained? But perhaps the matter of salaries is as fair a criterion as can be given as to economy or extravagance. In 1871 the sum expended, according to Mr. Casserly, for this purpose, was $138,348, and according to Commissioner Nicholson, $168,000. The appended table shows what salaries were paid during the past five years, and the number of emigrants arriving each year:

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Commissioners' Office.				
Castle Garden.......	$28,663	$28,693	$29,867	$32,391
Landing Depot.......	17,706	26,605	34,298	39,139
Ward's Island.......	26,223	27,835	28,225	34,239
Total.......	$72,592	$83,403	$92,390	$105,769
Number of emigrants arrived.......	233,418	242,731	213,686	258,989

In 1871, 229,639 aliens landed at Castle Garden, and the amount paid for salaries was from thirty to fifty per cent. greater than any year since 1866, although the number of emigrants was less, with the exception of one year, than since 1866. By reference to the reports of the Commissioners, it appears that the 25,000 emigrants provided for in other counties and institutions cost on an average only $30,000 annually. That the surplus of $400,000 has disappeared is not denied. It was the savings of the old board, after paying for the erection of the buildings on Ward's Island and the purchase of land there, when the head tax was not more than $2. In 1867 this tax was raised to $2 50, on the ground of depreciation in the value of money and the consequent high prices of provisions. The less said as to the means used for reducing this tax in 1871 to $1 50, the better for the Commissioners. As to the mortgage on the property of the emigrants, held in trust for them by the board under the laws of the State, at the first meeting of the board held this month, as reported in THE TIMES, the Finance Committee were authorized to effect a mortgage of $100,000. Whether it has been done or not it is hard to say. It was not charged that a single mortgage of $800,000 had been effected, but on reference to THE TIMES of March 16, 1872, it will be seen that at a meeting of the Commissioners held the day before, a loan of $22,000 was authorized to be obtained from the Broadway Bank, and it was stated that there was then due that institution $200,000. It is not likely that the Broadway Bank would advance $222,000 without some sort of security. In any event the property of the commission is responsible for several hundred thousand dollars. Will your correspondent please state how much the commission is in debt? I have stated and proved by their own admissions that about $2,000,000 have been expended in less than three years by the present board. This is extravagance with a vengeance.

As to the overcharge for railroad tickets and on emigrant luggage, it is not denied by your Sunday's correspondent. The Commissioners could, if they so willed, easily purchase tickets from the companies and sell at reduced rates. One or more of their clerks could attend to this duty. The Commissioners have been often urged to pursue this course, but such an act of duty and justice would interfere with the interests of their friends who make fortunes by the present outrageous system at Castle Garden. If Mr. Nicholas Muller can purchase tickets at a discount of ten per cent., what, in the name of common sense, is to prevent Messrs. O'Gorman, Nicholson, Hart, and Frear from doing the same thing. The excuse given by your correspondent is too thin. The overcharge of fifteen per cent. for freight on emigrants' luggage is a very gross imposition, and could easily be remedied. Mr. Casserly swears that "favoritism is shown those railroad lines represented at Castle Garden." Suppose competition were allowed? Do the Commissioners understand?

"This is simply untrue," is the remark of your correspondent as to changing emigrants' gold and silver into currency at one per cent. less than current rates. I refer him to Mr. Casserly's sworn statement, given above.

If your correspondent desires, I will give the names of members and officers of the Richard O'Gorman, Emanuel B. Hart, and other political clubs, who are employed at Castle Garden. (Pray, is not Nicholas Muller a ward politician?) And if he further wishes, I will give the names of at least thirty small ward politicians, and of many other friends and relatives of the new Commissioners, who have been appointed to positions at Castle Garden and Ward's Island since 1870. But the words of Mr. Casserly may be again quoted: "William M. Tweed has great power in appointing men to office in this bureau."

L. T. G.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

CLOSE OF THE SEASON OF OPERA.

A representation of "La Figlia del Reggimento," last evening, brought to a close, so far as Mme. Lucca's labors are in question, the season of opera which has extended over the past four weeks. A brilliant audience filled the Academy of Music to overflowing, and the performance—the final one in which Mme. Lucca is to take part for at least a year—was marked by demonstrations likely to cause it to be long and pleasantly remembered. Of the excellences of Mme. Lucca's performance of *Maria*, a brief mention appeared in this place on Saturday, after the first hearing of "La Figlia," with the artists concerned in yesterday's work. Mme. Lucca last night, as on Friday, acted the part with an unswerving appreciation of its requirements, with the heartiness apparent in all her efforts, and with a *vis comica* as genuine as the tragic power she has so often shown in the grander rôles of the repertory. The recital of the tuneful numbers of the score did her equal credit, and when we note that to the recital of the song of the regiment, of "Convien partir," of the highly ornate canzonet in the scene at the piano, of the "Rataplan" duet, and of the patriotic air suggested by the sound of the advancing troops, was added a very expressive and finished rendering of Mozart's "The Violet," (in German,) and of "Home, Sweet Home," (in English,) it will be granted that the task of the songstress was not so light as the reputation of "La Figlia" would imply it to have been. Of the other performers, and of the remainder of the entertainment, it is only necessary to say that Signor Vizzani delivered smoothly enough the music written for *Tonio*, that Signor Ronconi evoked much merriment as *Sulpizio*, and that the chorus and orchestra were both well in hand. We referred above to the enthusiasm of the audience, and to the agreeable incidents resulting therefrom. Although little or no prominence had been given to the fact that the representation was Mme. Lucca's last, the auditorium was crowded, and the manifestations of delight were unanimous and almost continuous. Sporadic applause was of little moment under such circumstances, and liberal gifts of flowers seemed graceful but personal tributes only; the potency of Mme. Lucca's genius had much stronger testimony in three summonses before the footlights after act the first, in four recalls after the second act, and in seven successive reappearances after the third. The proceedings at the Academy of Music were supplemented by a serenade, which occurred in front of Mme. Lucca's dwelling, in Fourteenth-street. It was tendered by the Eleventh Regiment, whose band defied the elements for almost an hour, and attracted under the balcony of the prima donna throngs of sight-seers. Mme. Lucca goes to Philadelphia to-day. Mr. Maretzek's company follows her to-morrow, a performance of "Martha" taking place at the Academy this evening for the benefit of Miss Clara Louise Kellogg.

Contagious Diseases.

Dr. E. H. Janes furnishes the following comparative statement of contagious diseases in this City for the past two weeks:

Week ending March 15—Typhus, 1; typhoid, 3; scarlet fever, 53; measles, 66; diphtheria, 22; small-pox, 6.

Week ending March 22—Typhus, 1; typhoid, 3; scarlet fever, 40; measles, 30; diphtheria, 16; small-pox, 6.

Increase—None.

Decrease—Scarlet fever, 13; measles, 36; diphtheria, 6.

No change in typhus fever, typhoid fever, or small-pox.

A Murderer Under Sentence of Death Poisons Himself.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Alexander J. Fenwick, to have been hanged at San Diego on Friday, for the murder of Charles Wilson, died in jail to-day, probably from poison.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE

Erie in the Two Houses—A New City Prison in New-York—The Status of the Charter.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, March 24.—Merely routine business was transacted in the House and Senate, this evening. The bill to reimburse drafted men the amount paid by them to procure substitutes was killed by an adverse report of the Assembly Subcommittee.

ERIE.

The House refused to pass the resolution authorizing the Erie Investigating Committee to employ Albert Stickney as counsel, and the Senate passed a resolution of Senator Chatfield's requesting this committee to learn the truth of O'Doherty's statement that $5,000 each had been paid to six Senators for their influence in procuring the repeal of the Erie Classification act. Senators were not entirely satisfied that they could pass a resolution directing the action of the House, but they adopted it after debate. They also ordered to a third reading a bill which, as introduced, was simply intended to prevent the Erie Company from charging excessive rates of fare when tickets are taken in the cars, but by an amendment of Mr. J. Wood the bill forbids the company to charge more than two cents a mile, which reduces their rates one-third on through and more than one-half on local fares.

MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

Mr. Blackie has introduced a bill to provide for a new City prison in place of the Tombs. It designates the Mayor, Controller, and President of the Board of Aldermen a commission to select the site and erect the new building, which is to be in the Seventh, Eleventh, or Thirteenth Ward. Three commissioners of appraisement are to be appointed by the Supreme Court, which will not pass on the report made by them. The Speaker has appointed the Assembly Apportionment Committee to act in conjunction with the same committee of the Senate appointed last week. Mr. Husted is Chairman. To-morrow the Brooklyn charter is the special order in the Assembly. The debate will probably be a long one, as the charter makes a document of 146 folio pages.

THE CHARTER.

There is a remarkable reticence shown in regard to the New-York charter. No one is desirous to speak on the subject. Interest in it appears to have almost died out, and every one desires that this much-vexed question may be settled as speedily as possible. The printed copies of the charter were on the files to-night, and to-morrow evening the Senate will go into committee on it. It would be useless to predict anything in regard to the probable result of the debate, or the time which will be occupied in reaching it. No two persons here seem to agree in their opinions on the matter.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

SENATE.

Mr. Benedict presented several petitions asking for a Commission of Charitable Correction in New-York City.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. James Wood—Authorizing the marine insurance companies to declare extra dividends in certain cases.

By Mr. Johnson—To amend the charter of the Disabled Soldiers' and Sailors' Home.

By Mr. McGowan—Authorizing the Board of Supervisors to limit the expenditures for the publication of session laws.

Mr. Chatfield offered resolutions requesting the Assembly Committee engaged in investigating the Erie Railroad matter to make a thorough and exhaustive inquiry into the alleged payment of $5,000 each to six Senators last year by Hon. Wm. H. Vanderbilt. The resolutions were adopted.

The following bills were ordered to a third reading:

Amending the charter of the Westchester County Railroad.

Establishing a Municipal court in the City of New-York.

The bill relative to the Third-avenue, New-York, Railroad extension was recommitted to the Railroad Committee.

The bill establishing a Municipal court in New-York City was also recommitted to the Judiciary Committee.

The bill providing for the establishment of a Commission on Charities in the City of New-York was ordered to a third reading.

In the Committee of the Whole on the bill regulating the rate of fare over the Erie Railroad, on motion of Mr. James Wood, the rate was fixed at two cents per mile, and the bill, as amended, was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Baker introduced a bill confirming the consolidation of several railroads in the northern part of the State.

Mr. D. P. Wood offered a resolution, that the Senate Committee in the quarantine investigation be allowed to employ counsel. Carried.

Also, that the trustees of the Institution for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes report, within five days, the number of State pupils in said institution; also, the total number of all other pupils. Carried. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The House met at 7½ P. M.

Mr. Jacobs moved to reconsider the vote taken on Friday, agreeing to the adverse report on the Green-avenue (Brooklyn) bill. Carried.

Mr. Jacobs then moved to disagree with the report, and that the bill be committed to Committee of the Whole. Carried.

Mr. Watt made a similar motion relative to the Boerum-street (Brooklyn) Railroad, and the bill was committed to the Committee of the Whole.

The Chair announced the following Special Committee on apportioning the State into Congressional districts, to act jointly with a similar committee on the part of the Senate: Messrs. Husted, Blackie, Jacobs, Van Valkenburg, Tobey, Fort, Lewes, Yeomans and Manley.

The amendments to the Constitution adopted by the Constitutional Commission, together with the form of ballot for submission of the amendments to the people were received from the President of the Commission.

Mr. Pierson moved a concurrent resolution, that a committee of seven Senators and fifteen members of the Assembly be appointed to report a plan for the consideration of the Legislature of the constitutional amendments, which was laid on the table and made the special order for to-morrow evening.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Jacobs—For the relief of Kings County Penitentiary.

By Mr. Donohue—To extend the railroad tracks in Buffalo-avenue, Brooklyn.

By Mr. Fish—To further test the steam-dredge authorized by a law of 1871.

By Mr. Blackie—To provide for the location and erection of a new prison in the City of New-York.

By Mr. Husted—To amend the charter of the National Academy of Design.

By Mr. White—To confirm the assessment for paving a portion of Genesee-street, Utica.

Mr. Heacock called up his resolution to appoint a committee of five to investigate whether the charge that S. W. Buell, formerly member of Assembly from Fulton County, unlawfully retained certain moneys received by him as a tax, is founded in fact. Mr. Heacock had consent to change his resolution so as to have the matter referred to the Ways and Means Committee, and then it was adopted.

Mr. Fort moved:

That as the Constitution recognized the right of women to hold real and personal estate on equal terms with male citizens, but does not give them the right to vote at elections; therefore,

Resolved, That the Judiciary Committee be instructed to report an amendment to the Constitution allowing tax-paying female citizens to vote.

Adopted.

Mr. Cook called up his resolution, calling on the Commissioners of the Land Office to report to the House their action relative to purchasing a site for a boarding-station for quarantine purposes, and it was adopted.

The following bills were ordered to a third reading:

Changing the mode of collecting taxes from non-resident tax-payers by authorizing the County Treasurer instead of the State Controller to sell the lands.

After some discussion and propositions of amendment, progress was reported on the bill without taking any question.

The bill granting additional privileges to the Broadway Railroad, Brooklyn, was ordered to a third reading.

The bill to facilitate the construction of the railroad from Lake Champlain, near Plattsburg, to Dannemora, was ordered to a third reading. Adjourned.

Fanny Hyde Again in Prison.

Mrs. Fanny Hyde, who was arrested in Washington on Sunday, was conveyed to Brooklyn yesterday and returned to her old quarters in Raymond-street Jail. As will be remembered, the murder of Watson is the crime for which she was tried. After the disagreement of the jury on the first trial she was admitted to bail in $2,500, but failed to appear when wanted for her second trial, and her bail was declared forfeited. Her friends propose making an effort to get her admitted to bail again, but it is improbable that their efforts will meet with success. The District-Attorney will bring on her trial as soon as possible. Both sides claim to have discovered new and important testimony.

THE BROOKLYN ALDERMEN.

Queens County Railroad—Water Rates—Steam on the Streets.

The Brooklyn Board of Aldermen met yesterday, Alderman Clancy presiding.

A communication was received from the Mayor, inclosing a memorial from residents on Lafayette-avenue to the Legislature, asking for the repeal of the charter of the Queens County Railroad Company.

The Mayor urged immediate action by the Common Council, as the law repealing the charter has already passed the Senate, and is now pending before the Lower House.

The matter was referred to the Railroad Committee.

Corporation Counsel De Witt submitted an opinion that the Board of Excise is under the jurisdiction of the Common Council, the latter body having control of the clerical appointments and salaries, and that the allowance of ten per cent. under the law of 1870 is not retrospective, and that the Commissioners are not entitled to retain such percentage on amounts collected previous to that period. Referred to the Law Committee.

A communication was received from the Board of City Works, recommending a reduction in water-rates, in view of the fact that the rents received for the years 1872 and 1873 were considerably in excess of the amount necessary to meet the interest on the bonds. A scale of reduction was submitted with the communication, on a basis of a total of $901,000 interest on bonds and current expenses to be met. Referred to the Committee on Water and Drainage.

The Corporation Counsel submitted his opinion that the Common Council has sole discretionary jurisdiction over the scale of water rents.

A number of street assessments were confirmed, and some laid over for a week.

The Railroad Committee to whom was referred the consideration of the proposed act of the Legislature, to authorize the use of an improved motor on the street railroads, submitted a report strongly adverse not only to the terms of the bill, but to the use of any motive power that has yet been suggested as a substitute for horse power. The report closed with the following resolutions.

Resolved, That we regard the proposed bill before the Legislature to authorize the use of any improved motive power on the railroads of the City of Brooklyn as premature and uncalled for, because no such power that can be used in our streets safely and consistently with the necessary and reasonable use and enjoyment thereof by private individuals, for travel and traffic, has yet been suggested, and we respectfully but earnestly remonstrate against the passage of said bill.

Resolved, That if, contrary to our remonstrance, the Legislature should pass such act, we respectfully ask that it be so amended as to secure to this Common Council, as the elected representatives of the people, the full power, in their discretion, to permit or prevent the use of such motive power, and, if permitted, the right at all times to regulate and control the same; and so amended as not to repeal any existing law which already secures that right.

The report gave rise to a protracted discussion.

Alderman Richardson moved to recommit the matter, but subsequently, out of consideration for the sensitiveness of the chairman of the Railroad Committee, who seemed to view such a course as discourteous to the committeemen, withdrew the motion, and the question being put on the adoption of the report and resolutions, it was lost by a tie vote of 10 to 10.

In this connection Alderman Taylor afterward offered a resolution that the Common Council will expressly encourage and adopt any improved motor, the safety and efficacy of which shall have been demonstrated. The resolution was adopted.

The application of Irvin Smith (who gave the information that secured the conviction of David Dowd, the incendiary,) for the $500 reward offered by the Common Council, was referred to the Committee on Excise and Police.

After some further business of a routine nature, the Board adjourned.

The Market Savings Bank—Report from the Assignee.

Mr. F. W. Worth, assignee of the Market Savings Bank, was yesterday engaged in the payment of a dividend of eight per cent. to depositors of that institution. This makes the second dividend, the first, one of thirty per cent., being paid in June of last year. About 350 claims were paid yesterday. The subjoined statement was issued yesterday, and is of interest to the depositors. It contains a summary of facts not heretofore published, and which will give a clear insight into the present condition of the bank:

To the Depositors:

This dividend of eight per cent. will indicate to you that we are slowly approaching the end of the settlement of this bankrupt institution. It has been slow, and why? For a period of more than two years four men, of whom two were as sagacious as they were unprincipled, deliberated in your directors' room, and used the funds and securities of the bank with unrestrained freedom in carrying out their private speculations. These operations embraced gold, United States and State bonds, stocks, and finally real estate at Long Branch. As the money was lost, it became necessary to falsify the account-books, that the frauds might be concealed from the clerks; to this end false entries were sown broadcast throughout the ledgers. To disengage the accounts from these fictitious charges, to find out what was true and what was false, and to attempt to trace and recover some portion of the stolen assets, has required a great deal of laborious and patient investigation, as well as several trips to Canada with the books of the bank. The chief clerk, not having the custody of the securities, reasonably enough, was ignorant of the crimes that were devouring your savings. But while I fully exonerate him, it is beyond your or my ingenuity to hold a shield up that will screen the trustees. With the incomprehensible ledger of this bank before me, scrawled all over as is never the case with a book that has an honest story to tell, with a safe stripped of its property, I can only point to you those gentlemen, and tell you to demand of them an accounting. When the last dividend comes we will have this story told more in detail; in the absence of money, we will have retribution.

The amount of the next dividend it is impossible to indicate with any exactness. How much the sorry sources will yield that we now have to depend on, I cannot tell you. At Long Branch we have one hundred and odd acres of land, for which you were made to pay $60,000, less a mortgage of $30,000. The party at Long Branch, through whose advice Henry E. Conklin alleges he was induced to enter into this wild speculation, owes the bank the amount of a bond and mortgage of $9,372, and a series of "call loans," as the book kindly expresses it, amounting to $14,540. A sarcastic form was gone through of giving "security" for the money, but there was not even a shadow of value in the stuff that was put in the place of the funds that were taken. J. E. Conant & Co. owe you $40,000. This at present counts as almost nothing.

Another large debt I pass over in silence, as I am now earnestly engaged, with Messrs. Man & Parsons, in attempting to secure it. Calvin L. Goddard, who was Vice-President of the bank, and, therefore, happily situated in order to obtain a liberal loan upon inadequate security, owes the estate over $20,000, secured in part by bond and mortgage. The banking-rooms, which I have retained since the failure of the bank at $100 per month, will be given up after the business attendant upon the payment of this second dividend shall have been finished. The furniture will then be sold at auction, and a single room hired elsewhere.

Unless some impediment arises that we do not now foresee, the third and probably last dividend will be paid about the 1st September next. Mr. Conklin is still in Canada, and in the assistance he has given me in ferreting out the frauds, has shown some repentance for his own share in them. It is clearly proven that, though he was the only fugitive, he was not the worst of the conspiring band that ruined the bank.

Wm. Van. Name, the former President, apparently contented with the absolution from other troubles which his present isolation gives him, tranquilly remains in Ludlow-street Jail. He has been there since the 30th day of January. The situation of the affairs of the bank has been made known, from time to time, to numbers of the depositors; I have freely made known to them the course I was pursuing, and have never failed, but in a single instance, to answer all questions and invite the broadest inquiry into our affairs. The rude manners of one man cut him off from the information which I have accorded to all others. Respectfully,

F. W. WORTH, Assignee.

Suit for Breach of Promise Against a Minor.

Helena Moses, of No. 17 Division-street, a Jewish maiden, yesterday procured the arrest of Abraham Cohen, aged eighteen years, charging him with breach of promise of marriage. The complainant made affidavit that she is about to bring suit to recover damages against Cohen for the alleged violation of his promise, and for the value of a trousseau worth $40. In default of $1,000 bail young Cohen was locked up.

The Case of Stokes.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, before Judge Brady, Mr. Dospassos moved for an order to show cause why the record in the case of Edward S. Stokes should not be amended so as to include the judgment in the motion before Judge Cardozo, and the trial of the plea in abatement. The Court took the papers for examination.

Sunday-School Association of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The fourth annual meeting of the Sunday-School Association of the Protestant Episcopal Church of New-York, was held last evening in the Sunday-School rooms of Trinity Chapel, Twenty-fifth-street and Broadway. The Treasurer's report showed the expenditures for last year to be $259 53, and receipts $256 94, leaving a balance of $2 59. There existed at present a deficit in the funds of $140. The following officers were then elected for the current year: President, Rev. J. H. Rylance, D.D.; First Vice-President, D. B. Whitlock; Second Vice-President, Rev. Arthur C. Kimber; Third Vice-President, Prof. Thomas Egleston, Jr.; Secretary, John P. Favre; Treasurer, Philip M. Oakley; and Chaplain, Rev. Arthur C. Warner.

The Republican Central Committee.

A caucus of leading members of the Republican Central Committee was held last evening to deliberate upon the course to be pursued in regard to that portion of the proposed new City charter which relates to the appointing of chiefs of departments and other important officials. The report of a committee which waited upon Mayor Havemeyer during the day was listened to, and it is understood to have been somewhat unsatisfactory. It is impossible to state what decision was arrived at, as the proceedings were secret, and the caucus did not adjourn until a late hour.

The Sons and Daughters of Portsmouth, N. H.

A meeting of the sons of Portsmouth, representing many leading New-York merchants, was held last evening at No. 2 Bond-street, Mr. Goodrich in the chair, to make preparations to attend the grand reunion of the sons and daughters of Portsmouth, to be held in that city on the 4th of July next. Committees were appointed to carry out the project, and it is expected that at least 300 will proceed to Portsmouth on the 3d of July. They will be accompanied by the best bands to be obtained in this City, and they anticipate an extremely enjoyable excursion.

Coroner's Cases.

An inquest held yesterday on the body of Rosanna Smith, aged twenty, by Coroner Keenan at No. 42 Thompson-street, resulted in a verdict that the deceased took Paris green to end her life while temporarily insane. The accidental loss of an eye shortly before is understood to have provoked the mental malady.

The Coroner was yesterday notified of the sudden death of William H. Bogert, sixty years old, at No. 361 West Twenty-fifth-street, without medical attendance.

Notification was also received of the finding of the body of a full-grown female child in an ash barrel in front of No. 240 West Twenty-fifth-street at 7½ o'clock yesterday morning.

The New-York Hospital Buildings.

The Board of Assistant Aldermen met at 2 P. M. yesterday.

A motion was made to place on file the resolution authorizing the City to take a lease of the New-York Hospital buildings, at a rental of $25,000 a year.

The President said he had been informed by Alderman Vance that the buildings in question had been leased to a Boston firm for $30,000 a year, and consequently there was an end of the matter.

The paper was then placed on file, and the board adjourned.

Personal.

Count Pomair and the Earl of Caithness, of England; ex-Mayor Amos A. Lawrence, of Boston; Gen. Horace Porter, of Washington; Judge Dwight Foster, of Boston; Judge Nelson, of Poughkeepsie, and Hon. Chauncey T. Bowen, of Chicago, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Gen. R. C. Drum, Col. A. Moore, and Gen. J. C. Duane, of the United States Army, are at the Sturtevant House.

Hon. E. S. Esty, of Ithaca; Congressman L. P. Poland, of Vermont, and Col. B. Castaneda, of Peru, are at the Grand Central Hotel.

Ex-Congressman W. D. Bishop, of Connecticut; Gen. A. B. Nettleton, of Philadelphia, and Col. John Livingston, of San Francisco, are at the Hoffman House.

Hon. John King, of Baltimore; Gov. S. H. Elbert, of Colorado; and ex-Congressman C. R. Griggs, of Illinois, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Gen. A. B. Bache, of the United States Army, is at the Maison Dorée.

Prof. E. M. Hosford, of Harvard College, Mass., is at the St. James Hotel.

Gen. J. B. Stonehouse, of Albany, is at the Astor House.

Hon. P. Le Poer French, of the British Legation, Washington, is at the Clarendon Hotel.

Wendell Phillips is at the St. Denis Hotel.

Gen. S. C. Armstrong, President of Hampton College, Virginia; and Maj. Hubbard, of St. Louis, are at the St. George Hotel.

A Poet's Mistake.

Our poets should be careful how, with winning verse, they teach the youth habits of slothfulness. "We take no note of time" will hardly do, particularly for one who has a note to meet at bank. A better rule for young and old is, "Be always on time;" and to do so, buy from American Clock Company, No. 581 Broadway, clocks adapted for houses, stores, offices, &c., that are warranted good time-keepers.—*Evening Mail.*

So great has proved the durability of Fairbank's Scales in the stock-yards of this City, that breakage or derangement is practically beyond the range of the possible.—*Live Stock Reporter.*

Piles, or Hemorrhoidal Tumors.

Piles—internal, external, blind, bleeding, and itching—perfectly and permanently cured by "*absorption*," without pain, danger, caustics, or instruments. We say perfectly and permanently cured, and mean what we say. Every vestige of the disease is eradicated, and the parts placed in a natural, sound, and healthy condition. In a practice of twenty-one years we have not, to our knowledge, had a case of return. There is not the shadow of danger attending the cure; and we have never had an unpleasant symptom accompany or follow a cure. The health and comfort of body and mind are always improved. In proof of what we here state we can refer those suffering to hundreds of the best citizens of New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Pittsburg, and whom we have treated and cured. W. A. McCANDLISS, M. D., & SON, No. 2,001 Arch-street, Philadelphia. At the St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, this week and every fourth week hereafter.—*Advertisement.*

SNOW'S PECTORAL PEARLS, a noted confection for coughs, sore throats, and hoarseness. Sold by druggists. Twenty-five cents per box. H. H. SNOW, sole manufacturer, New-Haven, Conn.—*Advertisement.*

To Make the Hair Grow,
USE BURNETT'S COCOAINE.—*Advertisement.*

The Gorham Manufacturing Company remind the public that the Supreme Court of the United States has recently given a decision in their favor which secures full protection from the *imitators* of their designs.

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is requested to the fact that the following trade-marks are stamped upon every article manufactured by them.

Trade-mark for Gorham Sterling Silver.	Trade-mark for Gorham Electro Plate.
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Manufacturers of
Sterling Silver Ware and Fine Electro Plate,
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Tea Services, Dinner Services, and Wedding Outfits in great variety, from the largest to the smallest, of the highest order, are constantly issuing from the Gorham Works.

Public Speakers and Singers will find BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES beneficial in clearing the voice before speaking or singing, and relieving the throat after any exertion of the vocal organs. For Coughs and Colds the Troches are effectual.

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

Visconti's Tuscan Salad Oil.
Choice Olive.

Wedding Cards, Elegant Styles, at WM. EVERDELL'S SONS', No. 104 Fulton-st.

New-York Stencil Works, No. 87 Nassau-st., New-York.

MARRIED.

KNUDSON—CLARK.—On Thursday, 20th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Chas. Hall Everest, ADOLPHUS A. KNUDSON to EMMA C., eldest daughter of R. P. Clark, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

WALKER—STEWART.—In Jersey City, on Thursday evening, March 20, by Rev. J. Howard Suydam, PETER WALKER to MAGGIE A. STEWART.

DIED.

AYERS.—In Newark, N. J., on Saturday, March 22, 1873, SARAH A., wife of Wm. H. Ayers, aged 30 years, 1 month, and 11 days.

Funeral services on Tuesday, March 25, from South Baptist Church, Kinney-st., Newark, N. J., at 2½ P. M.

☞ Philadelphia and Brooklyn papers please copy.

BLISS.—At Greensboro, N. C., March 23, Rev. F. S. BLISS, aged 44 years, late of Barre, Vt.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CARROLL.—On Monday morning, 24th inst., at the residence of her father, Mr. Royal Phelps, AMITA CARROLL, wife of John Lee Carroll, of Maryland.

Funeral services at St. Ann's (Catholic) Church, 12th-st., near Broadway, on Thursday, the 27th, at 10 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited without further notice.

COOPER.—On the 23d, ANNE H., wife of Abraham Cooper, aged 67 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, West 38th-st., near 8th-av.

FORD.—On Monday, March 24, 1873, at the residence of her son, Warwick Ford, MARY ANN, widow of the late William Ford, of London, England.

MAXWELL.—Suddenly, on the 21st inst., at the residence of her nephew, William P. Douglas, Miss MARY ANNE MAXWELL.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the First Presbyterian Church, 5th-av., between 11th and 12th sts., on Tuesday, 25th inst., at 4 P. M.

MAJOR.—March 24, 1873, SARAH, relict of Richard Major, Sr., in the 85th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 152 Wilson-st., Brooklyn, E. D., on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MARSHALL.—On Sunday, March 23, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Rev. Reuben Hubbard, Yonkers, of pneumonia, SARAH H. MARSHALL, of Derby, Conn., relict of Samuel Marshall, formerly of New-York.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, at St. James' Church, Ansonia, Conn., on Wednesday, March 26, at 12 o'clock, without further notice.

☞ New-Haven papers please copy.

MOTT.—At Newark, N. J., on the 21st inst., EDITH, daughter of Cornelia A. and William B. Mott, aged 7 years and 4 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from Grace Church, Newark, on Tuesday, 25th inst., at 3½ P. M.

MILLER.—On Sunday morning, March 23, after a lingering illness, MARY SELINA MILLER, eldest daughter of Henrietta and the late George Miller, aged 23 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her mother's residence, No. 234 East 10th-st., Wednesday, March 26, 1873, at 9½ A. M.

Hancock Lodge No. 49, I. O. O. F., are respectfully invited to attend.

NELSON.—At Irvington, N. J., on Sunday, March 23, SARAH, wife of James Nelson, in the 56th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Rev. Dr. Burchard's church, 13th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on Wednesday, March 26, at 1 o'clock P. M.

PALMER.—At Jersey City, on Saturday, March 22, DAVID W. PALMER, in the 33d year of his age.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service, at the residence of his father, James W. Palmer, No. 96 Washington-st., Jersey City, on Tuesday afternoon, 25th inst., at 4 o'clock, without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Goshen, N. Y., for interment.

RANDOLPH.—At New-Brunswick, N. J., March 22, DEBORAH, wife of Ambrose F. Randolph, aged 74 years and 1 day.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the First Baptist Church, at New-Brunswick, on Tuesday, March 25, at 2 o'clock P. M. Trains leave Desbrosses-st., 12 and 12¼ P. M.

SMULL.—On Saturday, March 22, CHARLES G., son of the late Thomas Smull, aged 36 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 5th-av., corner of 36th-st., on Wednesday, 26th inst., at 11 o'clock. The remains will be conveyed to Tarrytown Cemetery for interment. A special car will be in waiting at the Hudson River Railroad Depot at 2 o'clock.

Members of Independent Royal Arch Lodge, No. 2, F. and A. M.; Lafayette Chapter, No. 207, R. A. M., and Coeur de Lion Commandery, No. 23, K. T., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of the late CHARLES G. SMULL, on Wednesday, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock, corner of 36th-st. and 5th-av.

SOUTHACK.—On Monday, March 24, LOUISE A. SEAMAN, wife of B. L. Southack.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

SCHULTZ.—On Sunday, March 23, 1873, of cancer, MARY ANN, wife of William H. Shults, Jr., in the 46th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 42 Cedar-st., near Evergreen-av., Brooklyn, E. D., on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M.

TAYLOR.—At Morristown, N. J., on Sunday, March 23, SARAH M., widow of the late John Allen Taylor, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at the Church of the Redeemer, Morristown, at 10½ o'clock, Wednesday morning, March 26.

VANDERBILT.—On Saturday, March 22, CATHARINE A., widow of Capt. Oliver Vanderbilt, in the 70th year of her age.

Funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 187 Ross-st., Williamsburg, Long Island, at 1 o'clock Tuesday, 25th inst. The remains will be interred in the Moravian Cemetery, Staten Island.

WELCH.—At Westchester, N. Y., on Saturday morning, March 22, of consumption, at the residence of John B. Frost, WILLIAM WELCH, in the 29th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral on Wednesday, March 26, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the Presbyterian Church, West Chester.

WAINRIGHT.—On Monday, March 24, MARY, wife of Edwin Wainright.

Relatives and friends of the family, also those of her son-in-law, Jacob F. Knapp, and the members of the Metropolitan Lodge, No. 33, I. O. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, the 26th inst., at 2 o'clock, at the Spring-street Presbyterian Church, near Varick-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REMOVAL.

THE
WEED
SEWING-MACHINE
COMPANY
have removed from No. 613 Broadway
to
NO. 25 UNION-SQUARE,
EAST SIDE, BETWEEN 15TH AND 16TH STS.
C. C. FOWLER, JR.,
Manager.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK.
NOS. 144 AND 146 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 15, 1873.

CASH ASSETS........................$58,000,000

This company continues to loan its funds on bond and mortgage, on approved unincumbered real estate in this State and in neighboring States, within fifty miles of this City.

No charge to applicants for loans, as commission or otherwise, is made or permitted, directly or indirectly, by any officer, trustee, or person in its employment, for procuring loans, or for services in connection therewith, except that the titles are examined and the requisite papers prepared by counsel appointed by the company, whose charges to the applicant for the loan are required by by-law to be limited and reasonable.

The Loan Department is entirely separate from the business of procuring applications for insurance. An application for a policy is never required or suggested in connection with an application for a loan, or vice versa.

These regulations and usages are not of recent date, but have been in force in the company for many years.

By authority of the Committee on Finance.
F. S. WINSTON, President.

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Books now on exhibition at the Clinton Hall Salerooms.

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ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.

New scheme for 1873 now out. Prizes cashed, orders filled, information furnished. Highest rates paid for Spanish Bank Bills, Government Securities, &c.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED FOR 100 LAborers, 10 plasterers, 6 painters, 6 carpenters, 40 light porters, 20 boys to learn trades, 25 dining-room waiters. Apply to W. B. CHURCHILL, No. 124 Bowery. No charge to employer or employe. Rev. JOHN DOOLY, General Secretary Bowery Branch Young Mens' Christian Association.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THE extraordinary drawing will take place on the 22d of April, 1873. The amount drawn is $1,200,000. There will be only 16,000 tickets, and 2,097 prizes. J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., Bankers, No. 10 Wall-st., Post-office Box No. 4,685, New-York.

THE COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES of the Woman's Medical College of the New-York Infirmary will take place at Steinway Hall on TUESDAY, March 25, at 8 o'clock P. M. Degrees will be conferred, and an address will be made by Judge BRADY.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and notary public, office No. 5 Beekman-st. Room No. 7, first floor.

POLITICAL.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE Twelfth Assembly District Republican Association will be held at No. 257 3d-st., corner of Avenue C, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 26, at 8 o'clock.
JOS. ARCHBOLD, President.
CHAS. McCOLLEY, Secretary.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The attendance at the Exchange yesterday, Monday, March 24, was not large, and but two sales, both legal, were consummated, viz.: By James M. Miller, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, under the direction of N. Jarvis, Jr., Esq., referee, one three-story and basement brown-stone-front house and lot, latter 18 by 102.2, East Seventy-fourth-street, south side, 144 feet east of Fourth-avenue; sold to E. Y. Bell for $25 over and above incumbrances amounting to $18,000, total price $18,025. By same auctioneer, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, T. O'Brien, Esq., referee, one three-story high-stoop brown-stone-front house and lot, East Eightieth-street, south side, 239.2 feet west of Lexington-avenue, lot 18.4 by 102.2; sold for, including incumbrances of $8,150, for $14,650, to J. W. Stevens. The remaining legal sales of the day announced were all adjourned, as follows: By E. H. Ludlow & Co., sale of premises No. 230 Chrystie-street, adjourned to Monday of next week, the 31st inst.; by B. P. Fairchild, sales of a house and lot on East Eleventh-street, west of Avenue A, and of a house and lot on East Fifteenth-street, east of Avenue A, adjourned to April 3, and by James M. Miller, sale of a house and lot on East Forty-third-street, east of Second-avenue, adjourned to April 8. Nothing further worthy of note occurred.

Page & Crawford, No. 2,254 Third-avenue, report having recently effected the following sales at private contract: One three-story and basement brown-stone house and lot, No. 5 Hanson-place, sold for $15,500. One two-story and basement brick house and lot, on East One Hundred and Thirty-first-street, north side, 90 feet east of Fourth-avenue, sold for $14,250; one three-story basement brown-stone-front house and lot, No. 43 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, sold for $18,000; one two-story and basement frame house, with full lot, No. 50 West One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, sold for $10,000; one three-story and basement brown-stone-front house and lot East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street, 90 feet west of Fourth avenue, sold for $16,500; one two-story and basement French roof frame-house and lot, No. 37 East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street, sold for $12,000, and three lots on the west side of Avenue A, 50 feet south of One Hundred and Eighteenth-street, sold for $19,000. The same firm also report having recently negotiated the following leases: No. 43 West One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, three years, $1,200 per year; No. 53 West One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, one year, $1,200; No. 220 East One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, one year, $720; No. 512 East One Hundred and Twenty-first-street, one year $550; East One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, fourth house East of Fourth-avenue, one year, $900; Fourth avenue, third house south of One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, one year, $650; East One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, second house east of Second-avenue, one year, $900, and East One Hundred and Nineteenth-street, two three-story and basement brick houses, south side, between Second and Third avenues, one year, $750 each.

THE DAY'S AUCTIONS.

For today the auctions projected are quite numerous and such generally as should prove attractive in drawing out an active competition among investors. The following is a recapitulation of the sales to occur, while for fuller details reference is made to the announcements of yesterday.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co., public auction sales of City property, viz: The four-story English basement brown-stone-front house and lot situate on the south side of East Thirty-eighth-street, between Park and Lexington avenues, known as No. 110. The four-story brick house and lot situate on the south side of Carmine-street, between Bleecker-street and Minetta-lane, known as No. 10. The two-story and attic brick-front house, (with buildings on rear,) and lots situate on the easterly side of Willett-street, between Grand and Broome streets, known as Nos. 10 and 12; and the two-story brick house (with store) and lot situate on the easterly side of West Broadway, between White and Walker streets, known as No. 129. Also, foreclosure sales of a house and lot on Fifth-avenue, west side, 27.1 feet north of Forty-sixth-street; a house and lot on East Forty-first street, north side, 180 feet east of Second-avenue; two lots on East One Hundred and Twelfth-street, north side, 175 feet east of Fourth-avenue. Also, executrix's sale of the four-story brown-stone house and two lots No. 44 Pierrepont-street, Brooklyn, south side, between Hicks and Henry streets.

By Joseph McGuire, foreclosure sales of a house and lot on West Fifty-third-street, south side, 212 feet west of Eighth-avenue; of four lots, together forming a plot in size 100 by 100, on East One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, south side, 80 feet east of Third-avenue; of the five-story brick tenement-house and lot on Delancey-street, north side, 25 feet west of Pitt-street; and, of two lots on West Fifty-seventh-street, north side, 100 feet west of Tenth-avenue.

By Hugh N. Camp, foreclosure sale of the house with lease of lot No. 137 University-place, west side, 70.7 feet north of Eighth-avenue.

By D. M. Seaman, of the three-story brick house (with store) and lot, No. 104 Sixth-avenue, east side, between Eighth and Ninth streets.

By James M. Miller, public auction sale of the premises Nos. 348 and 350 Water-street, between James-slip and Roosevelt-street, embracing two lots, with two three-story frame houses upon the front thereof and two two-story frame houses in rear, with a covered alley-way to the rear buildings.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., foreclosure sale of a three-story frame house, a stable, and two full lots, situated on the south side of Manhattan-street, with one full lot in rear, fronting on Lawrence-street, distant 39.10 feet west from the junction of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street with Manhattan-street, and near Ninth-avenue.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at Auction Exchange, Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton-street, Brooklyn, public auction sales of the following Brooklyn real estate: The four new three-story brown-stone-front houses and lots Nos. 598, 600, 602, and 604 Carlton-avenue, between Prospect-place and St. Mark's-avenue. The two three-story brown-stone-front houses and lots Nos. 193 and 195 Dean-street, between Bond and Hoyt streets. Two two-story brick-basement frame houses and lots, situated on Madison-street, north side, between Howard and Ralph avenues; and the four-story Philadelphia brick front store and lot No. 447 Flatbush-avenue, near Carlton-avenue, with lot in rear fronting on Park-place.

Exchange Sales, Monday, March 24.

NEW-YORK.

By James M. Miller.

1	3-story and basement brown-stone-front house and lot, East 74th st., s. s., 144 ft. e. of 4th-av., lot 18x102.2	$18,025
1	3-story high-stoop, brown-stone front house and lot, East 80th-st., s. s., 239.2 ft. w. of Lexington-av., lot 18.4x102.2	14,650

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—THREE HANDSOMELY FINISHED small four-story brown-stone houses on 61st-st., between 5th and Madison avs., (finest locality in City;) all improvements, cabinet-work, plate-glass, walnut stairs, &c., price $23,000 each. Can be seen at all times. D. & J. JARDINE, Architects, No. 1,267 Broadway.

FIFTH-AV.—EXTRA SIZE HOUSES FOR sale; corner 39th-st., 26x80x100; near 44th-st., 30x 80x100, newly erected; 48th-st., 28x65x100; corner 49th-st., 28x70x100; 49th-st., 27x90x100, frescoed; 50th-st., 42x75x100; 53d-st., 42x95x125 and stable; 62d-st., 27x88 x100, fronting Park. V. K. STEVENSON JR., No. 11 Pine-st.

A MAGNIFICENT PLOT OF GROUND (200 feet front) at Washington Heights, having the finest views that can be had on Manhattan Island, the natural topography of the ground pre-eminently adapting it for a gentleman's villa residence. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., No. 11 Pine-st.

FIFTH-AV.—CHOICE BUILDING LOTS, corner 50th-st., 57x131, excavated, $68,000; between 47th and 48th sts., 38x100, low. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., No. 11 Pine-st. Branch office, No. 226 5th-av.

FOR SALE.—FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP, brown-stone-front house and lot on East 14th-st., near 2d-av., 25 by 65; lot 103.3. For further particulars apply to ALLEN, DOOLEY & HENRIQUES, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT A PRICE THAT WILL pay as an investment or speculation, a first-class brown-stone house, 46th-st., near 5th-av.; also, a full-size brown-stone house on 23d-st., near 6th-av., ready for business. S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

FOR SALE.—A VALUABLE STORE PROPerty fronting 28.10 feet on Cliff, 28 feet on Pearl-st., depth through the block 197 feet; can be used as one building. Apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 9 Warren-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—BROWN-stone high-stoop house, 16.8x60; lot 100; No. 161 East 46th-st.; fully furnished; price, $22,000; $5,000 cash, balance in five years, bond and mortgage; rent, $200 per month. Apply to I. McK., No. 91 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN, ON CLINton-place, between 5th and 6th avs.—A four-story brick high-stoop house, 25 feet wide, lot in fee, 25x100 feet; early possession. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

GOELET LEASEHOLD FOR SALE.—The very desirable house corner 29th-st. and Madison-av. for sale. The house is in perfect order, and can be sold on most advantageous terms. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, 106 Broadway, corner Pine-st.

FORTY-EIGHTH-ST., WITHIN 150 FEET west of 5th-av.; full size extra-deep substantially-built and recently-frescoed four-story, high-stoop stone residence for sale; liberal terms. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., No. 11 Pine-st. and No. 226 5th-av.

FIFTH-AV. BIJOU RESIDENCE—Charming position; extraordinarily well planned; very reasonable price and terms, to insure speedy sale. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., No. 11 Pine-st., and No. 226 5th-av.

THIRTY-NINTH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Comfortable and choicely-located dwelling, 21.6x 55; lot 100 feet; a bargain at $35,000. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., No. 11 Pine-st.; Branch office, No. 226 5th-av.

AN ENTIRE BLOCK OF UNIMPROVED City land, splendidly located, with an immense prospective increase within the year; one-third cash required; price low, to effect speedy sale. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN WEST 44TH-ST., FIRST-class three-story and basement high-stoop brown-stone houses, Nos. 243 to 253; 20x50 and 18.9x50; prices $17,000 and $18,000. Inquire on premises, or of JAMES HENDERSON, No. 292 7th-av.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A THREE-story, high-stoop brick house, 20x50x75, on West 13th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.: price for sale, $16,000; price to rent, $1,600 per annum. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—VERY DESIRABLE LOTS ON 147th-st., (near the Grand Boulevard,) with handsome water front. Inquire of G. A. REES, No. 147 William-st.

FOR SALE — THE FOUR-STORY BRICK store and lot No. 146 Chambers-st., at a very reasonable price. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A THREE-story high-stoop brick house in West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.; price asked, $17,000; terms very easy. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 56TH-ST., BETWEEN, 5TH and 6th avs., a first-class four-story and basement brown-stone house; small size; price $40,000. Apply to GEO. MOORE, West Side Bank.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-ONE YEARS' LEASE of two lots in 46th-st., near Broadway, desirable for tenement, factory, or stable purposes; no restrictions. JAMES THOMSON, No. 185 8th-av.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, THE property Nos. 142, 144 and 146 Wooster-st, 65x100. For particulars apply to ALLEN, DOOLEY & HENRIQUES, No. 96 Broadway.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE, CITY AND COUNTRY PROPERTY.

Three-story brown-stone house and lot, No. 110 East 80th-st., 18.4x46x102, $17,000.

150 acres valuable land on North River, two miles below Peekskill; elegant building sites.

Four-story house and lots on Stuyvesant-st., running through to 9th-st., 50 feet on each street.

Mansion and forty acres (500 lots) at Whitestone; elevated land, and near depot; large orchard, gardens, full assortment of fruit in bearing; all in good order.

House, lot, and stable at Elizabeth, N. J.: two-story and French roof; desirable situation on Grier-av., 58.9x200, $14,000.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

House and lot No. 561 Grand-av., Brooklyn, two story, frame, $5,500.

House and lot No. 545½ Hancock-st., Brooklyn, two story, French roof, $5,500.

House and lot No. 92 Hopkins-st., Brooklyn, two story, frame, $3,000.

House and lot No. 83 Hewes-st., Brooklyn, two story, brick, $6,000.

Usual brokerage allowed for actual sale.

Apply to TATHAM & BROTHERS, No. 82 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE—ON 4TH-AV., NEAR 2D-ST., Mount Vernon, N. Y., a lot 75x105 feet, containing two buildings, suitable for a school, keeping boarders or other business; house contains ten rooms; other building, 20x28 feet, now used as a school-room. Apply on the premises to C. W. WATERHOUSE.

FIFTY-THIRD-ST., BETWEEN MADIson and 5th avs., and corner; full-size residences, newly erected with great care, embodying all the most approved and modern appliances, and planned with skill, for sale to close estate. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., No. 11 Pine-st.; Branch office, No. 226 5th-av.

A DESIRABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY for sale to close a copartnership, No. 300 Canal-st.; five story brown stone, 27.3x about 59 feet, running through to Lispenard, only 125 feet west of Broadway. Terms to suit. WM. H. ALLEN, No. 5 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE elegant four-story brown-stone house, on the north side of 74th st., third house west of Madison-av.; size, 25x60; lot 102; finished in hard-wood in the most superb manner. Party will be on the premises to show the same every afternoon from 1 to 5 o'clock.

FOR SALE.—FOUR-STORY BASEMENT and subcellar brown-stone front house and lot on Madison-av., near 42d-st., house in perfect order and elegantly furnished throughout. For further particulars and permits apply to ALLEN, DOOLEY & HENRIQUES, No. 96 Broadway.

SOME VERY FINE HOUSES STILL remain unsold, near 5th-av., on 38th, 41st, 44th, 45th, 46th, 48th, 49th, 52d, 53d, 54th, 56th, 57th, 63d, 66th sts., from 16 feet to 27 feet wide, all first-class build and finish, at reasonable price. For full particulars apply to W. H. RAYNOR, No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—SPLENDID INvestment; store property on 8th-av., near 23d-st. HINE & PELL, No. 557 6th-av.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE CORNER PROPerty on 6th-av., above 34th-st.; good investment. CHARLES E. WHITE, No. 150 Broadway.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

RAPID TRANSIT.—A NEW THREE-story brick house, 20x38x105, with every improvement, at a bargain; also choice lots, 25x105 feet, under close restrictions, in a first-class neighborhood, near Prospect Park, Brooklyn, and the line of the proposed Rapid Transit Steam Road, for sale at $500 and upward; a splendid opportunity for investment or speculation. Apply at the office of the late A. J. WALKER, No. 112 John-st., New-York, from 12 to 2 o'clock.

JERSEY CITY REAL ESTATE

HOUSES AND LOTS IN ALL PARTS of Jersey City and Hudson County for sale, rent, or exchange. Send stamp for circular or apply to J. M. GIBSON, Auctioneer, No. 27 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

MORRISTOWN

And other points on Morris and Essex Railroad. Improved and Unimproved Property for Sale, Rent, or Exchange. HENRY TAYLOR, No. 112 Broadway, New-York; Morristown, over First National Bank. References—Samuel Sloan, Fuller, Lord & Co., J. Carson Brevoort.

SUMMIT, CHATHAM, MADISON, NEW-JERSEY.

FOR SALE—Houses, villa sites, and farms.
TO RENT—Houses furnished and unfurnished.
FOR EXCHANGE—Several places for City property.
ARCHIBALD GRACIE, Summit, near the station.

HOTEL PROPRIETORS.—WE ARE enabled to offer for sale a fine hotel, with seventeen acres of land, situated at Tarrytown Heights, on the Hudson, and commanding magnificent views of the river and inland country. The property consists of fine new house, fully furnished and containing gas, spring water throughout, and all the modern conveniences; good barns and large cottage in addition; price will be made extremely low and terms unusually easy to proper party. A most favorable chance for somebody. We can show any party looking for such a property why it will be to their interest to purchase this hotel in preference to others. No mosquitoes, fine shade, and drives; perfectly healthy. Photographs of the buildings and surrounding country, and full particulars at the office of F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway, corner of Wall-st.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY IN POUGHKEEPSIE, ON THE CORNER OF WASHINGTON AND MANSION STS.—On the premises is a commodious and attractive dwelling-house, having a dining-room, parlor, and library on the first floor, and five bedrooms on the second; house thoroughly heated by a stationary furnace; in the extension building is a kitchen and wash-room, with two bedrooms; also a carriage-house, wood-shed, a well of water, and cistern. The lot is 78 feet on Washington-st. and 155 on Mansion-st., is covered with fruit and ornamental trees, in short, there are few more convenient places in the city; is distant but two blocks from the Post-office and City Hall. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st., Or branch office, No. 33 East 17th-st., (Union-square,) or to PHILIP HAMILTON, on the premises.

FOR SALE—A FINE STONE RESIDENCE, with thirteen and a half acres of land, situated on the hills of Rockland, near Piermont, fifty minutes from New-York, on the line of the Northern New-Jersey Railroad; the house was built in 1865, by days' work, containing fourteen rooms, hot and cold water, bath-room, &c; it commands an extensive view of the Hudson River and surrounding country; attached to the place is a porter's stone lodge, carriage-house, and grounds, tastefully laid out with a variety of fruit and ornamental trees; location perfectly healthy and desirable in every way; terms reasonable; if not sold by May next, may be rented with furniture. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine st.

FOR SALE—STAMFORD, CONN., THE RESidence of the late Gen. Vinton, situated about three-quarters of a mile from the railroad station; three acres of ground, laid out with fruit, shade, and ornamental trees; also, hot and cold grapery and green-house; excellent kitchen garden. The house is commodious and convenient, containing furnace, gas, hot and cold water, bath-room, &c.; also, billiard-room. The out-buildings consist of stable, carriage and gardener's house. The furniture will be sold with the house, if desired. Immediate possession may be had. Inquire of JOSEPH LEE, executor, No. 296 Broadway; D. H. ARNOLD, No. 382 5th-av.; or G. SPAULDING, at depot, Stamford, Conn.

GREENWICH, CONN.—COUNTRY RESIdence of the subscriber, with 5 acres of land. House 50x45 feet and extension 30x22 feet; planned by Calvert Vaux. Built in best manner and in fine order, having every convenience, together with never-failing supply of purest water, stables, carriage-house, and out-buildings. Ground laid out in lawn, walks, and flower-beds, evergreens, shrubs, and shade-trees. Garden stocked with every variety of fruits. Price much less than cost. Terms very easy. Apply to FRANCIS TOMES, No. 104 Broadway.

AT ELIZABETH, N. J.—FOR SALE OR exchange for house of equal value on west side of New York, a neat double frame dwelling, in perfect order, containing eleven rooms, furnace, elevated range, hot and cold water, stationary tubs, bath, closets, gas and fixtures, marble mantels, grates, burglar alarm, shades, &c; lot 50x145, handsomely laid out with concrete walks, fountain, grape arbor, fruit, lawn, &c.; price $15,500. J. M. MEEKER & SONS, No. 223 Broad-st., opposite depot, Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE—AT FORT WASHINGTON, ON King's Bridge road, (Broadway Boulevard,) a new Mansard roof, double frame house, filled in with brick, containing twelve rooms, together with eight lots of land. The house has all improvements, such as hot and cold water, range, stationary tubs, furnace, bells, gas-fixtures, dumb-waiter, &c.; marble mantel and grate in each room; will be sold to a prompt purchaser considerably under its value. Address M. E. H., Box No. 174 *Times* Office.

FORTY MINUTES FROM NEW-YORK.—Fine country residence, situated near depot on Central Railroad of New-Jersey; good schools, churches, and stores are in the neighborhood; house contains all modern improvements except gas; grounds 100x200, finely laid out, with variety of fruit and ornamental trees; high land and good drainage; price $10,000; liberal terms. Apply to A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-st.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—THE AMELIA Hotel, Amelia Court-house, Virginia, thirty miles from Richmond, on Richmond and Danville Railroad, containing sixty rooms, with brick stores on street, and 180 acres of land, adjoining depot and Court-house. Apply to A. V. SCOTT, Amelia Court-house, Virginia, or S. B. SCHIEFFELIN, No. 15 East 26th-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—IN WOODSTOCK, WITHIN one mile of Harlem Bridge, a very elegant, well-situated (and in an advancing neighborhood as to future prospects) place of 3½ acres. The house is nearly new, just been overhauled, and is in the most perfect order; will be sold at a bargain. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 103 Broadway, or Tremont.

ORANGE, N. J.—EAST ORANGE, WEST Orange, Orange Valley, Orange Mountain, Llewellyn Park, Montrose, Bloomfield, and Mont Clair properties of all descriptions for sale and exchange; houses, furnished and unfurnished, to rent. Apply to S. D. CONDIT, Brick Church Station, Orange.

TARRYTOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE and To Let.—Furnished and unfurnished houses, and fine country-seats with good river views. Address or apply to HOLMES & WHITE, Tarrytown, on Hudson.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD GRAIN and grazing farm of 135 acres, well wooded and watered, near good stations and markets, in Columbia County, N. Y. For particulars, address E. DE YOE, Ramseys, Bergen County, N. J.

FOR SALE IN PLAINFIELD, N. J.—Fine store property in centre of the city; lot 28x200 feet; barn in rear; near depot; macadamized street; no better location in the city; price $11,000. Address Box No. 4 0 Plainfield Post-office, New Jersey.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

The homestead of the late A. G. Hazard, in the centre of the beautiful town of Enfield, Conn., about nine miles from Springfield and seventeen miles from Hartford. It comprises about forty-five acres of land fronting on Enfield-st., and all the buildings desirable for a gentleman's residence; is situated near churches, schools, and the Post-office, and about a mile from the Springfield and Hartford Railroad Depot. The location is healthful and pleasant, and only a half mile distant from the "Enfield Rapids," on the Connecticut River. The grounds are handsomely laid out and well supplied with fruit and ornamental trees, hedges, and greenhouses. The house is of brick, stuccoed; has stone foundations, underpinning and trimmings, is comparatively new and in perfect repair, built in the most thorough and substantial manner, elegantly finished, has all the modern conveniences and improvements, contains twenty-five good-sized rooms, two furnaces, bath-rooms, &c., and hot and cold water are carried into every part of the house. It has but few equals as a desirable country residence for a gentleman's family.

Terms easy, or will exchange for other real estate or securities.

For further information, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or E. W. BOND, Springfield, Mass.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A FORTUNE.

For sale—A magnificent plot of ground, containing 2,000 city lots, located on Long Island, only twenty minutes from the Williamsburg Ferries by steam. The property is delightfully situated and is all high, dry, and healthy. There are three steam lines of railroad which bound it; also two lines of horse-cars running to it—fare only five cents. Distance from New-York City Hall the same as 118th-st. This is one of the best opportunities for a safe speculation ever offered. For particulars and terms apply to F. A. BATCHELDER, No. 4 Exchange Court.

$12,000.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A desirable fifty-acre farm, two and a half miles from Middletown, Orange County, New-York, a flourishing village containing 1,000 inhabitants: it is in a very healthy and beautiful country; no fever and ague, or mosquitoes, and commands extensive views; good house, with fine new barn, and will be sold with horses, cows, poultry, farming utensils, &c. For an interview address the owner, C. C. C., No. 55 John-st., New-York.

AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE FOR SALE, overlooking the Hudson River at Bull's Ferry, (or Shady Side,) containing about four acres of land; nice dwelling with out-buildings complete; grounds handsomely laid out; plenty of fruit; only thirty minutes from New-York by boat foot of Spring and 34th sts.; also steam and horse cars convenient to premises. Would exchange for City property. WM. H. ALLEN, No. 5 Pine-st.

MONTHLY PAYMENTS FOR AN elegant house; eight rooms, bath, water-closets, elevated oven-range, wash-trays, &c., &c.; only $50 a month, without interest, and $750 down will buy it, with two lots, on sewered street, four minutes from depot, at Whitestone, Long Island, one hour from City Hall by forty-one trains daily, from 6 A. M. to midnight; a year's commutation free. Call on H. K. VAN SICLEN, No. 133 Nassau-st., and get free pass.

FOR SALE AT NEWARK, N. J.—A THREE-story brick house, with twelve or thirteen rooms, heater, bath, hot and cold water, gas, laundry; subcellar under whole house, with cemented bottom; in an excellent neighborhood, within three blocks of Newark and New-York Railroad depot; price, $17,000; mortgage, $5,000. Inquire of C. O. BAKER, No. 15 Wall-st.

TO HOTEL KEEPERS.—A LARGE first-class hotel at Greenwich, Conn., containing ninety rooms and three large stores; all modern improvements; with large livery stable and about three acres of land; for sale or exchange for good tenement property, and will give some cash, or will rent to a good party. Further particulars with JOHN S. PIERCE, No. 106 Broadway, corner of Pine-st.

COUNTRY-SEAT.—ORANGE, N.J., MOUNtain side—Elegant residence; roomy, substantial; all modern improvements; three and a half acres; fine lawns; fruit, forest shade; large stable with billiard-room; views unsurpassed; macadamized road to depot; for sale at a sacrifice; photographs, particulars. HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., or Orange, opposite depot.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST-class property in Harrison, Westchester County, N. Y., twenty-five acres; fruit of all kinds, nice buildings. Sound view, and every way a very desirable place; cheap, terms easy. Inquire of Dr. H. BENT, Purchase Post-office, or REED & HOYT, No. 229 Broadway.

ONLY $400 DOWN AND $40 A MONTH will buy a good house of seven rooms in Garden Park, at Whitestone, Long Island, in sight of depot, one hour from City Hall by forty-one trains daily, from 6 A. M. to midnight. Price $4,200; one year's fare free. Call on H. R. VAN SICLEN, No. 133 Nassau-st., and get free pass.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AT SOUTH Norwalk, Conn., containing thirteen rooms, forty-four miles from New-York by New-Haven Railroad, delightfully situated; lot 158x200; with barn, and abundance of choice fruit; price, $6,500. Apply to S. G. HYATT, No. 365 Broadway, or C. M. LAWRENCE, on premises.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—At a bargain, a very desirably located country-seat: good house, eleven rooms, bath, hot and cold water, with three or twenty acres; fruit and shade trees, ice-house, &c., &c.; with furniture and horses, carriages, &c., &c., if desired. S. EDDY & CO., No. 1 Park place.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON STATEN Island, within thirty minutes of Wall-st., desirable residences, with fine view, and park attached; terms of sale easy; rents low. Further particulars at the office of the estate of ERNEST FIEDLER, No. 32 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE AT South Norwalk, Conn., 1½ hours from New-York, New-Haven Railroad, a first-class residence; large house, all modern improvements; high ground. Address M. E. MEAD, South Norwalk, Conn., or Box No. 599 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—ONE OF the most beautiful country-seats in the town of Harrison, Westchester County. Apply at No. 103 Fulton-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

FOR SALE.—TWO-STORY NEW HOUSE, 26x32 feet, within 200 yards of Oceanport Depot, New-Jersey Southern Railroad; price, $3,600. Apply to Z. M. BRIGGS, Oceanport, N. J.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—VERY DESIRABLE furnished or unfurnished houses, first-class location, for sale or rent at reasonable figures. EBEN APPLETON, No. 6 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY, SPECIALTY.—Great variety property to rent, sell and exchange. Call for rent and sale catalogues, GERRY, No. 39 Nassau, corner Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN IF SOLD IMmediately, two lots, 50x100, at Chatham, N. J.; price, $300, part cash. Address O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO VERY VALUABLE farms near Sing Sing; splendid river and inland views; contents 160 and 116 acres. Reference, GEO. D. ARTHUR & CO., No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

NEWARK.—FOR SALE—A LOT IN FINE location, near Chestnut-street depot; would exchange for equity in nice cheap house and lot. Address J. M., Box No. 4,984, New-York.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TWO MILLION DOLLARS.

GREAT CLOSING OUT TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY,
Belonging to the
CHICAGO LAND COMPANY,
AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON WEDNESDAY,
THE 18TH DAY OF JUNE, 1873.

By the articles of the association of said company, it is provided that all the property in the hands of the trustees in the month of June, 1873, must be sold at auction for cash, to close the trust.

The realty is centrally located in the CITY OF CHICAGO, and is valued at $1,300,000, and composed largely of river and canal frontage, docked and ready for immediate use. Also, a large number of vacant lots in the immediate vicinity of the docks, all well adapted for business purposes.

The title to this property is unquestioned, having been held and owned by the association for twenty years.

The personal property consists of notes bearing seven per cent. interest, having from one to five years to run, and amounting to about $700,000. These notes were received for deferred payments on land bought from the company by the makers thereof, and their payment is secured by mortgage on the same. TERMS OF SALE CASH. The personal property will be ready for transfer and delivery immediately after the sale. Purchasers of realty will be required to make a deposit on the day of sale of ten per cent. on the amount of their purchases, the balance to be paid within thirty days, or as soon after the sale as deeds can be made out and delivered.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, }
L. S. BEECHER, } Trustees.
GEORGE WATSON, }

H. B. BOGUE, Secretary.
CHICAGO, March 12, 1873.
Office with Ogden, Sheldon & Co., Room No. 24, No. 173 La Salle-st.

S. DINGEE, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE HARLEM PROPERTY.

DINGEE, PORTER & CO. will sell at auction, THURSDAY, March 27, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Sale-room, No. 111 Broadway, three three-story and basement (first-class) brown-stone dwellings, on south side of 120th-st., 110 feet east of 2d-av., each 19.6x46x½ block; 16-inch walls; convenient to boats and cars; very easy terms.

One three-story and basement frame (filled in) house, all modern improvements, No. 46 West 132d-st., near 6th-av. Boulevard, 18.9x45x½ block.

Also, ten lots, forming easterly front on Avenue A, between 113th and 114th sts. and fronting proposed East-side Boulevard, ready for improvements, and one lot west side Avenue A, with two-story frame dwelling, 18x55x69 feet. Particulars of DINGEE, PORTER & CO., No. 2,308 3d-av. and No. 82 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

PARTITION SALE OF VALUABLE CANAL-STREET PROPERTY.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 2, at 12 M., at the Exchange Sales-room:

CANAL-STREET.—The five-story brown-stone factory No. 438 Canal-st., running through to Vestry, 25x99, building covering entire lot, and now used as a furniture manufactory; Trinity Church lease; fourteen years to run; terms easy. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PLOT ON 23D AND 24TH STS., NEAR 6TH-AV., AT AUCTION.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction, THURSDAY, March 27, at 12 noon, a plot of ground, 50 feet on 23d-st. and 68 feet 8 inches on 24th-st., running through 209 feet of 6th-av; on said lot are seven brick houses; a most valuable property for public building or for manufacturing purposes.

Maps and particulars at C. S. PECK & CO.'S, No. 181 5th-av., or at the office of auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer.

NO. 104 6TH-AV., AT AUCTION—BY ORDER OF EXECUTRIX.

D. M. SEAMAN will sell, on TUESDAY, March 25, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order executrix of Galen Hunter, deceased, the three-story brick house and store No. 104 6th-av., east side, between 8th and 9th sts; lot 20x77.7; building covers nearly entire lot; well arranged, large number of rooms and modern improvements; fifty per cent. on mortgage. Maps, &c., at office of auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF THE MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE

POST ESTATE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 1, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,

(By order of the heirs of Joel Post, deceased,)

THIS VALUABLE ESTATE,

Comprising

165 LOTS,

is most beautifully located on

THE RIVERSIDE PARK

and

BOULEVARD

and on

CLERMONT-AV.,

between 129th and 127th sts.

65 OF THE LOTS:

Front the Riverside Parkand Hudson River,

Commanding a Magnificent View of Both.

That this Park and the Boulevard running along its eastern boundary are destined to become in a very short time

THE FAVORITE RESORT

of New-Yorkers and strangers visiting the City, drawn thither by the

BEAUTY OF ITS DRIVES

and ever-changing

PANORAMIC VIEWS,

will not admit of a doubt. Equally certain is it that these same reasons will cause lots fronting on and adjacent to the Park to be sought after with greater avidity than was ever shown to obtain them on Central Park.

A RAPID TRANSIT ROAD,

the construction of which seems to be almost a certainty, will bring this property, in point of time, much nearer the business portion of the City than 14th-st. now is.

The sale will be

PEREMPTORY.

TITLE INDISPUTABLE, having been in the Post family for a great number of years.

SEVENTY PER CENT. MAY REMAIN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

Printed abstracts of title will be furnished free of charge.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT RIVERDALE, ON THE HUDSON RIVER.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 3, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

The property of H. L. Atherton, Esq., at Riverdale, 338 lots, comprising the land on Riverdale, River, and Palisade avenues; laid out in 5 plots, and 11 plots on Broadway and the old post-road.

One of the plots on River-av., includes the house, stable, and out-buildings and 29 lots. The house has gas, water, burglar-alarm, and all modern improvements, and is in excellent order for immediate occupation.

Two plots on Palisade-av., one on River-av., and one on Riverdale-av., have fine river views; trees set out, and are ready for immediate improvement.

Also, one eleventh of an undivided interest in the dock and water-right at Riverdale Station.

Also, two houses on the old Post Road, with large plots, and several villa plots on Broadway, beautifully situated, with fine trees, and near the Boston and New-York Railroad Company, now building. Distance thirty-six minutes to 30th-st. or 42d-st., and by elevated railroad one hour to Wall-st. Full particulars and permits to see the house can be obtained at the office of the auctioneers.

Seventy per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage for three years.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY, NOS. 49 AND 51 JANE-STREET.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at public auction at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Monday, the thirty-first day of March, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, all that lot of land in the City of New-York, beginning on the northerly line of Jane-street, ninety-eight feet and six inches easterly from Hudson-street, running thence easterly along Jane-street twenty-five feet, thence northerly eighty-eight feet three inches, thence westerly twenty-four feet five inches, and thence southerly ninety-one feet to the point of beginning.

Also, all that other lot in said City beginning on said northerly line of Jane-street, one hundred and twenty-three feet and six inches easterly from Hudson-street, running thence easterly along Jane-street twenty-seven feet and six inches, thence northerly eighty-eight feet, thence westerly twenty-seven feet and six inches, and thence southerly eighty-eight feet and three inches to the point of beginning.

On No. 49 is a four-story and basement double tenement, and on No. 51 is a five-story double-tenement house; both are in good order, with a good class of tenants. A large portion of the purchase-money may remain on bond and mortgage. For further particulars apply to FLANAGAN, BRIGHT & MARTIN, Attorneys, No. 31 Nassau-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTRIX'S SALE OF FIRST-CLASS HOUSE AND LOT, No. 44 Pierrepont-st., BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executrix of John A. Newbould, deceased:

PIERREPONT-ST—The four-story brown-stone-front house and lot situate on the southerly side of Pierrepont-st., between Hicks and Henry sts., and known as No. 44, lot 25.6x100, with lot on rear fronting on Montague-st., 25x100. The house has basement and subcellar, is 25 feet 6 inches front by 80 feet in depth, including the two-story extension, and contains modern improvements. It was built in the most substantial manner, (under the direction of Richard Upjohn, architect,) with 24-inch walls, laid in cement, fine high basement and brown-stone steps of easy grade to the first floor. The neighborhood is first-class in every respect, and is restricted against nuisance. Terms liberal.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON CARMINE AND WILLETT STS. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, 111 Broadway;

CARMINE-STREET.—The four-story brick house and lot, situate on the southerly side of Carmine-st., between Bleecker-st. and Minetta-lane, and known as No. 10; lot 22x100 feet.

WILLETT-STREET.—The two lots, together with the two two-story and attic brick-front houses on the front, and the buildings on the rear thereof, situate on the easterly side of Willett-st., between Grand and Broome sts., and known as Nos. 10 and 12; lots each 25x100 feet.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOT, WITH HOUSE AND STABLE, NO. 321 WEST 11TH-ST., AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, 111 Broadway.

WEST ELEVENTH-ST.—The lot of land, with the three-story brick house on the front, and two-story brick stable on the rear thereof, situate on the northerly side of West 11th-st., between Greenwich and Washington sts., and known as No. 321. House contains modern improvements, and has alley underneath to stable. This property is very desirable for carmen or hackmen. Lot 32x95 feet.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 110 EAST 38TH-st., at auction.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

EAST THIRTY-EIGHTH-STREET.—The four-story English-basement brown-stone-front house and lot, situate on the south side of East 38th-st., between Park and Lexington avs., and known as No. 110. House about 55 ft. deep, and contains modern improvements. Lot 20x98.9.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE PROPERTY NO. 129 WEST BROADWAY.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, 111 Broadway:

WEST BROADWAY—The two-story brick house (with store) and lot, situate on the easterly side of West Broadway, between White and Walker sts., and known as No. 129. Lot 18.9x100 feet.

SALE OF THE UNITED STATES ARSENAL AT ROME, N. Y.

ORDNANCE OFFICE,
WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 20, 1873. }

In pursuance of law, and by direction of the Secretary of War, the lands and buildings of the United States, at Rome, N. Y., known as Rome Arsenal, will be sold by public auction, on the grounds, on MONDAY, June 2, 1873, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.

The terms of sale, as prescribed by law, are one-fourth cash at the time of sale, and the remainder on a credit of one, two, and three years, with interest at six per centum per annum, secured by bond and surety from the purchaser.

Circulars giving detailed description of the property may be had upon application to this office, or to the Commanding Officer of Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y., or to Col. S. Crispin, Army Buildings, New-York City.

The property may be inspected upon applying to the non-commissioned officer in charge.

A. B. DYER.
Chief of Ordnance, United States Army.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Real Estate and General Auctioneer, No. 79 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

THE EXECUTOR'S SALE OF THE homestead estate of the late Moses Taylor, at Norwood, is postponed, in consequence of the storm, to TUESDAY, March 25, 1873, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises. Take 1½ P. M. train from foot Chambers-st., New York.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

S. J. GOODENOUGH, Auctioneer.

BY GOODENOUGH & WEBER, AUCtioneers and brokers, No. 111 Broadway—Sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, and household furniture, at owners' residences,

WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON TUESDAY, March 25, 1873,

At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

The following valuable 9th-av. property, near the Grand Opera-house, consisting of three new four-story brown-stone stores and French flats, situated on the easterly side of the 9th-av., 22 feet northerly from 23d-st., being numbered 214, 216, and 218.

Maps and particulars at the office of the auctioneers, No. 111 Broadway.

SALE OF THE UNITED STATES ARSENAL AT VERGENNES, VT.

ORDNANCE OFFICE WAR DEPARTMENT, }
WASHINGTON, D.C., March 20, 1873. }

In pursuance of law, and by direction of the Secretary of War, the lands and buildings of the United States at Vergennes, Vt., known as the Champlain Arsenal, will be sold by public auction on the grounds on FRIDAY, June 6, 1873, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.

The terms of sale, as prescribed by law, are one-fourth cash at the time of sale, and the remainder on a credit of one, two, and three years, with interest at six per centum per annum, secured by bond and surety from the purchaser.

Circulars giving detailed description of the property may be had upon application to this office, or to the commanding officer at Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y., or to Col. S. CRISPIN, Army Buildings, New-York City.

The property may be inspected upon applying to the non-commissioned officer in charge.

A. B. DYER.
Chief of Ordnance, United States Army.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET FURNISHED.

The residence of the late Jesse W. Benedict, at Audubon Park, Washington Heights, New-York City. This property occupies the entire block between 155th and 156th sts., and has a frontage on the Hudson with a commanding view both up and down the river; the house is large, and in perfect order; Croton water, gas, and every convenience and improvement; the stable is first-class; accommodation for six horses; grounds tastefully laid out with a great variety of shade trees; fountain, Summer-house, and everything requisite for an elegant residence.

For further particulars apply to
COLEMAN BENEDICT, No. 14 Broad-st., or
PETER CARTER, No. 530 Broadway,
Executors.

TO LET OR LEASE—A HOUSE ON Davis-av., West New-Brighton, about six minutes' walk from Sailor's Snug Harbor Landing, twelve rooms, with all modern improvements; about three-quarters of an acre of ground; a most desirable residence. Can be let furnished or unfurnished. Apply to BENJ. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 8 Pine-st., or H. P. DELAFIELD, No. 54 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—RESidence of the late R. R. Morris, at Pelham, Westchester County, adjacent to Pelham Bridge, containing six bedrooms, dining, sitting, and drawing rooms, kitchen and servants' rooms, laundry, stable; perfectly healthy, excellent water, bathing, fishing, and boating; convenient to steam-boat and railroads. Apply to C. D. BURRILL, No. 68 William-st., or W. & E. CRUIKSHANK, No. 55 Broadway.

TO LET OR LEASE—HOUSE AND 56 lots, with stable and coachman's cottage, on 6th-av., between 1st and 2d sts., at present occupied by Alderman Richardson; the house is large, has all modern conveniences, and will be rented furnished for a term of years; location desirable. WYCKOFF & JAMES, No. 203 Montague-st. and No. 399 Flatbush-av.

A SMALL HOUSE OF EIGHT ROOMS, IN the City, to let at $60 per month, would leave you nothing to show for your money; but such a house can be bought for $50 a month, without interest, and $750 cash, at Whitestone, Long Island, and you would own it in five years. One year's commutation free. Call on H. K. VAN SICLEN, No. 133 Nassau-st., and get free pass.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, ONE MILE south of Newburg, on the Hudson River, the residence of the late Philip Verplanck, comprising the dwelling, out-buildings, garden, lawn, &c.: rent $200 per month; the house is large, and commands views of the Hudson River and Highlands. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT MONTROSE, N.J., ORANGE Mountain, two large places for family boarding-houses, one hour from New-York. Barclay and Christopher sts. ferries; sixteen trains daily; the healthfulness and popularity of the whole neighborhood from Llewellyn Park to Seton Hall College is beyond question. VOSE & McDANIEL, 8 Pine-st.

TO RENT—FULLY FURNISHED—THE first-class full-size high-stoop stone front house, completely and fully furnished, No. 36 West 19th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; to rent to a private family only; rent, $5,000 per annum. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.; or, E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT DOBBS' FERRY, ONE MILE from Hudson River Railroad Depot, and one hour from Grand Central Depot, this City, a nice country seat; ample grounds, fine old shade-trees, with exquisite river and landscape views; rent, $1,000. D. O. BRADLEY, No. 20 Broad-st., Room No. 42.

TO LET—AT WOODLAWN, HARLEM RAILroad, half mile west of depot, a large furnished house, with lawn, garden, carriage-house, and stable; plenty of fruit and shade. Apply to S. M. VALENTINE, No. 177 Madison-av., or No. 34 Burling-slip, up-stairs.

A COUNTRY-SEAT TO LET—FURnished, at Throgg's Neck, Westchester; large house, City conveniences, stable, plenty of fruit, ample ground, &c.; desirable residence; will let for the season. **OGDEN & CLARK, Broadway, corner of 17th-st.**

TO LET—FURNISHED, FROM 1ST MAY next, in Greene-av., Brooklyn, (on the hill,) a three-story brown-stone house; convenient to Fulton and Wall-street ferries; terms reasonable to a desirable tenant. Apply to G. T. BONNER, No. 20 Broad-st., New-York.

A NUMBER OF HANDSOME FURNISHED and unfurnished residences at Fort Washington, Carmansville, and Inwood, to let, from $1,000 to $4,500. G. LESPINASSE, No. 112 Broadway.

A HANDSOME FURNISHED HOUSE IN 43d-st., between 5th and Madison avs.; size, 22x 60; four stories, high stoop; to let or lease by G. LESPINASSE, No 112 Broadway.

MORRISTOWN.—TO RENT FOR SUMMER season; large, spacious mansion; sixteen rooms; all modern improvements; two acres; garden, splendid variety fruit; stables, use of cow and horse. Address CONDICT, Box No. 15, Morristown, N. J.

TO RENT—FOR PRIVATE FAMILY ONLY, the five-story English basement house, No. 43 West 19th-st.; is in excellent order, and has every modern convenience. For permits, apply to HENRY TAYLOR, Real Estate, No. 112 Broadway.

MORRISTOWN, MADISON, AND VIcinity.—Country-seats and cottages to rent for Summer months or year; residence for sale or exchange. J. HENRY JOHNSON, No. 98 Broadway.

HOUSE NO. 140 WEST 4TH-ST. TO let or lease, on south side, between Macdougal-st. and 6th-av., near Washington-square. Apply to owner, ROBERT I. BROWN, No. 20 Nassau-st.

TO RENT.—$300.—AT FANWOOD, ONE hour from City, by New-Jersey Central Railroad. House seven rooms, barn, and ten acres land. Address H. E. N., Post Office Box No. 2,693 New-York.

TO LET—THE BROWN-STONE FOUR-story house No. 165 East 60th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs. For permit, apply to ZOPHAR MILLS, No. 310 Lexington av., or No. 144 Front-st.

TO LET—A FINE COTTAGE HOUSE AND stable adjoining, 79th-st., near Madison-av.; sixteen rooms; grounds ornamentally laid out; 50x100. HINE & PELL, No. 557 6th-av.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE THREE-story brown-stone house No. 136 East 58th-st., on the south side, second house east of Lexington-av. Apply to owner, ROBT. I. BROWN, 20 Nassau-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO LET OR LEASE, NO. 112 5TH-AV., EXTRA-WIDE STORE.

This entire building can be leased, or the store and basement without the upper part. Apply to HORACE S. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING. Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

HOTEL AT SAMANA.

To let, an unfurnished hotel on favorable terms. Address Box No. 1,667 New-York Post-office.

TO LEASE—A FOUR-STORY HOUSE ON 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., adapted for piano-forte show-room, carpet warehouse, furniture show-room, picture gallery, or for business purposes generally; house is 25x112.6. Apply to C. A. HUSSEY, No. 82 5th-av.

TO LEASE—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES, the desirable four-story brown-stone-front house No. 51 East 10th-st., second door west of Broadway; size of house, 28x60, with two-story extension; lot 94.9 deep. Apply to WILLIAM & E. A. CRUIKSHANK, No. 55 Broadway.

THE FRONT PART OF FIRST FLOOR, (over store,) long occupied by American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals; finely lighted; commanding situation for office, tailor, milliner, dressmaker; agency, north-east corner (No. 696) Broadway and 4th-st. Inquire on the premises.

HARLEM STORE TO LET OR LEASE, No. 2,268 3d-av., between 123d and 124th sts.; best business block in Harlem, opposite bank, savings bank, and post office. Apply to owner, ROBERT I. BROWN, No. 20 Nassau-st.

FOR CLUB-HOUSE, RESTAURANT, or business purposes, a first-class house on 23d-st., fronting Madison-av. Will be rented for three or five years. **HOLMES BROTHERS, Nos. 46 and 48 East 23d-st.**

TO LET—THE CLIFF HOUSE, RYE, LONG Island Sound, about one hour's ride from New-York by the New-Haven Railroad; boating, bathing, and fishing; also, adjoining cottage, with stable and grounds. Apply at No 11 Wall-st., Room No. 11.

TO RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT STEAM power, the four upper floors of No. 10 Spruce-st., near Printing-house-square. Apply to JAMES H. BENEDICT.

OFFICES TO LET, IN BIBLE HOUSE, 4th-av., 8th and 9th sts. Desirable rooms, having steam heat, can be secured on second or third stories. Apply at Treasurer's Office of American Bible Society.

DOCK PROPERTY TO LEASE—EIGHT lots, 12 feet water. Apply to H. B. SCHOLES, Kent-av. and Rodney-st., Williamsburg.

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS.

LINENS, TOWELINGS, HOUSE-FURNISHING DRY GOODS.

LORD & TAYLOR will offer during the week new lines of **LINENS** and **HOUSE-FURNISHING DRY GOODS**, embracing NOVELTIES in these departments recently imported and added to our stock.

In FRENCH DAMASK TABLE-CLOTHS will be found L'Olymphique, Fleur des Champs, La Ferme, Le Lac, Rosseau, Le Filet, Bouguetiere, and other equally rich and recherché patterns, designed and imported expressly for this house. Also, White and Colored Table-Cloths, fringed and with fancy borders; Après Diner Cloths, Lunch Cloths, with Doylies, Napkins, and Tray Cloths, in all sizes and colors, to match. Also, Huck, Damask, Turkish, Seaside, English Bath, French, German, and English Towels, both white and bordered, with a general assortment of Towels and Towelings of every known description.

Linens for Sheeting, Sheets, Pillow-shams, with artistic monograms, ready-made and to order. Baptiste, plain, figured, and embroidered, together with a full line of Domestic Sheeting, Shirting, Muslins, Flannels, &c., of all known manufacturers, and at lowest market prices.

LORD & TAYLOR,

BROADWAY AND TWENTIETH-ST., GRAND-ST. AND CHRYSTIE.

SPRING FASHIONS 1873

AT THE GREAT EAST SIDE ESTABLISHMENT.

E. RIDLEY & SON,

NO. 309 GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.
TWO FLOORS CROWDED WITH NEW SILKS, FLOWERS, MILLINERY, STRAW AND FANCY GOODS.

1,000 cases NEW ITALIAN and other STRAW GOODS, comprising everything desirable in shape. OUR TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS are of the very highest order, and will be found worthy inspection.

SASH RIBBONS, 6 inches wide, both in Black, Plaids and Plain Colors, 60 cents per yard.

Gros grain Ribbons, 15 cents, 20 cents, 25 cents and 31 cents, from No. 7 to 22.

The very finest grades and shades of all SILK RIBBONS, about half last season's PRICES.

IMPORTED FEATHERS and FLOWERS!!!

SILK, TURQUOIS, desirable colors and shades, 50 cents, 75 cents, 85 cents, and $1 per yard.

100 cartons new DRESS TRIMMINGS, GIMP, and FRINGES. LINES OF REAL LACES, GUIPURE, &c., under regular prices.

SILK PARASOLS, } 50c., 75c., 85c., $1.
SILK PARASOLS, }
LINED PARASOLS, Club Handles.

One of the largest assortments in this City.

OUR SELECTION OF FANCY GOODS, HAT ORNAMENTS, REAL and IMITATION HAIR GOODS, PERFUMERY, SOAP, TOILET ARTICLES, CARVED GOODS, LEATHER SATCHELS, VALISES, SCHOOL BAGS, POCKET-BOOKS, TOYS, &c., will be found unusually large and complete.

Cheap CORSETS, 50c., 65c., 75c., $1 up.

HOSIERY for LADIES, MISSES, and BOYS. PRICES RIGHT.

LISLE THREAD GLOVES, in 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 Buttons, at new prices.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

KID GLOVES.

500 dozens one-button Kid Gloves, 45 cents the pair: desirable colors.

2,000 dozens two-button Kid Gloves, at 75 cents and $1 the pair.

5,000 dozens two-button Kid Gloves, finest shades, at $1 25 and $1 50.

Our own Importation and Manufacture in Europe.

E. RIDLEY & SON,

Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.; Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., Fifth block east from the Bowery.

NEW-YORK DYEING AND PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, STATEN ISLAND. Established in 1819.

No. 98 Duane-st., near Broadway, }
No. 752 Broadway, near 8th-st., } NEW-YORK.
No. 610 6th-av., near 36th-st., }
Nos. 166 and 168 Pierrepont-st., near Fulton, BROOKLYN.
No. 40 North 8th-st., PHILADELPHIA.

DYE, CLEANSE, and REFINISH every variety of Ladies' and Gentlemen's GARMENTS and PIECE GOODS; also, CLEANSE WINDOW-SHADES, CURTAINS, and CARPETS in their usual superior manner. Note.—These are our only offices.

MILLINERY.

GEORGE SLOANE, BROADWAY AND 10TH-ST., WILL OPEN ON

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, March 26 and 27, Trimmed and Untrimmed Bonnets and Round Hats. Also Novelties in Ties, Millinery and Fancy Goods.

PARIS MILLINERY.

Mme. GALOUPEAU, No. 53 East 10th-st. Will open her importation of PARIS MILLINERY for Spring, on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst.

AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM R. HODGES, bankrupt.—This is to give notice that the undersigned, as assignee in bankruptcy of the above-named bankrupt, will sell at public auction, by E. H. Ludlow & Co., Auctioneers, at the Merchants' Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York City, on Monday, the 7th day of April, 1873, all his right, title, and interest in the following described assets of said estate: One note, dated New-York, Jan. 17, 1857, made by L. N. Shaw, for $50; two notes, dated New-York, May 31, 1859, made by Theodore E. Borratt, one for $579 84, and one for $57 50; also the contingent interest in all the assets of the said bankrupt had in his business, carried on in New-Orleans, in the years 1863, 1864, 1865, and 1866; and in Galveston, Texas, in 1865 and 1866, assigned to Charles Hodges, of New-Orleans, in 1866, to secure certain debts in 1865 and 1866.

Terms of sale, cash, and to be confirmed by the court. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.

BANGS & NORTH, Solicitors, &c., No. 137 Broadway. Dated March 24, 1873.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR, }
WASHINGTON, Feb. 28, 1873. }

The Navy Department will offer for sale at public auction, at the United States Navy-yard, Mare Island, California, on the 27th day of March, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., the United States steam-ship *Vanderbilt*, of 3,187 tons measurement.

The vessel and her inventory can be examined at any time, on application to the Commandant of the yard.

The whole amount of the purchase money must be deposited on the day of sale, and the vessel must be removed from the Navy-yard within two weeks from the day of such adjudication.

The government reserves the right to withdraw the vessel from sale at any time, and to reject any bid or offer which is considered inadequate.

By F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT FURNITURE, PIER AND Mantel Mirrors, Piano; Velvet, Brussels and other Carpets; Lace Curtains, parlor, dining-room, bedrooms, &c. Being the entire rich furniture of the Wadsworth House, corner of 5th-av. and 13th-st., on WEDNESDAY, March 26, and THURSDAY, 27th, the entire furniture, consisting of every kind and description of housekeeping goods, some very choice and some of the more medium quality of solid rosewood and black walnut; elegant beds and hair mattresses, wardrobes, book-cases, bureaus, and bedsteads, the whole comprising the furniture of upward of thirty rooms, together with all the china and glassware, silver-plated ware, copperware, &c. Also, all the table cutlery, crockery, office desks, &c., &c. Catalogues at the house on morning of sale, and at the sales-room, No. 53 East 13th-st., near Broadway.

ARCH. JOHNSTON, Auctioneer.

OFFICE AND SALES-ROOM, NO. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office. Horse Auction Mart, Nos. 19 to 25 East 13th-st., near 5th-av.

FANCY FOWLS.

ARCH. JOHNSTON will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, March 28, at 11 o'clock, at his sales-room, No. 37 Nassau-st., forty coops of light and dark Brahmas, Buff and Partridge Cochins, Leghorns, Seabrights, Game, &c. This is a rare opportunity to get the best breeders, and others wishing to obtain good and reliable fowls.

ART SALE.

HIGH CLASS OIL-PAINTINGS AND WATER-COLORS.

The Importation of Messrs. M. KNOEDLER & CO., (Successors to Goupil & Co.,) on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, March 27 and 28, at 12 o'clock, at the Art Gallery, No. 60 Liberty-st., now on exhibition. EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECOMB, THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) March 25, at 11½ o'clock, within their store, fresh Palermo Oranges and Lemons, cargo Johanna Margareta, and can be seen on Pier No. — East River. Also, fresh Naples Oranges and Lemons, cargo Nuova Achille, and can be seen on Pier No. — East River. Also, 1,000 boxes Naples Oranges, balance Matilde, and can be seen at store No. 55 Water-st. Also, fresh Oranges and Lemons, can be seen on Pier No. 15 East River. Also, Valencia and Palermo Oranges and Lemons, ex steamers Cella and Greece.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO. WILL sell at public auction on TUESDAY, April 1, 1873, at 12½ o'clock P. M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, by order of Supreme Court, Wm. J. Preston, receiver, 250 shares of the United States and European Crystallized Egg Company, $10 each.—Dated New-York March 6, 1873. ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., Auctioneers and Brokers, No. 43 Pine-st., New-York.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA, AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY will sell 100,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL, at public auction on WEDNESDAY, March 26, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 26 Exchange-place. SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

A. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BANGS, MERWIN & CO., NO. 694 BROADWAY, corner of 4th-st., will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY, at 4 P. M., new books in great variety, both English and American, comprising popular and desirable works in history, biography, poetry, travel, theology, medicine, and fiction.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS.

Wholesale Department.

We have cheap silk, Millinery, and Straw Goods, Laces Flowers, &c., well worthy inspection. Call.

EDW. RIDLEY & SON,

Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st., Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

The Desbrosses-st. cars, from the corner of Broadway and Grand-st., bring you to the door in four minutes.

KID GLOVES.

Wholesale Department.

We have full lines and are receiving per various steamers from Europe all the new Spring shades in our Monogram and Edward Gloves, acknowledged to be the best

LOW-PRICED KID GLOVES IN AMERICA.

For the convenience of Western and Eastern buyers we have opened an office in Spelman's building,

NO. 369 BROADWAY.

Our stock in Grand-st. comprises over

20,000 DOZENS OF KID GLOVES,

to which we invite special attention.

E. RIDLEY & SON,

Nos. 309, 311, and 311½ Grand-st., Nos. 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70 Allen-st.

Desbrosses-st. cars from corner of Broadway and Grand-st., bring you to the door in four minutes.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Rich Laces, Colored Yaks, Hamburg Edgings, Insertions, &c.

Passementeries, new and desirable, at attractive prices.

MILLER & GRANT, 879 Broadway.

SAMPLES SENT BY MAIL.

DRESS-MAKERS SUPPLIED.

R. BROWN,

NO. 819 BROADWAY,

HAS A COMPLETE STOCK OF
REAL LACES.
IMITN. LACES.
EMBRD. TRIMMINGS,
MACHINE TRIMMINGS,

AT POPULAR PRICES.

ATTRACTIONS INCREASE AT SMITH'S Pattern Bazaar, No. 914 Broadway. Superb costumes! Enchanting novelties! Patterns now ready. Cloth model with each pattern. Come early in the day. A. BURDETTE SMITH, No. 914 Broadway, New-York, near 20th-st.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New-Jersey.—In Bankruptcy.—In matter of HENRY RHINE, bankrupt.—District of New-Jersey, ss.: This is to give notice that on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1873, a warrant of bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of New-Jersey against the estate of Henry Rhine, of Hoboken, in the County of Hudson, in said District of New-Jersey, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Newark, N. J., at No. 661 Broad-street, before Staats S. Morris, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

SAMUEL PLUMMER,
United States Marshal for said district.
Per JOHN C. BAILEY, Deputy.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SIMON BAMBERGER and LEON BAMBERGER, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Simon Bamberger and Leon Bamberger, of the City and County of New-York, of the State of New-York in said district, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them, or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1873, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.

GEORGE H. SHARPE, Marshal—Messenger.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of RICHARD H. HINSDALE and EDWARD E. D. DOUGHTY, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—The said bankrupts having applied to the Court for a discharge from their debts, and each of them having applied for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1873, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 322 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 6, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupts should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts, and each of them.—Dated New-York, 22d February, 1873. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

mh18-law3wTu*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM A. HAYWARD, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 24th day of March, 1873.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the estate and effects of William A. Hayward, of the City and County of New-York, in said District, who was, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1873, adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of the United States, for the said Southern District of New-York. DANIEL P. SMITH, Assignee.

mh 25-law3wTu*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY E. VOGELL, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Henry E. Vogell, of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1873, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.—Dated at the City of New-York, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1873. JOHN K. GOLDSMITH, No. 322 Broadway.

mh11-law3wTu*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN L. R. JENNYS and JOHN L. R. JENNYS, JR., bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John L. R. Jennys and John L. R. Jennys, Jr., of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the — day of March, 1873.

mh25-law3wTu* GEO. H. YOUNG, Assignee.

IN THE MATTER OF DAVID LASKY, —In Bankruptcy.—The undersigned, assignee of the above-named bankrupt, hereby gives notice that he will sell at public auction, at No. 242 Canal-st., New-York City, at 9 o'clock A. M., on TUESDAY, April 1, 1873, a quantity of hats, caps, material, fixtures, &c., comprising the stock of the said bankrupt above-named, being the assets of the said bankrupt in possession of the said assignee.—Dated New-York, March 21, 1873. HENRY CHUCK, Assignee.

J. P. SOLOMON, Attorney for Assignee, No. 322 Broadway, New-York.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—TO BUY, OR HIRE WITH privilege of buying, a good house, eleven or twelve rooms, and not less than two acres of land; must be less than a mile from railroad station, and about an hour from New-York; New-York State preferred; price must be moderate. Apply to E. P. JOHNSON, No. 55 Liberty-st.

WANTED TO HIRE OR BUY—HALF interest in pew in Dr. Hall's Church, corner 19th-st. and 5th-av.; floor or gallery. Address W., Box No. 847 New-York Post-office.

SHIPPING.

CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.

*Cuba, Wed., March 26. | *Russia, Wed'day, April 16.
Abyssinia, Wed., April 2. | Calabria, Sat'day, April 19.
Algeria, Wed., April 9. | Java, Wednesday, April 23.

Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms.

Steerage......$30, currency

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports. For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green. For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP CUBA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 3 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, March 26, 1873.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN,
No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

NATIONAL LINE

OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

GREECE, THOMAS......Wed'day, Mar. 26, at 3 P. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN......Saturday, Mar. 29, at 3 P. M.
CANADA, WEBSTER....Saturday, April 5, at 10 A. M.
FRANCE, THOMSON.....Saturday, April 12, at 3 P. M.
SPAIN, GRACE.........Saturday, April 19, at 10 A. M.

TO LONDON DIRECT.

HOLLAND, BRAGG.....Saturday, April 5, at 11 A. M.

These steam-ships are

THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.

Cabin passage..........$90, $75, and $65, currency
Steerage......$29, currency

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow, Cardiff, Bristol, or London.

CHEAPER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CARRYING THE

UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

CELTIC..........SATURDAY, Mar. 29, at 3 P. M.
ATLANTIC........SATURDAY, April 5, at 11 A. M.
REPUBLIC........SATURDAY, April 12, at 3 P. M.
ADRIATIC........SATURDAY, April 19, 10½ A. M.
BALTIC..........SATURDAY, April 26, at 3 P. M.

From White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; (for sailings after 1st April, $100 gold;) steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York. J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF NEW-YORK....Wed'day, Mar. 26, 2 P. M.
CITY OF PARIS.........Saturday, Mar. 29, 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL...Saturday, April 5, 12 M.
CITY OF BRISTOL........Thursday, April 10, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN....Saturday, April 12, 2 P. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON.Thursday, April 17, 9 A. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN, $85 and $100, gold, according to accommodations. Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol or Cardiff, $30. Prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway.

For Steerage Passage, at No. 33 Broadway.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

Or to
O'DONNELL & FAULK, No. 402 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
M. S. CREAGH, No. 102 State-st., Boston.
F. C. BROWN, No. 86 South Market-st., Chicago.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

ST. LAURENT..........LEMARIE..Saturday, April 5
VILLE DU HAVRE...SURMONT..Saturday, April 19
PEREIRE.............DANRE.....Saturday, May 3

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First cabin..........$125 | Second cabin..........$75

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN. Mar. 26, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH..........April 2, at 9 A. M.
WYOMING, Capt. PRICE............April 9, at 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. MORGAN..............April 16, at ——
MINNESOTA, Capt. T. F. FREEMAN. April 23, at ——
MANHATTAN, Capt. PRICE, JR....April 30, at ——

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL FROM PIER NO. 20 NORTH RIVER, NEW-YORK.

VICTORIA, Sat., Mar. 29 | ANGLIA....Sat., April 5
CASTALIA, Wed. April 2 | OLYMPIA..Wed., April 9

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from any railway station in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, or America, as safely, speedily, comfortably, and cheaply as any other route or line. Tickets, drafts or certificates can be bought at lowest currency rates by applying at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, March 25, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 62 South-st.

MAGNOLIA, Capt. PALMER, THURSDAY, March 27, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, March 29, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, March 29, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS,
Agent A. G. & G. R. R.,
No. 229 Broadway.

GEORGE YONGE,
Agent C. R. R.,
No. 409 Broadway

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

RATES OF FREIGHT REDUCED.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

MERRIMACK, Capt. WEIR..................April 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH.....May 23
ONTARIO, Capt. SLOCUM.......................June 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia, and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

COLUMBIAN MAIL STEAM-PACKET LINE,

FOR MATANZAS AND HAVANA,
Carrying the United States mail.
The first-class side-wheel steam-ship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
Capt. J. W. REYNOLDS,

Will sail from Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst., at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
C. L. GUILLEAUME & CO., Agents,
No. 14 Broadway.

Due notice will be given of next sailing day.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 3 N. River, at 3 P. M., every Thursday.

CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only,)........March 27
CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana, via Nassau.). April 3
CITY OF MEXICO, (Havana and Mexico,). April 10
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only)..........April 17

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS, AND FREIGHT TO
ASPINWALL, PANAMA, SANTA MARTHA, GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU, AND CHILI.

April 5.—Steamer RISING STAR, Capt. S. P. GRIFFIN, will leave Pier No. 42 North River at 12 o'clock noon for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with the steamer CONSTITUTION, Capt. MORSE, touching at Acapulco, Manzanillo, Mazatlan; also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Departures of 10th and 20th each month connect with the Company's steamer, touching at San Benito, Tonata, Salina Cruz, and Port Angel.

Steamer ALASKA will leave San Francisco April 1, 1873, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight, and all further information apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Postponement of sailing—Steamer RISING STAR, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, for Aspinwall, at 12 o'clock noon, SATURDAY, April 5. Steamer OCEAN QUEEN will follow and sail April 19, 1873. F. R. BABY, Agent.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT

AND
PASSENGER LINE,
FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.,
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

SAILING TRI-WEEKLY AT 3 P. M.,
From Pier No. 29 North River.

JAMES ADGER, Capt. T. J. LOCKWOOD, Tuesday, March 25.

GEORGIA, Capt. CROWELL, Thursday, March 27.

MANHATTAN, Capt. M. S. WOODHULL, Saturday, March 29.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

☞ Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Goods forwarded free of commission.

Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of
HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents,
No. 177 West-st., (corner of Warren.)

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South or South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of
BENTLEY D. HASELL,
General Agent Great Southern Freight Line,
No. 317 Broadway.

STATE LINE STEAM-SHIP CO.

NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW,
via LONDONDERRY.

These elegant new Clyde-built steamers will sail from State Line Pier, Martin Stores, Brooklyn, N. Y., for Glasgow, via Londonderry, as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA, 2,500 tons....Wednesday, May 7
GEORGIA, 2,500 tons............Wednesday, June 4
VIRGINIA, 2,500 tons...........Wednesday, June 18

And every alternate Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, and Germany. Drafts for £1 and upward.

For freight or passage apply to
AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., Agents,
No. 72 Broadway.

Steerage passage office, No. 45 Broadway.

RED BALL LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS,

RATES OF PASSAGE REDUCED.
NEW-YORK TO DEMERARA.

Calling at St. Thomas and Barbadoes to land mails and passengers. These first-class, full-powered iron steamers are intended to sail from Pier No. 18 East River, as follows:

LAGOS, Pladen.......................Saturday, April 5
MANDINGO, Spence...............Saturday, April 26

AND EVERY THREE WEEKS THEREAFTER.

These steamers are specially adapted to tropical service, have large state-rooms, bath-rooms and superior ventilation, and take only first-class passengers. A limited amount of cargo will be taken. HORNSTEDT & GARTHORNE, Owners, No. 70 South-st., New-York. For freight or passage apply to
E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 70 South-st., N. Y.

ATLAS STEAM-SHIP COMP'Y

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.
MONTHLY SERVICE TO
JAMAICA, VENEZUELA, WEST INDIES, AND SPANISH MAIN.

The Company's first-class iron steamers will be dispatched (unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances) with the mails, as under:

The steam-ship CLARIBEL, Capt. BAYLEY, for Turk's Island, Kingston, and Savanilla, will sail on March 29.

Loading berth, Pier No. 12, N. R. For freight or passage apply to PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents,
No. 56 Wall-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUpreme Court, held at Chambers thereof, in the Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 17th day of March, 1873, present Hon. Enoch L. Fancher, Justice.—MICHAEL J. LOWE against THE WASHINGTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—On reading and filing the petition of George B. Satterlee, Receiver of the Washington Fire Insurance Company, defendant in the above-entitled action, and it appearing to this Court to be necessary and proper that the prayer thereof be granted, now, on motion of Wm. H. Willis, Jr., attorney for said receiver, it is hereby ordered and decreed that the said receiver have leave, and he is hereby authorized and directed, to pay a dividend of fifty cents on the dollar of the debts of said The Washington Fire Insurance Company, which have been ascertained, to those persons who have exhibited their claims as creditors of said Company, as prescribed in and by original section 79, article 3, chapter 8, title 4, Part III. of the Revised Statutes. And it is further ordered and decreed that a notice be published in the manner hereinafter directed, requiring all the creditors of said The Washington Fire Insurance Company to exhibit their claims and become parties to the above-entitled suit within six months from the first publication of this order. And in default thereof, that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment and decree which shall be made therein, and from any distribution which shall be made under such judgment or decree. And it is further ordered that such notice and a copy of this order be published once a week for six months in the *Daily Register* and *The New-York Times*, two newspapers published in the City of New-York. And it is further ordered that John C. Gray, Esq., a counselor of this Court, be and he hereby is appointed a referee for the purposes of this order. That such publication be made under his direction, and that all such claims be exhibited to said referee. That said referee do hear and determine all such claims as may be contested, and that said referee may report to this Court from time to time upon any or all matters referred to him. And that said receiver be at liberty to apply to this Court for such further directions from time to time as may be proper.

Notice to Creditors of the Washington Fire Insurance Company.—To all whom it may concern: New-York Supreme Court—Michael J. Lowe against The Washington Fire Insurance Company.

Notice is hereby given that an order, of which the foregoing is a copy, has been duly made in the above-entitled action, and that all creditors of said Company are required to exhibit their claims to the undersigned, at his office, No. 9 Nassau-street, in the City of New-York, and to comply with the terms of said order on or before the 25th day of September, 1873.—Dated New-York, March 24, 1873.
mh25-law6mTu. JOHN C. GRAY, Referee.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE of New-York, City and County of New-York.—ELLEN DALE, plaintiff, against ROBERT S. DALE, defendant.—Summons for relief.—[By publication.]—(Com. filed.)—To Robert S. Dale, defendant.—You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 133 Nassau-street, New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Jan. 2, 1873.
GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house, in said City, on the 5th day of February, 1873.
GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
f11-law10wTu

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—JOSEPH RICHARDSON, plaintiff, against EDWARD PRIME, Edward Prime, Jr., and Nathaniel Prime, defendants.—Summons for relief.—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscriber, at his office, No. 9 Pine-street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Feb. 23, 1873.
RICHARD H. BOWNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in the above entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, in the new Court-house in said City, on the 3d day of March, 1873.
RICHARD H. BOWNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.
mh4-law6wTu

IRON WORKS.

IRON FRONTS,

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

IRON-WORK FOR BUILDINGS.

With over thirty years' experience, and one of the most EXTENSIVE and COMPLETE IRON-WORKS in the country, we are prepared to offer EXTRA inducements in FINE IRON-WORK, to ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS, and the public.

JAS. L. JACKSON, & BRO.,
East 28th-st., 2d-av., and East 29th-st., New-York.

PROPOSALS.

BOARD OF ENGINEERS OF THE 4TH-AV. IMPROVEMENT, OFFICE GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT.
NEW-YORK, March 14, 1873.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at this office, until 2 o'clock P. M., of TUESDAY, the 25th inst., for furnishing cast-iron water-pipes, branch-pipes, and special castings, to be delivered in accordance with plans and specifications now in the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Public Works, at No. 235 Broadway. The undersigned reserve the right to reject any and all bids which they may deem prejudicial to the interests represented by them.

ALLAN CAMPBELL,
A. W. CRAVEN,
EDW. H. TRACY,
J. C. BUCKHOUT,
} Board of Engineers 4th-av. Improvement.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West, and South, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5, 7, and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5, 7, 8:30 P. M.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South at 9 A. M., 1, 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8, 9, 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 1, 4, 5, 6, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday, 6, 8:30, and 9 P. M.

For Philadelphia, via Kensington, at 7 A. M. and 2 P. M.

Emigrant and second class, 7:15 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:10, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 9, 10, 11:30, 12 P. M. Sunday, 5:20, 6, 8:10, 9 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:40, 8, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 11:40 A. M., 12 M., 12:30, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30, 12 P. M. Sunday, 5:20, 6, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7, 8, 10, 9:30, and 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:20, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:30, 5:50, 6, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 6 P. M.

For Woodbridge and Perth Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 3:40, 4:30, and 5:50 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 3, 4:10, 5:20, 6, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 6 and 9 P. M.

For East Millstone, 7 A. M., 12 M., 4:10 and 5:20 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Philipsburg and Belvidere, 2 and 4 P. M.

Accommodation for Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 3, 3:40, 4, and 6 P. M.

For Freehold, 7, 8 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Jamesburg, Pemberton, Camden, 6 A. M., 3:40 P. M.

Trains arrive as follows: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 1:03 P. M., daily; 10:14 A. M. and 6:34 P. M., daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:40 A. M., 4:54, 10:12 P. M.; Sunday 6:40 A. M. From Philadelphia, 5:21, 6:50, 10:14, 11:04, 11:54 A. M., 2:14, 3:54, 6:04, 8:43 P. M.; Sunday, 5:21, 6:50, 11:04 A. M.

Ticket offices, Nos. 526, 435, 271, and 944 Broadway; No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery-place.
D. M. BOYD, JR.,
Gen. Pass. Agent.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager.

NEW-YORK MIDLAND RAILWAY. WINTER ARRANGEMENT, taking effect Dec. 2, 1872.

Passenger depots foot Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts. as follows:

For New-Durham and Maywood—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 4:30, 5:30, 6:20, and 11:30 P. M.

For Hackensack, Paterson, Hawthorne, Midland Park, and Wortendyke—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 3:30, 4:30, 6:20, *11:30 P. M.

For Ridgefield Park, Bogota, Rochelle, Dundee Lake, Market Street, and Riverside—7, 10:50 A. M.; 1, 4:30, 5:30, 6:20, 11:30 P. M.

For Wyckoff, Pompton, and Montclair Junction—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 3:30, 4:30, 5:30 P. M.

For Campgaw, Oakland, Bloomingdale, and West Bloomingdale—7, 9:10, 10:50 A. M.; 4:30, 5:30 P. M.

For Smith Mills, Charlotteburg, Stockholm, Snufftown, Ogdensburg, and Quarryville—7, 9:10 A. M. 4:30 P. M.

For New-Foundland, Franklin, Hamburg, Deckertown, Unionville, West Town, Johnson, Slate Hill, Middletown, and Bloomingburg—†7, 9:10 A. M.; 3:30, ‡4:30 P. M.

For Pine Bush, Huntsboro, Fallsburg, Monticello, Liberty Falls, and Ellenville—9:10 A. M.; 3:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Liberty Falls at 6:55 A. M., 1:25 P. M.; Ellenville, 7:42 A. M., 2:15 P. M.; Middletown, 6, 8:55 A. M., 3:37, 5:45 P. M.; West Bloomingdale, 7, 8:20 A. M., 2, 6:04 P. M.; Wortendyke, 6:25, 7:37, 9, 11:23 A. M., 2:37, 4:05, 6:58, 10:50 P. M.; Paterson, 5:43, 6:47, 7:55, 9:19, 11:38 A. M., 2:57, 4:24, 7:15, 11:12 P. M.

Arriving in New-York at 6:55, 8, 9:10, 10:30 A. M.; 12:50, 4:10, 5:40, 8:35 P. M., and 12:50 A. M.

MONTCLAIR DIVISION.

Trains leave New-York, foot Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts., for Montclair, Pompton, and intermediate stations, 9:10 A. M., 4:30 P. M. For Montclair and intermediate stations, 5:30 P. M. Arrive, 8 and 9:10 A. M., 4:10 P. M.

‡ Does not run beyond Middletown.
* Does not run beyond Hawthorne.
† Does not run beyond Bloomingburg.

C. W. DOUGLASS, Superintendent.
WM. H. WEED, General Ticket Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Allentown Line to the West.—Passenger and Freight Depot in New-York, foot of Liberty-st.—Winter Arrangement—Commencing Dec. 16, 1872, leave New-York as follows:

6 A. M.—Way-train for Somerville.

7 A. M.—For Flemington, Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mt. Carmel, Hazleton, Towanda, &c., with through cars to Williamsport: connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9 A. M.—Morning Express, daily (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West; connects at Somerville for Flemington; at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Towanda, Waverley, &c.

10:15 A. M.—Way-train for Somerville.

12 M.—Way-train for Somerville.

12:50 P. M.—For Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:30 P. M.—For Easton, Bethlehem, and Allentown.

3:15 P. M.—For Plainfield.

4 P. M.—For Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk; connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

4:30 P. M.—For Somerville and Flemington.

5 P. M.—For Somerville.

5:15 P. M.—For Plainfield.

5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Bethlehem, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and Chicago.

6 and 6:45 P. M.—For Somerville.

7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant)—For Easton.

9 and 11 P. M.—For Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 6, 6:40, 7, 7:15, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:30, 10:15, 11, 11:45 A. M.; 12 M., 12:50, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:15, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:20, 6:45, 7:15, 7:30, 8:10, 9, 10, 11, 12 P. M.
R. E. RICKER,
Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

Passenger Station in New-York, Grand Central Depot. Entrance on 42d-st.

TRAINS LEAVE NEW-YORK.

Boston Express via Springfield at 8:05 A. M., 3:05, and 8:05 P. M., via Shore Line at 12:20 and 9:07 P. M., all stopping at Stamford, South Norwalk and Bridgeport.

Trains for New-Haven leave at 7:05, 8:05 (Ex.) 11:35 A. M.; 12:20, (Ex.,) 3:52, 4:35, 5:36, 8:05 (Ex.,) 9:07 (Ex.) P. M. Additional to Bridgeport at 9:05 A. M. to South Norwalk at 6:35 P. M., and to Stamford at 10:05 A. M.; 2:20, 4:50, 6, and 7:20 P. M. The 8:05 P. M. Express stops at New-Rochelle and Port Chester, and the 9:07 P. M. Express at Mt. Vernon, Mamaroneck, and Rye.

Sunday Boston Mail Trains at 7:05 P. M. via Springfield and 9:07 P. M. via Providence.

Drawing-room cars on Day Express and Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains.

Tickets can be purchased at ticket office of company at Grand Central Depot, or at offices of New-York Transfer Company, No. 944 Broadway, New-York, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn; who will also check baggage from residence to destination.

For further information of particulars see posters at hotels and depots.
JOHN T. MOODY,
Sup't of N. Y. and N. H. Div.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Commencing on Monday, Nov. 4, 1872. Through Trains will leave Grand Central Depot.

8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.

10.30 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

10.45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

3.40 P. M., Special Express for Albany and Troy.

4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping-cars from New-York to St. Albans.

6.00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping-cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.

8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls: also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads. This train runs on Sundays.

11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.

Trains will leave James slip as follows. (Leave 34th-st., East River, fifteen minutes later.)

8:30 A. M.—Greenport Mail.

10:30 A. M.—Port Jefferson, Northport, Locust Valley, and Rockaway trains.

3 P. M.—Riverhead and Sag Harbor Express trains. (through to Greenport on Saturdays.)

4 P. M.—Port Jefferson, Northport, and Locust Valley Express.

5 P. M.—Hempstead Express.

6 P. M.—Northport and Rockaway Accommodation.

All trains connect at Jamaica with East New-York, and at Mineola with Hempstead.

STEAMBOATS.

NEW WINTER LINE BY STEAMBOATS AND RAILROAD, To HARTFORD, MIDDLETOWN, and all the towns along the CONNECTICUT VALLEY, connecting at Saybrook, with the new Valley Railroad. The steamers consist of the STATE OF NEW-YORK, CITY OF HARTFORD, and GRANITE STATE; one of which leaves Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck slip,) daily (Sundays excepted,) at 3 o'clock P. M.

The cars of the Valley road run alongside of the boats at Saybrook.

Passengers are not subjected to the annoyance and danger of getting to and from 42d-st., nor to expensive hack-hire, or a LONG WALK, to reach the cars at Saybrook.

The boats and cars on this route are first-class. PASSENGERS and FREIGHT, taken as low AS BY ANY OTHER LINE WHATEVER.
WM. H. GOODSPEED, Vice-President.
SAXTON & SEABURY, Freight Agents, 112 South-st.

STEAMER SEA BIRD, FOOT OF Franklin-st., for Red Bank and intermediate landings.

Leave New-York.	Leave Red Bank.
Saturday, March 23, 1 P. M.	Monday, March 24, 1 P. M.
Tuesday, March 25, 2:30 P. M.	Wed'day, March 26, 6:30 A. M.
Wed'day, March 26, 2:30 P. M.	Thursday, March 27, 7 A. M.
Thursday, March 27, 3 P. M.	Friday, March 28, 7:30 A. M.
Friday, March 28, 3 P. M.	Sat'day, March 29, 7:30 A. M.
Saturday, March 29, 3:30 P. M.	Monday, March 31, 7:30 A. M.

FALL RIVER LINE FOR BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT.—The steamers NEWPORT and OLD COLONY, from Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-street, daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 P. M., on and after March 1. Tickets sold to principal points in New-England, the White Mountains, and Provinces.
A. P. BACON, Superintendent.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, and 12 night.

FOR STAMFORD AND GREENWICH—Steamer NELLY WHITE leaves Pier 37, E. R., every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 2½ P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., HAS REmoved his private hospital to the vicinity of his residence, No. 42 Fifth-av. Spacious apartments and competent nurses are provided for those who require careful dietetics or constant surgical attendance. Specialty: The more obscure diseases of the Pelvic Viscera; Hernia and its radical cure; Stricture and its associate disease, Irritability of the Bladder; Varicocele, Hemorrhoids; Fistula and its consequences. Consultations at Dr. D.'s residence from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9, evenings.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES at the TIMES Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; and the TIMES West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

LONDON MADE HARNESS.

A set each of SINGLE DOUBLE and TANDEM, brass and silver mounted, all new and very stylish, for sale at No. 156 East 28th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

A PONY TURNOUT FOR SALE—CONsisting of a beautiful Welsh pony, jet black, six years old, and warranted sound and kind in all harness; can be used by the most timid lady or child; also harness and small phaeton to match, made to order. Apply at private stable, No. 161 East 28th-st.

FOR SALE—A STYLISH GRAY COUPE horse, not equaled in this City; also, a perfectly sound and kind brown horse, used as mate; no fault, the owner leaving the City. Apply before 1 P. M. at private stable, No. 143 West 17th-st.

A STYLISH PAIR OF BLACK HORSES, sixteen hands high, long tails, six years old only, sound and kind every way; also, Brewster landau and elegant harness. Apply at stable No. 128 West 31st-st., or to Mr. COMSTOCK, Grand Hotel.

PRIVATE STABLE TO LET.—29TH-st., between 5th and Madison avs.; 4 stalls and box stall; elevator for carriages; ample room for coachman's family; rent, $1,800. For permit, inquire of M. E. LORD, Nos. 51 and 53 Leonard-st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—STABLE NO. 128 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; 21x92; two stories; terms easy. Apply to Mr. HALL, No. 137 Madison-av., at 9 A. M. or 8 P. M.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE STAble between 23d and 36th sts., 6th and Lexington avs.; immediate occupation. Address, stating terms, &c., No. 56 Broadway, Room No. 4.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

LELAND'S STURTEVANT HOUSE,

BROADWAY, 28th and 29th sts., New-York.
American Plan, with Elevators.
Centrally located, near the depots and theatres.
LEWIS & GEO. S. LELAND, Proprietors.

RESERVOIR-PARK HOTEL,

CORNER 6TH-AV. AND 40TH-ST.,
Opposite Reservoir Park.

Elegant suits of rooms to rent, with board. Also, rooms for single gentlemen. Prices moderate.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the "Times" Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av., And the "Times" West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER

NO. 30 EAST 35TH-ST.

To rent, with board, to a gentleman, a large hall room: references.

STAMMERING.—NEW-YORK STAMMERING INSTITUTE, (established 1870,) Profs. MANN and COLVIN, Managers, No. 107 West 23d-st. References furnished; no instruments, appliances, or medicines used. Boarders taken, and no pay for board or services until cured. Send for prospectus.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, (EUROPEAN plan,) No. 643 Broadway, corner Bleecker-st. Single rooms, $1 per day; family rooms from $10 to $14 per week. Hotel restaurant and newly furnished. All Broadway stages pass the hotel.
GEORGE S. & LEWIS LELAND, Proprietors.

PARTIES SEEKING FURNISHED apartments, with board, can obtain "all particulars" as to location, furniture, references, prices, &c., (a large list of first-class houses,) by applying to WILLIAM J. COLES, No. 1,267 Broadway.

ADJOINING GRAND HOTEL—SUPErior accommodations, with or without private meals, to gentlemen or families; unexceptionable reference exchanged. No. 36 West 31st-st.

FIFTEENTH-ST., BETWEEN 5TH and 6th avs.—Rooms en suite or singly, without board, in a private house. Apply to Everett Library, No. 588 6th-av.

A PARLOR FLOOR, CONSISTING OF four rooms, elegantly furnished with or without private table; from April 1; water and bath. No. 250 Madison-av.

NO. 102 WEST 38TH-ST.—HANDsomely furnished alcove room on fourth floor, with superior board, to a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. References.

NO. 39 WEST 26TH-ST.—ELEGANT double and single rooms; excellent table; prices reasonable; first-class location; conveniences of hotel with quiet of a home.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 351, SECOND DOOR BElow 34th-st.—Handsomely-furnished room and bedroom to rent; with board; also, a single room; references exchanged.

NO. 10 EAST 28TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Pleasant third-story front room; board if desired; no moving in May; first-class references required.

NO. 315 EAST 33D-ST.—HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, on first floor, with grate fire, gas, bath, &c.; with or without board; very moderate terms; no moving in May.

NO. 11 ASHLAND-PLACE, PERRY-st., convenient to Bleecker, 6th and 7th-av cars—Furnished rooms, with board; terms moderate; no moving in May.

NO. 206 9TH-AV., NEAR 23D-ST.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board; all modern improvements; terms $6 to $8 per week.

HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED SECond floor, en suite or singly, with first-class board; references required. No. 51 East 21st-st.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 164, NEAR 21ST-ST.—FURnished rooms to let, with heat and gas; baths on each floor; breakfast if desired; references.

NO. 29 WEST 21ST-ST.—A FRONT hall room, for a gentleman, with board. References required.

NO. 29 EAST 46TH-ST.—HANDSOME suite of rooms to let, with board, about April 1; also, pleasant front room, desirable for gentleman.

THIRD FLOOR HALL-ROOM, WITH board; sunny exposure. No. 33 West 33d-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL

Will open on or about the 1st day of June. Three cottages to let, with board in hotel. Special terms offered to parties taking board for the season. For particulars address EDWARD COZZENS, West Point, N. Y.

ROUND HILL HOTEL.—SUMMER resort; unparalleled drives, scenery, boating, groves, fountains, billiards, &c; climate most healthy: tropical fevers and ague unknown; water cure removed. Send stamp for circular.
IRAD FULLER, Sup't, Northampton, Mass.
C. BANTA, Secretary.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A FAMILY OF five adults, within twenty-five miles of New-York. Address, with description and terms, P. P., Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY BOARD.

TWO OR THREE FAMILIES, WHO are willing to pay liberally for first-class accommodations at Morristown, N. J., can learn all particulars at No. 107 West 44th-st., or at Mr. J. H. JOHNSON'S office, No. 98 Broadway, New-York.

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STORAGE AND SAFE-KEEPING

For FURNITURE, BAGGAGE, and OTHER PROPERTY in SEPARATE CLOSED COMPARTMENTS, always accessible; goods received without previous notice and raised on elevators. Recent improvements enable wagons to drive into interior court of warehouse, and then discharge. These establishments are the **Oldest, Best Experienced, Most Extensive,** and are **Guarded Day and Night** by private watchmen.
H. G. HAEGER,
8th-av., from 33d to 34th sts.

STORAGE

FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, MIRRORS, AND PAINTINGS; also, for CARRIAGES, WAGONS, &c., at the NEW FIRST-CLASS WAREHOUSE NOS. 102 TO 114 EAST 32D-ST., NEAR 4TH-AV. built expressly for the purpose. TRUNKS, CASES and other packages containing articles of EXTRA VALUE can be stored with SAFETY at low rates.

PERSONS can forward their goods from any part of EUROPE or AMERICA direct to this warehouse. THE PUBLIC is invited to examine the superior accommodations, light, ventilation, safety, &c., which this warehouse possesses over all others.
JOHN H. MORRELL,
OWNER AND PROPRIETOR.

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B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
155 Chatham-Street.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING-ROOM SUITES,
MIRRORS, DESKS,

and a general and varied assortment of every description of
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTRESSES & BEDDING,
at VERY LOW PRICES for cash.
Payments by Installments, if Desired.

Warren, Ward & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF
CHAMBER SETS, PARLOR SUITES,
LAMBREQUINS, CURTAINS,
CORNICES, SHADES, BEDDING, &C.
AT MODERATE PRICES.
Nos. 75 and 77 SPRING-ST., corner CROSBY.

ZERO REFRIGERATOR, WITH Water-cooler.—The best meat, fruit, and ice preserver in the world; highest awards American Institute, 1867, 1869, 1871. A. M. LESLEY, Manufacturer, Nos. 224 and 226 West 23d-st., New-York. Send for book. Refrigerators repaired.

DUMB WAITERS, HOISTING MAchines, and fire-escape elevators, the most improved. Patented Dec. 3, 1872. L. CARRIER, patentee and sole manufacturer, No. 119 West 45th-st.

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WILLIAM A. HARRIS,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.,
BUILDER OF THE
HARRIS-CORLISS ENGINE,
WITH HARRIS' PATENTED IMPROVEMENTS.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

AMUSEMENTS.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.

Proprietor..................Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager.......................Mr. A. M. PALMER

Begins at 8. SATURDAY MATINEE at 1½.

Carriages may be ordered at 10½.

EVERY NIGHT UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, the sparkling comedy-drama, by M. Louis Leroy, entitled

COUSIN JACK.
COUSIN JACK.
COUSIN JACK.

Characters by Miss EMILY MESTAYER, Miss JENNIE LEE, Miss MARY GRISWOLD, and Messrs. D. H. HARKINS, F. F. MACKAY, EDWARD LAMB, GEO. PARKES, and others.

MONDAY EVENING, April 14. Reappearance of Miss AGNES ETHEL in FROU-FROU.

Box-office open every day from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

STEINWAY HALL.

RUBINSTEIN—THOMAS.
THE GREATEST CONCERT COMBINATION ON RECORD, COMPRISING THE RUBINSTEIN AND THEODORE THOMAS' CONCERT COMPANIES, WILL GIVE THREE GRAND CONCERTS ON MONDAY EVENING, March 31, TUESDAY EVENING, April 1, and THURSDAY EVENING, April 3, AND A GRAND COMBINATION MATINEE, ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, April 2.

Final joint appearance of
ANTON RUBINSTEIN,
HENRI WIENIAWSKI,
THEODORE THOMAS,
AND HIS UNRIVALED ORCHESTRA.

ON MONDAY EVENING, March 31, will be produced for the first time in its entirety, and under the personal direction of the composer, RUBINSTEIN'S OCEAN SYMPHONY.

Conductor..................ANTON RUBINSTEIN

To the Evening Concerts—Reserved seats $2, and $3. Admission tickets $1 50 and $1. Matinée reserved seats $2.

The sale will commence Wednesday morning, March 26, at Nos. 701 and 114 Broadway, and box-office of Steinway Hall, where programmes of all the concerts can be obtained.

THE NORTH POLE.

ASSOCIATION HALL, corner 4th-av. and 23d-st. The celebrated Arctic explorer, eloquent and popular lecturer on far northern life and scenery,

DR. ISAAC I. HAYES,

will give a course of three illustrated lectures, descriptive of his researches and adventures in search of the

OPEN POLAR SEA,

on the evenings of TUESDAY, April 1; THURSDAY, April 3, and TUESDAY, April 8.

Vivid and pictorial descriptions of the sublime aspects of nature in the mysterious regions with which his name and fame will be forever identified, accounts of Esquimaux life and customs. Each lecture, at the close, will be illustrated by fifty

ILLUMINATED PICTURES,

taken in the Hayes and Bradford Expedition, and during other voyages.

Tickets for the course, including reserved seats, $1; single admission tickets, 50 cents; reserved seats, 25 cents extra. For sale at the hall.

STEINWAY HALL.

GRAND CONCERT.
THURSDAY EVENING, March 27,
HAMPTON COLORED STUDENTS
Will sing their
CABIN AND OLD PLANTATION SONGS.

Entirely new programme.

Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, 75 cents. Obtainable at hall and Methodist Book Concern, No. 805 Broadway.

THE PILGRIM.

Crowded houses in and for the benefit of the Church of the Strangers. Dr. DEEMS will assist in the lectures, enlarging upon "Vanity Fair" and "Picture Lessons from the Pilgrim."

THIS EVENING at 8; TO-MORROW, (Wednesday,) 2½ P. M. and EVENING at 8.

Admission, 75 cents, 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Matinées, 50 cents and 25 cents.
J. W. BAIN, Proprietor.

MEETINGS.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FARMERS' CLUB.—This club meets every TUESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the rooms of the institute, in the Cooper Building. All interested in agricultural improvement are invited to attend.
NATHAN C. ELY, President.
JOHN W. CHAMBERS, Secretary.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES OF Woman's Medical College of the New-York Infirmary, will be held at Steinway Hall, TUESDAY, March 25, at 8 P. M. Address by Judge BRADY.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. James W. Covert, Surrogate of the County of Queens, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of ANDREW BRIDGEMAN, late of the town of Newtown, in the said county, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to S. V. BAGLEY, one of the executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at his place of business, at No. 8 Wall-st., in the City and County of New-York, on or before the 15th day of April, 1873.—Dated September, 1872.
S. V. BAGLEY,
JAMES GLASSFORD, } Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EBENEZER REED, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Barney, Butler & Parsons, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 14th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 8th day of February, 1873.
WM. H. LEONARD,
GEO. W. PARSONS,
f11-law6mTu ALMIRA M. REED, } Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of JAMES L. BLISS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 16 Cliff-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 7th day of June next. Dated New-York, the 9th day of December, 1872.
NORMAN D. SAMPSON, Attorney of
PATTY W. BLISS, Executrix.
d10-law6mTu.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN DAVID WOLFE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Man & Parsons, No. 56 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 13th day of December, 1872.
DAVID WOLFE BRUCE,
DAVID WOLFE BISHOP,
WILLIAM B. HOFFMAN,
d17-law6mTu Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZA R. CARNEGIE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of business, office of the Irving Insurance Company, No. 157 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 24th day of February, 1873.
JAMES WILSON,
NICHOLAS F. PALMER, } Executors.
f25-law6mTu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against VINCENT LE COMTE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 266 West Thirty-eighth-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 24th day of June next.—Dated New-York, 17th day of December, 1872. MARGARET LE COMTE,
d17-law6mTu Executrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAMUEL WOLFF, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the Subscriber, at the office of Man & Parsons, No. 56 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of June next. Dated, New-York, the 13th day of December, 1872.
ABRAHAM WOLFF, Executor.
d17-law6mTu

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS DUNN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 346 West 17th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 3d day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 3d day of February, 1873.
f4-law6mTu* ANN DUNN, Executrix.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A FARM AND CAPITAL WANTED.—Any good, reliable, enterprising person owning a first-class grazing farm within two or three hours of New-York, and has some cash capital, and is desirous of engaging in a new enterprise which is highly honorable, very useful and important, and which will yield a large daily cash income, will please address W. E., Box No. 150 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

PRINTERS.—A WELL-ESTABLISHED down-town steam-power job office, doing a good stationery business, which may be retained. Part payment taken in printing. Address MELVIN HARD, No. 44 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE.—OYSTER-HOUSE, BAR-ROOM, and restaurant on best street of Brooklyn, terminus of six lines of railroads and two ferries. Apply on premises, No. 21 Broadway, Brooklyn, E. D.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MONUMENTS AND HEAD-STONES.

W. YOUNG, corner BOWERY and 3D-ST. Offers his large stock at cost on account of going out of business.

S. KLABER & CO., STEAM MARBLE works, No. 223 West 51st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av., marble and marbleized mantels, monuments, head-stones; fine selections at very low prices.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH and elegant designs; slate work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 220 and 222 West 23d-st., near 7th-av.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..Mr. LESTER WALLACK
SEVENTH WEEK.
MR. SOTHERN
In his splendid impersonation,
DAVID GARRICK.
This charming play is
NIGHTLY GIVEN
With the most gratifying success.

A perfect ensemble of acting and mise en scene. Mr. SOTHERN, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. B. HOLK, Mr. J. BROWNE, Mr. W. J. LEONARD, Mr. E. HOLLAND, Mr. C. EDWIN, Miss KATHERINE ROGERS, Mme. PONISI, and Mrs. JOHN SEFTON.

Notwithstanding the extra accommodation provided, the demand for seats two weeks in advance is so urgent that

EARLY APPLICATION
Is strongly recommended.
BOX OFFICE OPEN ONE MONTH IN ADVANCE.
DAVID GARRICK
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
Carriages may be ordered at 10½.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. BOUCICAULT.

Mr. Edwin Booth..............Proprietor and Manager
SECOND WEEK.
MR. DION BOUCICAULT
in his artistic rendition of
MICHAEL O'DOWD,
in his new Irish comedy drama,
DADDY O'DOWD;
Or, Turn About is Fair Play.
Elegantly produced in every detail.

Mr. SHIEL BARRY, Mr. ROBT. PATEMAN, Mr. JOSEPH WHEELOCK, Mr. GEORGE BECKS, Mr. SOL SMITH, Miss BELLA PATEMAN, Miss MARY WELLS, Miss MARY YOUNG, Miss ELLEN MORANT, and others, in the fine and capable cast.

DADDY O'DOWD matinée on SATURDAY at 2.

STEINWAY HALL.—RICHARD WAGNER.

THEODORE THOMAS
AND HIS
UNRIVALED ORCHESTRA.
The public is respectfully informed that
THE NEW-YORK WAGNER UNION
will give their
FIRST GRAND CONCERT
On FRIDAY EVENING, March 28,

When the programme will contain a number of the most popular as well as the latest orchestral works of RICHARD WAGNER, the reformer and most prominent musician of the day.

Programme:
OVERTURE—"Der Fliegende Hollander."
VORSPIEL—"Lohengrin"
EINE FAUST OUVERTURE.
SYMPHONY—"Eroica"—Beethoven.
SCENES from "Die Walkure."
The vocal part by
Mr. CARL REMMERTZ.
KAISER MARSCH.

Admission tickets to floor and first balcony, $1 50.
Admission tickets to second balcony, $1.
Reserved seats, 50 cents extra.

The sale of reserved seats will commence on Monday morning at Carl Heuser's, (successor to Jul. Schuberth & Co., No. 820 Broadway; G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; No. 114 Broadway, and at the Box-office of Steinway Hall. Admission tickets can be had at all the principal music-stores and piano-warerooms.

Doors open at 7½, to commence at 8 o'clock.

MUSIC—LAUGHTER.

Dr. COLTON and the full
7TH REGIMENT BAND
will give a
GRAND COMBINATION ENTERTAINMENT
OF MUSIC AND LAUGHING GAS,
AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE,
TUESDAY EVENING, March 25.
The entertainment will commence with
A GRAND CONCERT
BY GRAFULLA'S CELEBRATED BAND,
occupying 45 minutes,
After which Dr. COLTON will administer the gas to
TWELVE LADIES,
and perhaps a few gentlemen.

Tickets, 25 cents. For sale at Dr. Colton's rooms, No. 19 Cooper Institute, and at the door. Doors open at 7; to commence at 7¾ o'clock.

THEO. THOMAS' SYMPHONY CONCERTS,

AT STEINWAY HALL,
SATURDAY EVENING, March 29,
FIFTH GRAND SYMPHONY CONCERT.
Programme.

SYMPHONY No. 3, op. 153, "Im Walde"........Raff
CONCERTO for Piano, Violin, and Violoncello, op. 56. Beethoven
MISS ANNA MEHLIG,
MESSRS. B. LISTEMANN, C. HEINMANN, AND ORCHESTRA.
OVERTURE, "Genoveva"....................Schumann
SYMPHONIC POEM, "Hamlet"............................Liszt
SYMPHONIE DRAMATIQUE, "Romeo et Juliet," (2d part)...Berlioz

Admission to Floor and First Balcony, $1 50.
Admission to Second Balcony, $1.
Reserved seats, 50 cents extra.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets will commence this morning, at G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; No. 114 Broadway, and at the Box Office of Steinway Hall.

GRAND FAIR

FOR THE BENEFIT
of the
NEW-YORK FREE DISPENSARY
for
SICK CHILDREN
AT ROBINSON HALL,
EAST 16TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.,
March 25, 26, 27 and 28, from 12 M. to 11 P. M.
Opening at 8 P. M.
TUESDAY, March 25.

PUNCH AND JUDY
DAILY FOR CHILDREN AT 2, 3, 4 and 5 o'clock.

LEGERDEMAIN,
WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS.

MUSIC.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

TERRACE GARDEN THEATRE.

NINTH REGIMENT BAND.
GRAND CONCERT EVERY EVENING.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY Concert and Hop.
Admission, balcony, 50 cents; parquet, 25 cents.
D. L. DOWNING....................Musical Director.

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

Grand invitation concert at Steinway Hall,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 26, 1873.
HENRY SCHROEDER, Director.

LECTURES.

LECTURE—BY FREDERIC J. DE PEYSTER, Esq., *An Hour in the Home of the Pharaohs*, in the Hall of Rutger's College, No. 489 5th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., TUESDAY EVENING, March 25, at 8 o'clock, in aid of the Free Church of St. Matthias. Admission, 50 cents.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE

FOR BOYS & YOUNG GENTLEMEN.
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
Nos. 126 and 128 East 24th-st.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 252 Madison-av.
School hours, 9½ A. M. to 2½ P. M.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.

A BOARDING SCHOOL
for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men.
ESTABLISHED 1854.
Earnest teaching; common-sense management.
BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654, Yonkers, N. Y.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS GOING ABROAD.—A lady of large experience in teaching has taken an elegant residence near Central Park and 5th-av., where she will superintend the education of a limited and select number of young ladies and little girls, who will be received into her family and enjoy a combination of educational advantages, with refined home influences, such as few institutions can present. Unexceptionable references given. Address CULTURE, Station G, New-York.

BLAIR PRESBYTERIAL ACADEMY, BLAIRSTOWN, N. J.—Superior advantages for both sexes. Spring session opens March 25. Terms, $200 a year. Students can remain vacations. Reference: Rev. G. J. Mingins, N. Y. Send for Catalogue. S. S. STEVENS, A. M., Principal.

TO RENT—A YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING and Day School, situated in one of the pleasantest cities of New-England; widely known and long established; will be rented, furnished, for a term of years. Address, with references, S. H. G., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

TYNG SEMINARY, "SELECT."—Boys thoroughly educated in English, German, French classics; music, drawing; home comforts; terms moderate. Address principal, Prof. HERDSMAN, Post-office Box No. 150, Orange, N. J.

COLLEGIATE AND COMMERCIAL Institute, New-Haven, Conn.—Preparatory to college, the scientific schools, or business. Summer session begins April 3, 1873.

WALNUT HILL SCHOOL, GENEVA, N. Y.—A first-class boarding-school for boys; the Spring term will commence April 8; terms $300 per annum. For circulars, address THOS. D. REED.

CLAVERACK COLLEGE AND HUDSON River Institute, at Claverack, N. Y., for both sexes; 167 furnished rooms; 20 instructors. Students are received at any time. ALONZO FLACK, President.

HENRY W. SIGLAR'S FAMILY SCHOOL for boys, Newburg, N. Y., offers superior advantages; four vacancies; inspection solicited. Write for circular.

PARKSIDE OFFERS ALL THE ADvantages of a home and school for little boys. For circulars and references, please address Mrs. M. L. READ, Principal, Hartford, Conn.

AMENIA SEMINARY, AMENIA, N. Y.—Spring term opens April 1.
S. T. FROST, A. M.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES, Bridgeport, Conn. Address Miss EMILY NELSON.

SPANISH CLASSES COMMENCE FIRST week in April at Mercantile Library. Private lessons at No. 789 6th-av., by Prof. DE TORNOS.

ELIZABETH COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.—A home for boys, Elizabeth, N. J.
REV. J. C. WYCKOFF.

MISS H. M. PARKHURST'S HOME School for Young Ladies, Newburg, N. Y.—The Spring term will commence MONDAY, April 14.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

TEACHERS.

A PROFESSOR OF EXPERIENCE desires a few more pupils in French, Italian, Spanish, or Portuguese; advanced pupils directed in the literature of the language; beginners taught by a quick but accurate method, in classes or privately, at own residence, or at house of Professor. For circulars and references address J. F. de B., No. 117 East 54th-st.

GOVERNESS' SITUATION WANTED by a lady—an Episcopalian—of much experience in teaching the English branches, French, and music; highest references. Address A. B., Box No. 1,604 Post-office.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

23d-st., corner of 8th-av. Curtain rises at 8 o'clock.
Sole Lessee and Manager...Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY
SECOND WEEK OF
UNCLE SAM,
SARDOU'S
PROHIBITED COMEDY ON AMERICAN SOCIETY.
Received every evening with roars of laughter.

The Marquis Robert de Rochemore..Mr. Henry Crisp
Mr. Francis Briot..........................Mr. Julian Cross
Mr. SAMUEL TAPPLEBOT, frequently called Uncle Sam.......Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM
Ulysses Tapplebot, } Sam's Sons, } ...Mr. J. G. Peakes
Benj. Tapplebot, } ...Mr. J. H. Burnett
Launcelot Elliott, Esq.............Mr. George De Vere
Colonel Nathaniel Flibburty......Mr. W. J. Lemoyne
Fairfax.......................................Mr. Martin Golden
Gyp Direson.................................Mr. J. W. Jennings
Rev. Jedediah Buxton..............Mr. James A. Meade
Tog..Mr. E. Chapman
Robinson..................................Mr. E. F. Ketchum
Mr. Goodwin..................................Mr. A. E. Enos
MISS SARAH TAPPLEBOT, the niece of Samuel...............................Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Miss Angela Tapplebot..............Miss Bella Golden
Grace Flibburty..........................Miss Mary Cary
Miss Betsy, a music-teacher...........Miss Ella Dietz
Mme. Bellamy...........................Miss Annie Deland

THE MAGNIFICENT REALISMS
IN SCENERY AND COSTUME
include
A HUDSON RIVER STEAMER sailing into the auditorium.

A Fashionable "German" on Fifth-avenue. A Promenade on the Beach at Long Branch. A Torch-light Procession in a Fifth-avenue Parlor.

MATINEE SATURDAY OF UNCLE SAM.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

(Begins at 8.)
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY....Sole Lessee and Manager

THE TWO FAVORITES OF THE SEASON,
ON ALTERNATE NIGHTS!!!

THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 25, will be acted the brilliant London comedy

NEW-YEAR'S EVE.

Characters by Miss FANNY DAVENPORT, Miss CLARA MORRIS, Mrs. G. H. GILBERT, Miss NELLY MORTIMER, Mr. GEORGE CLARKE, Mr. W. DAVIDGE, Mr. C. H. ROCKWELL, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. D. WHITING, Mr. OWEN FAWCETT, Mr. F. M. CHAPMAN.

TO-MORROW and FRIDAY EVENINGS, the Great Emotional play ALIXE! (Last times.)

THURSDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS and SATURDAY MATINEE, NEW-YEAR'S EVE. (Last times.)

In preparation for magnificent reproduction, the famous DRAMA OF SOCIETY, DIVORCE.

Also, a new comedy of SINGULAR EMOTIONAL POWER, by the author of "Leah, the Forsaken."

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Mr. J. E. HAYES..........Sole Lessee and Manager.

MONDAY EVENING, March 24.

EVERY NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK,

AND

WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2.

THE AMERICAN GRIMALDI.

GEORGE L. FOX.

and his mirth-provoking Pantomime of
HUMPTY DUMPTY,

the revival of which has met with a success which has never been equaled in the annals of amusements. The grandest corps of specialty artists ever assembled in one entertainment.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

POSITIVELY LAST FIVE NIGHTS
of the
Magnificent Ballet, Spectacular Romance,
LEO AND LOTOS.
LEO AND LOTOS.

The most superb production ever seen on any stage in the world.

Splendid Scenery. Exquisite Vocalism,
Entrancing Costumes, Charming Music,
Bewitching Ballets, Parisian Panorama,
Attractive Varieties, Grand Transformation.

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, AT 1½ O'CLOCK,
POSITIVELY LAST MATINEE.

In preparation, a realistic drama of LIFE ON THE FRONTIER, in which will be introduced the renowned Scouts and Hunters, Buffalo Bill and Texas Jack, together with NED BUNTLINE, the popular author, and Mlle. MORLACCHI, the peerless danseuse.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA

TUESDAY EVENING, March 25, at 8 P. M.,
CLOSE OF THE SEASON,
BENEFIT OF
CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.
First appearance of
Signor VERATI,
first tenor from the Tacon Theatre, Havana.
MARTHA.

Lady Henrietta.......CLARA LOUISA KELLOGG.
Nancy..Señora SANZ.
Lionel.......................................Signor G. VERATI.
(his first appearance in New-York.)
Plunkett......................................Signor JAMET.

WEDNESDAY, March 26, PHILADELPHIA.

Tickets and seats for sale at Nos. 114 and 701 Broadway, and at the Academy of Music.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. JOS. MURPHY.

ONE WEEK OF HELP.

EVENING at 8.
The Irish Comedian,
Mr. JOS. MURPHY,
in Maeder's
HELP.
Irish, Ethiopian, and Dutch Dialects.

AFTERNOON at 2.
LAST WEEK OF THE BLONDES.
The Drama of
SOLON SHINGLE,
and burlesque of
ERNANI.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE—23D-ST.

Every evening at 8. Saturday matinée at 2.

First time this season of the original plantation scene, "Uncle Eph's Dream of the Old Kentucky Home." J. W. McANDREWS as Old Uncle Eph.

P. T. BARNUM'S

GREAT TRAVELING WORLD'S FAIR
Will open
SATURDAY, MARCH 29,
At 1 o'clock P. M., at the
AMERICAN INSTITUTE BUILDING, (Rink,)
corner of 3d-av. and 63d-st.,
FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.
GREAT PROCESSION
FRIDAY FORENOON AND AFTERNOON.
Route to be published in THURSDAY MORNING'S papers.

L. B. LENT'S
NEW-YORK CIRCUS,
MUSEUM, MENAGERIE,
CARAVAN, AND
ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN.
Occupying the entire block bounded by
MADISON AND FOURTH AVS.,
26TH AND 27TH STS.,
WILL OPEN MONDAY, MARCH 31.

GRAND CONCERT OF THE ROSE Hill Musical Association, under the direction of Prof. H. G. ABBEY, at the M. E. Church, 27th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., on THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 27, 1873. Commencing at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents.

A GRAND FAIR WILL BE HELD in Forsyth-street M. E. Church on the AFTERNOONS and EVENINGS of TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY of this week.

LOAN OFFICES.

NO. 1,191 BROADWAY, AT H. B. MELville's coral and gold jewelry-store, diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c., &c., taken on storage, and money advanced if required. No. 1,191 Broadway, near 28th-st.

NO. 1,267 BROADWAY, OVER HERALD Branch, Room 8.—Parlor for ladies. Branch No. 132 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Money loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold.
LINDO BROS.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER FOR MARCH!

Horace Waters & Son, 481 Broadway,

Will dispose of 100 PIANOS, MELODEONS, and ORGANS of first-class makers, including Waters', at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, DURING THIS MONTH. New seven-octave PIANOS, modern improvements, for $250 and $275, cash. THE WATERS CONCERTO PARLOR ORGANS are the most beautiful in style and perfect in tone ever made. Prices at bargains, for cash. Monthly installments received, running from one to three years. New and second-hand instruments to let, and rent applied if purchased. Illustrated Catalogues mailed.

THE BEST ORGANS
On the EASIEST TERMS.

"The Silver Tongues,"

On rental and sale per installment plan.
Come direct to the factory and wholesale warerooms.
E. P. NEEDHAM & SON, (Estb'd 1846.)
143, 145 and 147 EAST 23D-ST., N. Y.
FORTY different STYLES at varying prices.

THE MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO. have REMOVED to 25 UNION-SQUARE, where they offer a full assortment of their celebrated CABINET ORGANS. FIFTY STYLES, $55 to $500 and upward, each. They undertake to furnish the CHEAPEST as well as BEST instruments of this class. ORGANS RENTED, with privilege to purchase, or SOLD FOR MONTHLY OR QUARTERLY PAYMENTS. *Illustrated Catalogues free.*

AT HAINES BROS.',

No. 27 Union-square,
First-class handsome new PIANO-FORTES for sale on very reasonable terms,
and several used a little, very low for cash.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS.

SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No. 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

READ THE AMERICAN MUSICAL GAZETTE, devoted to musical education; impartial criticism and valuable music; subscription, $1 per annum. Published by the AMERICAN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

GREATEST BARGAINS IN NEW and second-hand pianos and organs ever offered. Sold on small monthly installments; rented, and rent applied if purchased. T. S. BERRY & CO., No. 789 Broadway.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S

CLASSES FOR DANCING,
AT NO. 212 5TH-AV.,

now open for the reception of pupils. Send for circular.

TRENOR'S ACADEMY OF DANCING,

Lyric Hall, 6th-av., Reservoir-square.

Pupils can commence at any time, attend at their convenience, and learn any particular dance.

THE AFFAIRS OF ERIE.

Continuation of the Legislative Inquiry Yesterday—Testimony of Mr. S. L. M. Barlow.

The Committee of the Legislature appointed to investigate the corrupt practices of the Erie Railway Company met yesterday, at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Mr. Babcock occupied the chair. The committee decided to adjourn their sittings to the railway offices, in order to save the trouble of removing the books and taking the employes from their business.

S. L. M. Barlow, counsel for the Erie Railroad Company, was the first witness. He testified that he was counsel for Messrs. James McHenry and Bischoffsheim during the change in the Erie Direction in 1872. He described the way the change was effected, detailing the conditions required from him of secrecy, the non-reduction of the amount of compensation to be paid to Lane for effecting the change, and his not claiming any portion of the amount to be paid. Lane having explained his plan of operations, witness wrote a list of names of the new directors. The sum agreed upon by those persons interested in England as compensation for effecting the change, was at first fixed at $1,500,000, but subsequently Mr. Lane reduced it to $800,000. Mr. Barlow informed Gen. Sickles of the plan of operations. At first Gen. Sickles opposed the change in the board, but on the agreement that he should be allowed to conduct the operations, he coincided with the plan, and took an active part in the movement. The $800,000 sent from England to Gen. Sickles, was not only sent to him with witness' knowledge but with his entire acquiescence—Mr. Barlow being rather pleased than otherwise that the money was sent to Gen. Sickles and not to himself. The amount was to be distributed as indemnification among the retiring directors, as they desired that witness should see that they were paid. The money was subsequently transferred by Gen. Sickles to witness, who distributed the $300,000 as follows: Thompson and Lane, $67,500 each; Simonds, $50,000; Archer, $40,000; White, Hilton, and Otis, $25,000 each. Some trouble arising with regard to the payment of Mr. O'Doherty and Col. Gardiner, witness agreed to pay them, in addition, $25,000 each, in drafts on James McHenry. The only other sums expended was through Gen. Sickles, and witness could not tell of the manner in which the $450,000 mentioned was distributed, except certain small sums for counsel's fees. None of this money was to come out of the Erie Railway Company, but from the pockets of the English stock-holders. The Erie Board appropriated $70,000 only for the payment of counsel and other expenses of litigation. Witness's firm received $5,000, Judge Porter $5,000, John Graham $5,000, and similar sums for other counsel. Witness had received since a further $5,000 for six months' salary as counsel. At the new election in July, McHenry announced that all the expenses of the stock-holders were about $750,000, including $50,000 to Crouch and the $350,000 above mentioned. McHenry thought the amount should be borne by the whole of the stockholders, and not by the few who had so successfully effected the change. With the exception of the counsel's fee, no portion of the $750,000 was paid by the Erie Company. A proposition was made for the company to pay one half of the amount, but no action was ever taken upon it. He believed that Bischoffsheim's account for the sale of the bonds has not yet been closed, although the bonds on hand in January were transferred to the London Banking Association. Witness has always been of the opinion that the expenses of effecting the change in the directory ought to be borne by the company, especially the one half proposed by the stockholders themselves; but there being an opposition on the part of the managing directors, no action has been taken as yet on this subject.

To Mr. Wight—When the new Board came into power in March, 1872, so much money was due on the road that he suggested it would be necessary to raise money on the consolidated bonds. Bischoffsheim advanced $4,000,000. With that money the company was saved from bankruptcy. The bonds were nominally on the market at 70, but were not salable; and $3,000,000 of them had been sold to Gould at 60. Not being able to get a market in England while Gould held the bonds, witness entered into negotiations to repurchase the bonds in Gould's hands, and obtained them at about 70. Negotiations were then made to ratify the contract with Bischoffsheim. The advantage of this contract was that the bonds were sold at par in currency, and the company realized a profit of over $2,000,000. On Jan. 1 last, there were still in Bischoffsheim's hands about $2,000,000 of the bonds unsold, and the London Banking Association agreed to take them at about 90 in gold. This was an advantage to the Company, and the proceeds were drawn against some time in February. When Mr. Homan, one of the London directors, visited New-York in July, inquiry was made as to the high amount of commission; but he said that Bischoffsheim had to pay J. S. Morgan & Co. $70,000 commission for bonds in their hands, which had not been sold, but upon which they claimed commission. Mr. Homan was one of the directors who effected the contract; witness was not aware that Mr. Homan had made any of the advances that were used to effect the change of directors of the Erie Road. Mr. Homan thought that no other banker in London at that time would have made the large advances that Bischoffsheim did, and he believed the commission was not too large under such circumstances. The amount retained by Bischoffsheim & Co. was about £80,000, the amount claimed by them as due from the Company. Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt, under the contract are not entitled to two and a half per cent on the whole $30,000,000, but on the bonds actually sold by them, namely, the $6 500,000 issued. Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt have made no such claim for commission. The new mortgage bonds" were to be used for redeeming the second, third, fourth, and fifth mortgage bonds, then outstanding. Witness did not know of any contract with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company for the transfer of the new bonds for old ones, and if any commission was fixed for such transfer, such agreement was made by the old board, and the witness knew nothing about it. The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company are merely trustees, and do not make the transfer, which is done by the Erie Company, who issue new bonds in exchange for old ones. Bischoffsheim & Co. have made no claim for commissions on the $18,000,000 of bonds in the hands of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and have no right to make such a claim. The following sentence, on page 4 of the printed contract, inserted by the witness before ratification, expressly forbids such a claim:

> To the extent, and as, and when issued to the public.

This applies only to the actual sale of the bonds. These words were inserted to prevent any charge for commissions before the sale of the bonds, and are so understood by Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt, as they have made no claim for any such commission. There is no clause in the contract to prevent Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt claiming commission on the bonds if issued to the public during the thirty years by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company. When the $28,000,000 of reserved bonds are issued, Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt will be entitled to the commission of two and a half per cent., no matter by whom the bonds are actually issued.

To Mr. Crary—Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt are only entitled to the commissions when the bonds are actually converted. If the bonds were withdrawn, Bischoffsheim & Co. would be entitled to indemnity, but that would most likely be a matter of agreement, the same as in the case of J. S. Morgan & Co., who claimed they were entitled to commission on the bonds they did not sell, and which were taken up by Bischoffsheim & Co., who paid the commission. Notwithstanding the high commission mentioned in and fixed by the contract, the company has been benefited; for the bonds were, before the contract, only worth sixty in currency, whereas, after it, they netted to the company par in currency.

To Mr. Stickney—The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company may have originally had some compensation as trustees, but do not have commission on the transfer of bonds. The bonds have to be stamped by the London agents, and Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt would have to stamp and countersign them to make them negotiable. This countersigning of these bonds make them worth 105 in London when they were only worth 95 in New-York. The countersigning of the bonds adds the credit of the London bankers' reputation to them, although the bankers do not guarantee their payment. The Erie Company could well afford to pay the commission of $750,000, running over thirty years, to secure the immediate advance of over $2,000 000 in the value of the bonds, which was the result of the contract. If, instead of the contract, Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt had offered to take the bonds at 80, the offer would have been gladly accepted, as there was no market here for them. The company's credit was increased by the change in the directory, which advanced Erie stocks. The advance of $4,000,000 by Bischoffsheim was, however, the boldest act in witness' experience, and he did not know any other London banking firm who would take the risk. The $2,000,000 profit is estimated by the difference in the price paid by Mr. Gould for the $3,000,000, namely sixty, and the price realized by the London agents. Gould bought his bonds while he was President. Witness, under instructions from the Board, threatened proceedings against him for obtaining the bonds at an under price; but, making inquiries on the market, he was convinced that the price was not higher than sixty. The stock had been as low as eighteen, and the change in the direction caused it to rise in value. There was no market for the consolidated bonds until Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt took hold of the contract. The bonds would have realized as much if placed on the market by any other first-class London house with equal facilities, but not by a first-class New-York house. No other London house was sought, because the firm of Bischoffsheim & Co. had made an advance of $2,000,000 on March 12, immediately on the change of directors, and subsequently a further advance of $2 000,000; and it was a matter of pure gratitude for the boldness of that firm in making such advance that no other house had been sought to negotiate the loan. Mr. Barlow knew of other instances where even higher commissions than two and a half per cent. had been paid for the issuing of railroad bonds—a railroad even having a higher credit than Erie—at the time when the contract was made. The London Banking Association have no claim for commission, the bonds they hold being purchased by them in the regular way.

To Mr. Crary—The Erie Board did not take into consideration, when ratifying the contract, the money advanced by Bischoffsheim & Co. for the change of the directory, except perhaps indirectly. The contract was made in London, and ratified in New-York. What consideration the London directors gave to that matter the witness was unable to state. The board has not yet audited the accounts of Bischoffsheim & Co., as the claim of £80,000 has not yet been settled. Witness would be in favor of allowing this claim, being one-half of the money expended in the change of administration, especially as the stockholders agreed to it. There were about fifty millions of stock represented at the meeting which recommended the payment of the £80,000. The claimants asserted that the actual expenses of changing the directory were between $700,000 and $800,000, and they were willing to take one-half. The Dix board and the Watson board both agreed in the opinion that the expenses of the change in the directory should be borne by the board. The amount realized on the $10,000,000 of convertible bonds was the highest ever received on similar American stock; and was all due to the action of Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt. Witness believed the company had received from Bischoffsheim & Co. the proceeds of the whole $6,000,000, less the commissions, &c. In effecting the change of the Erie directory, McHenry and Bischoffsheim both had the desire to have an honest administration, so as to relieve the road from the odium then existing. The Atlantic and Great Western Railroad interests were not, in witness' opinion, considered. The London directors, when they sent out the contract for ratification, intimated that it would be a most desirable one, as the raising of the bonds to par would be a glorious achievement. The contract was ratified in July, 1872, as appears from the minutes.

To Mr. Babcock—The compensation to be paid to the retiring directors was fixed by Mr. Lane. Witness saw no one of them in the matter before the arrangements were made. Mr. Ramsdell received nothing, as he was anxious to effect the change in the board of directors.

To Mr. Stickney—Witness had no knowledge of the letter purported to have been written by Gen. Sickles to Mr. Gould, and he did not actually know of its existence. On the Monday evening after the change of the directors in March, when the building was held by both parties, Mr. Eldridge sought to have the matter settled by Gould resigning. It was supposed that some arrangement would have to be made, not exactly conformable to law. Whatever arrangement was made was never ratified by the board, and witness knew nothing of any such arrangement until long after, when some attempt was made to sue Gould, who claimed an agreement between Sickles and himself as a release. A resolution was passed by the board for the payment of $30,000 to the New-York Central Railroad for defeating hostile legislation, but witness did not believe the money had been ever paid. No bill was ever furnished by the New-York Central Road showing the items, and as the Treasurer could not pay money without a bill and voucher, the $30,000 was never paid. Witness did not recollect how the question of that sum was brought before the board, but no written statement was presented to the directors to act upon or be guided by. He thought an oral statement was made that the Central Road had expended about $100,000, and one-half was claimed from the Erie Road, as both were said to have been benefited. This expenditure was said to be in the interests of both boards, and disbursed under an agreement with the Gould administration. The board fixed the $30,000, without any written proof of the way the money had been expended, beyond the fact that the New-York Central Road had paid out about $100,000 "in defeating legislation prejudicial to the interests of the company." The only objection made by any of the directors was whether the amount should be $50,000 or $30,000. The measure defeated was the Pro Rata bill. The information coming from the Central Road was considered a guarantee of its expenditure; but who brought the matter up before the board the witness could not recollect. He thought it a loose way to appropriate money without evidence of indebtedness, but the resolution ordering the payment of the $30,000 was so passed. It was, however, not an unusual circumstance to order the payment of money by resolution without referring to a committee when the matter was fully understood by the members comprising the board. Witness did not recollect any opposition to the passage of the resolution, which was to carry out some arrangement made by the Gould administration, which the board felt bound in honor to complete. The Erie Road was greatly interested in several bills before the Legislature, more especially the Pro Rata bill, and witness' partner went up to Albany to address the Railroad Committee in opposition to that measure.

To Mr. Carpenter—Witness could not tell what services had been rendered by James Thompson for which he received $5 000. He was employed by Gen. Sickles. Judge Porter rendered important services both before and after the change in the direction. Witness could not state what services Ben. Field, Ramsay, or Goodrich rendered as attorneys. They were all employed by Gen. Sickles.

Mr. Carpenter—There seemed to be a great number of attorneys employed, and I wished to know what they did for their money!

Mr. Barlow—I have no knowledge on the subject.

The committee then took a recess until 4 o'clock.

The committee, after recess, decided not to take any further testimony until their counsel and the expert had had an opportunity to examine the books of the Erie Railroad Company, under the supervision of some of the members of the committee. An adjournment was, therefore, agreed upon until this morning, when the taking of testimony will be resumed.

Boston, Hartford and Erie—Action of the Berdell Bond Trustees.

Wm. T. Hart, George T. Olyphant, and Charles P. Clark, the trustees under what is known as the Berdell mortgage on the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railway Company, have not been slow to take action on the decision in their favor in the United States Court in Boston. Their mortgage, which is for $20,000,000, provides that on failure to pay interest they may at once foreclose the mortgage, subject, however, to a right in the original company to redeem within eighteen months. Sept. 19, 1871, they took possession, under foreclosure, of the road, subject, of course, to the eighteen month's right of redemption. The recent litigation has been to prevent the completion of the foreclosure, in view of certain provisions of the Bankrupt act. That having been decided in favor of the bondholders, the trustees above named now call for a meeting of all those holding the bonds at Horticultural Hall, Tremont-street, Boston, the 17th proximo, to hold an election, to be presided over by the trustees under the mortgage, or those present, for a board of directors, of the same number as now authorized for the railroad, to organize themselves into a corporation with the same privileges as the present railroad.

At this meeting a new corporate name is to be selected; the capital stock is to be the amount of the Berdell bonds outstanding, and each bondholder will be entitled to ten one hundred dollar shares of the new stock for each thousand dollars of bonds when surrendered, and is to vote according to his bonds.

Valuable Collection of Fine Art and Illustrated Works.

A unique collection of illustrated works, which has been on exhibition during the week at the Clinton Hall sales-rooms, will be disposed of by public auction on the evenings of Wednesday and Thursday next. In addition to the Musée Française et Royale, the Florence, Orleans, Turin, Stafford, Dusseldorf, Dresden, and Munich galleries, there are a portfolio of Pelitot, portraits from enamels in the Louvre; a series of the suppressed caricatures by Gillray, (very scarce;) a fine copy of Macklin's Great Bible, illustrated and bound in Russia; an illustrated New Testament, of which only 250 copies were printed, said to contain the finest specimens of wood engravings ever produced; copy of Dr. Kotten Kamp's *Ancient Armor*, with illuminated engravings; a rare book the *Theatrical Costumes of all Nations, Ancient and Modern*; Piranesi's great work on *Roman Antiquities*; *Lives of the Saints*, enriched by full-page miniatures in gold and enamel; *Baronial and Ecclesiastical Antiquities of Scotland*, by Billings, containing 260 plates, and highly spoken of by Mr. James Ferguson, the highest authority on such subjects; a fac simile of the early Block Books, from Scriverius copy in the British Museum; a selection from the best authenticated miniatures and illuminations of the celebrated miniaturist Jahan Foucquet, a superb work, bound in polished Levant morocco; a complete set of the *Gazette des Beaux Arts*; fac similes of MSS. found at Herculaneum, very scarce; a volume of rare engravings, including four original etchings by Salvator Rosa; a superb copy of *The Evangelists*, printed in antique characters, from type founded for the purpose, with illustrated borders and several hundred miniatures, vignettes, medallions, and initial letters; a MS. missal of the fourteenth century in old monkish Latin, illuminated and superbly bound in crimson velvet; *Paul and Virginia*—Didot's edition *de luxe*; a copy of Montesque's *Temple of Gnide*, the engravings colored by hand, bound in red morocco, with satin lining—a very choice copy; *Hume's History of England*, in ten volumes, folio, enriched with several hundred extra illustrations.

Besides the above, there are some 300 other works of great value, and such as are rarely seen in the auction-room. The collection as a whole is unquestionably the finest ever offered in this City, and it is to be regretted that it cannot be purchased intact for some of our public institutions.

THE GAS COMPANIES' WORKMEN.

Preparations for a Strike—Cause of the Trouble.

The recent action of the New-York Gas Company, in fitting up a loft at their works with 100 bunks, so as to be prepared to lodge their workmen within the concern in case of a strike, has attracted no little public attention in that direction. While the responsibility of strikes is, in almost every instance, laid to the charge of either the employers or the working men, the peculiarity about the impending trouble among the gasmen is that the action of the companies in forcing the firemen to resume the twelve-hour system is attributed by the latter to the machinations of the foreman, who preferred longer hours, with increased pay, to the eight-hour system and the rate of wages received under it. In conversation with a number of the firemen employed at the New-York Gas Company's works in Twenty-second-street, a TIMES reporter yesterday received a candid and apparently truthful statement of the circumstances connected with the recent change of hours. The concession obtained by the men last Summer of eight hours' work at the usual rate of pay, remained in operation until about a month ago, when the men were notified that they should resume work under the twelve-hour system, the firemen to be paid seventy-five cents per day advance, the helpers $1 per day, and the foremen to receive a proportionate advance. It having come to the knowledge of the firemen that the foremen were the prime originators of the proposed change, preferring extra hours and larger pay, and that they had informed the superintendent that the men wanted to work twelve hours a day on the increased pay, an interview was obtained with the superintendent, and he was informed of the opposition on the part of the men to any change. He expressed his disinclination to break up the eight-hour system, and said that he had been informed by the foremen that they wished for the change. A canvass of the workmen was then arranged, when it was found that out of about 500 workmen not more than a dozen wished to return to the twelve-hour rule. Nothing further was done in the matter for a few days, when, as alleged by the men, the foremen canvassed every individual man in each gang, and forced him to state whether he would prefer to work under the eight-hour law or work twelve hours for more wages. Those who were bold enough to avow their preference for the eight-hour system were discharged, and their places supplied by men who would say just as the foremen bid them. A great number of the men pretended to acquiesce in the views of the foremen in order to retain their employment. When things had been thus fixed, the foremen, it is stated, renewed their efforts to carry their point, and informed the superintendent that the men were now anxious to work under the twelve-hour system, pointing out at the same time the saving which would be effected by the company under the new arrangement. A meeting was arranged between the president and officers of the company, and a committee of three from the workmen, at the head office, in Centre-street, at which it was stated that the company had decided, in consequence of the action taken by other companies, to enforce the twelve-hour system at their works, and give the men the additional pay mentioned above. The workmen having no alternative, accepted the situation, and the twelve-hour system went into operation. The additional hours of work did away with the necessity of a third gang of men, and accordingly, one gang, numbering 108 men, were discharged. The unemployed workmen became indignant at the conduct of the men who had submitted to the change of hours, and they dispatched a communication to the President of the company, stating that they were willing to perform twelve hours work per day for the wages previously paid for eight hours. The proposition was considered by the board, and it was decided to compel the men then employed to work twelve hours on eight hours' pay or discharge them. The workmen, finding that they were at the mercy of their employers, and, as they allege, not being in a condition to strike, agreed to the demand and continued to work. They had received the increased pay for the additional hours of labor only two weeks when they found themselves again in the same position as when they struck a year ago. As might be expected, the reduction in the firemen's rate of pay was accompanied by a corresponding reduction in the pay of the foremen, and they—who, it is asserted, were the prime movers in having the hours of labor increased—found themselves compelled to work twelve hours per day instead of eight. The workmen and the unemployed gang, who had been instrumental in causing a reduction of the rate of pay, finding that neither of them had gained anything by the transaction, forgot their differences, and amalgamated with the view of preparing for a strike at the first favorable opportunity. The foremen, too, it is said, will gladly hail any action on the part of the men which will be likely to secure a return to the eight-hour system. The workmen make no secret of their thorough organization and active preparations for a strike. They are in constant communication with the men in the other gas-works through the City, and state that when they do strike their action will be decisive and simultaneous. The movements of the men are well known to the companies interested, who have taken measures to resist any combination that may be entered into. In addition to the complaints from the men about the long hours and hard work, they speak in bitter terms of a small trick played on them frequently by the foremen and officials. When a fireman obtains work he engages to consume, in every "charge," the usual quantity of coal (275 pounds) in the ten retorts under his care. The firemen assert that when the supply of gas in the tanks runs low, and a demand is made on the supply, which is of frequent occurrence, the coal-weighers, by direction of the officials, increase the legitimate quantity of coal by 100 pounds, and the workman is compelled to consume it—the retorts in his charge being in a great number of instances, choked up with dirt, and utterly incapable of containing the increased supply. This, in addition to their usual terribly severe labor, the firemen complain, causes them so much additional trouble that they frequently get scorched about the face and hands; and a failure to consume the additional coal given them, is deemed sufficient cause for dismissal.

Sale of the Kensett Collection of Paintings.

Last evening, the first installment of the collection of paintings left by the lately-deceased artist, Mr. John F. Kensett, was sold by auction at Association Hall. A large number of art admirers gathered at the sale. Competition was very spirited, and sales were made rapidly. One hundred and ten pictures were knocked down during the evening at figures varying from $40 to $1,600, making the average price for the entire lot, about $200 each, exclusive of the cost of the frames. The collection abounded in studies of sea and sky blended peacefully and harmoniously, and flooded from above with a calm but cheerful light. Now and then a crag or shrub, or cliff rounded softly on top and sloping to its base, relieved the wide expanse of water. Niagara, Lake George, the New-England coast, the noble Hudson, the Adirondacks, and Lake Champlain were favorites in the sale, and their proportion to other works would lead one to believe they were favorite studies of the artist. The second picture, "A Glimpse of Lake George," sold for $185; the fifth, "A Study of a Tree on the Catskill Mountains," was knocked off at $310, and a scene on the Narragansett shore brought $175. The largest of these was only 28¼ by 17¼ inches. "Black Mountain, Lake George," excited some lively bidding. From the lake in the foreground, clear and calm and motionless, the mountain, slanting upward, rose gloomily, casting its shadow on the water. Overhead were clouds of fleecy gray, investing all below with an air of repose. This picture brought $870. "An Old English Oak," bowed with the weight of many years, but still majestic in its strength, strong in color and in form, was rapidly disposed of at $300. "A Study of Niagara, from the Canadian Side," a good faithful picture, sold for $220. "Beverly Coast, Massachusetts," a large picture of clear sky and open sea, undisturbed by a speck of sail, was started at $500 and rapidly ran up to $1,600, which was the highest figure of the evening. Another of the same class, and looking somewhat like a companion piece, sold later on for $530. This was a view on the Sound at Darien, Conn. The former picture was finished by J. W. Casilear. Many others were rich in color and shading. A little piece entitled "The Glen," and another coming soon after named "The Bridge over the Glen" were bright in color and delicately shaded. Spreading, slender branches, vines, and creepers, covered up the hollow glens, almost entirely shutting out the mellow light which stole in through the openings. The former sold for $185 and the latter brought $330. "Clear Creek," a bright little Colorado picture, brought $170; the pond near Newport was knocked down for $370, and a Catskill Mountain study netted $306.

Issue of Croton Stock.

The Board of Apportionment met at 2 P. M. yesterday, and authorized the issue of $300,000 additional new Croton Aqueduct bonds, redeemable in the year 1900, and bearing seven per cent. interest. The proceeds of the sale of the stock will be used in laying Croton mains, or "bug pipes."

THE BULL'S HEAD BANK.

Meeting of the Depositors—Offers of Assistance to the Bank—A Conference Committee Appointed.

A meeting of the depositors of the Bull's Head Bank was held yesterday at the Teutonia Assembly Rooms. Mr. A. S. Cameron was elected Chairman, and Robert Nooney Secretary. Mr. Cameron stated that the meeting had been called for the purpose of ascertaining what measures should be adopted by the depositors for securing the full amount of their deposits. The deficit, it is said, amounts to about $200,000, and that sum would have to be made up before the bank could resume business. It was stated, he said, by the officers of the bank, that the books had been mutilated, and that the exact amount of the deficit could not yet be definitely determined. He suggested that the depositors should confer direct with the stockholders.

Mr. Nooney proposed that all but depositors should be excluded from participation in the discussion of the question.

A depositor moved to appoint a committee to visit the bank, and obtain from the officers a statement of the affairs. An amendment, however, was proposed and carried, calling upon Mr. Willetts, the cashier, who was in the room, to come forward and make a statement.

Mr. Willetts, in accordance with the request, made the following statement of the assets and liabilities of the bank.

ASSETS.

Bills discounted	$572,700 86
Special loans	84,878 33
Stocks	24,000 00
Real estate, bank building, &c.	61,189 56
Cash and cash items	402,531 54
Balance in Metropolitan Bank	40,872 87
Balance in foreign banks	4,408 68
Cash deposited with Bank Department to secure outstanding circulation	6,743 00
Total	$1,197,276 84
Excess of liabilities over assets	257,382 81
Total	$1,454,659 65

LIABILITIES.

Due depositors	$1,245,038 45
Unclaimed dividends	2,878 20
Outstanding circulation	6,743 00
Stock	200,000 00
Total	$1,454,659 65

Mr. Nooney said he was opposed to either a marshal or a receiver having anything to do with the affairs of the bank, and that he felt sure the mass of the depositors were with him in that respect. [Cheers.] But the question first to be considered was, what the duty of the stockholders is in the crisis. He thought they should come forward and make good the deficit, and put the bank on its feet again. [Applause.] If they would agree to do this, he felt sure that the depositors would be willing, as he was, to grant them every indulgence, and consent to any reasonable proposition, even to the leaving of a greater portion of their deposits untouched in the bank. He would, therefore, move that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to confer with the stockholders to-day, and ascertain what they propose to do, and if they are willing to make good the deficit, and what assistance is required from the depositors to reestablish the bank on a proper footing. This motion was carried amid cheers.

The Chairman then announced the names of the following gentlemen, whom he selected to serve on the committee: John H. Morrill, James Anthony, J. H. Whitson, Uriah Dumphy, and Cornelius O'Reilly.

It was then proposed, and carried, that the chairman of the meeting be appointed to serve on the committee as its chairman, and also that the secretary be added.

Mr. Nooney then inquired if the depositors were willing to subscribe ten per cent. of their deposits to make good the stock, if any one refused to cover the amount they held, and further if they would agree to allow ten per cent. of their deposits to remain in the bank.

A depositor said that he would be willing to subscribe ten per cent. of the money he had in the bank for the prosecution of the guilty parties who had robbed it. [Cheers.]

Another depositor proposed the following resolution, which was adopted unanimously:

> That it is the sense of this meeting that the depositors are disposed to render all the assistance in their power toward resuscitating the bank, even to leaving twenty-five per cent. of their deposits untouched for a period of ninety days.

The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the Chair.

The committee of depositors subsequently visited the bank and had an interview with Mr. Mead, the President *pro tem.*, and several of the directors, in reference to arranging for a meeting of the stockholders and a conference between them and the committee. Mr. Cameron, the chairman of the committee, handed Mr. Mead the following letter:

NEW-YORK, March 24, 1873.

E. F. Mead, Esq., President pro tem. of Bull's Head Bank:

DEAR SIR: We, the undersigned committee appointed by the depositors of the Bull's Head Bank to confer with the officers and stockholders of the bank, and express to them their views in regard to the present state of affairs, respectfully submit:

That it is the sense of the depositors that, providing the stockholders will make up the amount of the deficit in the bank's affairs, and thus enable it to resume business with unimpaired capital, and put officers in charge who will be acceptable to the depositors, they, the depositors, will agree to render the bank all the assistance in their power, and will allow at least twenty-five per cent. of their deposits to remain in the bank for the space of ninety days, or longer if necessary. And the committee, in view of these proceedings on the part of the depositors, most respectfully ask that you call a meeting of the stockholders and ascertain their views, and, if possible, have them appoint a committee to confer with us, in order that we may report to the depositors the extent to which the stockholders will go in order to place the bank on a proper footing.

And in view of the above, and of the necessity of prompt and decisive action, this committee respectfully request that the said meeting of the stockholders be called not later than to-morrow afternoon (to-day) at 3 o'clock. Yours respectfully,

(Signed) A. S. CAMERON,
Chairman of committee, on behalf of all the number.

Mr. Cameron then asked Mr. Mead if he had taken any steps for the purpose of bringing the stockholders together, to which that gentleman replied that he had not, and he did not consider it a part of his duty so to do, and besides he did not know how he was to get them all together.

Mr. Willetts, the cashier, and also a director, made the same reply.

Mr. Cameron suggested that the depositors had been brought together and they outnumbered the stockholders ten to one. However, after some parleying, the President finally agreed to call a meeting of the stockholders for to-day at 4 P. M., and notices were subsequently sent out to that effect.

The committee were closeted with the President and directors for over two hours, when the circumstances attending the discovery of the mutilation of the books and the deficit caused by the robbery of the funds were discovered, but the bank officials still remained as reticent as ever, although hints were dropped that they knew more of the matter than they cared to tell. The committee at last withdrew, satisfied that they were to expect no revelations from any of the bank authorities.

They held a meeting last evening for the purpose of discussing the line of action to be adopted by them in their conference with the stockholders to-day. Some interesting details were brought up, which are for the present withheld from publication.

At the bank the Deputy-Marshal is still on guard, although United States Marshal Fiske has deputed Mr. Charles A. Meigs, Bank Examiner of this district, to take charge of the assets pending the proceedings before Judge Blatchford. He is now taking an inventory of the property of the bank.

In reference to the question as to whether the directors were notified by the President of the mutilation of the books on the morning of the discovery at the meeting of the board on that same day, the statement contained in THE TIMES of Sunday is confirmed by the following additional testimony:

Mr. Mead, the President pro tem., states that Mr. Williamson did not make any notification to the board on the day of the discovery, which was the 29th of January.

Mr. Cogswell, a director, positively stated that neither was a notification of the mutilation of the books made to him on the day named, nor did he know of the matter for a week afterward, and it was not until the day of Mr. Williamson's resignation that a committee was appointed to examine into the condition of affairs, and no examination was ordered previously. He stated, further, in answer to a question by the reporter, that he had not heard of any stock being offered for sale, but he had within this last fortnight drawn his balance on the bank very low, and that now he had but a small sum standing to his credit. He proposes to cover the amount of his stock.

Mr. Williamson, Jr., also stated to THE TIMES reporter that it was on the day of his father's resignation that the examining committee was appointed.

It appears that no examination of the funds has been made since July, 1871, when it was done by the directors, and no examination has been made by the State officers for the last ten years or more.

Mr. Williamson, Jr., stated, in answer to a question, that his father did not propose to cover his stock, but he would not stand in the way of any one who would like to take it off his hands if the bank goes on, or he will pay up his liability, if another course is adopted, when called upon.

In addition to the books previously mentioned as missing or mutilated, the general discount-book, as also the slips from which it is posted, have also disappeared. It is said that there are several gentlemen interested in discovering the true state of affairs and the guilty parties, and that they are quietly but vigorously pushing their inquiries, so much so that it is expected some extraordinary developments may be expected within a very short time.

Burning of a Ship at Sea.

The officers of the steam-ship *City of Houston*, from Galveston March 15, report that on March 17, in latitude 26° 12′ N., longitude 87° 23′ west, they saw a burning wreck. Judged it to be a ship of about 1 000 tons, with rather a full bow. She had an iron tank standing amidships. There was no name to be seen. The ship was burned nearly to the water's edge. A clinker-built boat was near her, painted white, with bottom stove in.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The Freischuetz Guard, Capt. Fascher, gave an annual masquerade at the Germania Assembly Rooms last night.

The residence of Thomas F. Cunningham, of No. 320 Fourth-avenue, was damaged by fire last evening to the extent of $1,000.

The fourth annual anniversary, reception, and ball of the Palette Club took place, last evening, at the rooms of the Arion.

Gen. George H. Sharpe, the newly-appointed Surveyor of the Port, was yesterday sworn in before United States Commissioner Shields.

A literary and musical entertainment was given last evening by the Young People's Christian Association, at St. John's M. E. Church, Fifty-third-street.

Customs officers seized $1,500 worth of silk which an immigrant passenger, arriving yesterday, was attempting to smuggle through in trunks with false bottoms.

Yesterday Charles Tola, a Swede, fell off the mainmast of the bark Hammonia, lying off the Battery, and was seriously injured. He was taken to the Staten Island Hospital.

Wendell Phillips repeated his lecture on "Daniel O'Connell" last evening, before a very large audience, in Cooper Institute, in aid of the benevolent society attached to St. Joseph's Church.

Last night, at the Teutonia Assembly Rooms, the Society of Schleswig-Holsteiners celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of the uprising of the people of Schleswig-Holstein against the Danish rule.

There was no meeting of the Board of Police yesterday, owing to the absence of Mr. Henry Smith, the President of the board, who is confined to his apartments at the St. Nicholas Hotel by a sudden fit of sickness.

At the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday a woman named Louisa Clarke, alias Ackerman, was held, in default of $500 bail, on a charge of threatening to shoot Mr. George Clarke, an actor in the Union-square Theatre.

The Eighth Assembly District German Reform organization, John C. Boeckel presiding, held a meeting at No. 97 Orchard-street last night, and indorsed the action of the German Central Reform Organization on the subject of the charter.

The new steamer of the Cardiff line, Pembroke, left Cardiff yesterday morning. She is of the same dimensions as her predecessor, Glamorgan, and is commanded by Capt. Williams, formerly first officer of the Glamorgan. She starts on her return trip April 12.

Yesterday afternoon an altercation took place between Thos. Rice and Annie Hogan, at No. 16 Washington street, where they both reside, when Rice inflicted a dangerous scalp wound upon Annie with a carving-knife. He was arrested, and the girl was sent to the Park Hospital.

A fire occurred last evening at the brown-stone building Nos. 18 and 20 Liberty-street. The fourth floor, where the fire broke out, and which was occupied by Messrs. Johnson & Co., blank-book manufacturers, was damaged $3,000, and the floors and property below about $2,000. All fully insured.

Rev. B. F. De Costa delivered, last evening, in the Sunday-school room of Trinity Chapel, Twenty-fifth-street and Broadway, the fifth lecture in the course of the Sunday-school Association of the Protestant Episcopal Church of New-York. The subject of the lecture was the "History of the American Church."

BROOKLYN.

A brother of the late Mayor Kalbfleisch arrived in Brooklyn on Saturday. He states that he had not heard from his late brother for over fifty years, and a notice of his illness in the German papers was the first intimation he received of his whereabouts. Another brother died, a short time since, in New-Zealand.

An unknown man, aged sixty years, dropped dead on the Division-avenue ferry-boat yesterday afternoon. In his pockets were a gold, open-face watch, a little money, and a promissory note for $106, dated Morrisania, Aug. 9, 1869, drawn by Robt. H. Shoeppler, and payable to Henry S. Stuart. The remains were taken to the Fifth Precinct Station-house.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

On Sunday, John Conners, aged seven years, told his grandmother, Mary Smith, who keeps a groggery at the corner of Mott-street and Railroad-avenue, Tremont, that he was suffering from a pain in his stomach, when the latter advised him to go and drink some gin, which he did, and died from its effects shortly afterward.

NEW-JERSEY.

Thirty thousand dollars worth of Jersey City bonds, remaining unissued, were destroyed yesterday.

Thomas Hagan, the man who was injured by the fall of a derrick at Garret Mountain last Friday, died yesterday.

A large barn, owned by Mrs. J. R. McKinley, at Elizabeth, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The loss is estimated at $2,000.

Wm. Ridgeway, a Jersey City mechanic, in reduced circumstances, has fallen heir to a considerable property, located in Hanley, Staffordshire, England.

The wife of Gen. N. N. Halsted was severely injured, Sunday afternoon, by falling into a gully, while going from her house to the public road, in Kearney Township.

Mrs. Mullin, who keeps a grocery-store at No. 157 Morgan-street, Jersey City, was seriously burned Sunday night by the explosion of a kerosene lamp. She will recover.

John Gargon and William Birdsell, employes of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, were held to bail in $1,000 each yesterday, charged with a brutal assault on Charles Weinhardt, one of the company's watchmen.

The farm-house and dairy of James Neilson, at Walnut Hill, near New-Brunswick, were burned yesterday morning. Two cows and three calves and a quantity of stock were also burned. The loss is estimated at $6,000. Insurance $1,500.

Palestine Exploration.

The last advices from Lieut. Steever (Feb. 18 ult.,) show a commendable zeal and activity in the organization and outfit of the exploring party at Beirût. Ere this they must be on their way to—to them—the "land of promise," perhaps at work. The weather and season promised to be favorable to the prosecution of the work. It is designed to make Kerak the headquarters. Some new impressions have been taken of "Hamath stones," which promise to be of great interest. These are on their way to this country, and will arrive in time, it is hoped, for the next "statement," which will soon be published.

The society acknowledge receipts for the week ending March 22 as follows:

James C. Strout	10
W. W. Patton, D. D., Chicago	10
Miss Dora L. Stokes	100
Selous' Pictures Lecture by Dr. Crosby	84
Miss R. S. Lowry	25
D. H. McAlpine & Co.	100
R. R. Booth, D. D.	25
Jas. W. Wier, Harrisburg, Penn.	50
Mrs. Hanna Ireland	10
Prof. E. Ballantine, Bloomington, Ind.	10
Benj. Ives Gilman	10
Wm. Howe	10
Prof. J. Henry Thayer, Andover	20
Selous' Pictures at Dr. Rogers' Church	25
Aug. F. Libby	25
Geo. H. Stuart, Philadelphia	20
Prospect Hill Reformed Church Sunday-school	10
Total	$539
Previously acknowledged	$1,530

Money sent to Prof. R. D. Hitchcock, President of Palestine Exploration Society, No. 9 University-place, or to James Stokes, Esq., Treasurer, No. 104 John-street, will be duly acknowledged.

Westchester Nominations.

At a large meeting of the Republican electors of the town of Rye, the following gentlemen were nominated as candidates for town officers:

For Supervisor, George W. Wesley, Esq.; Town Clerk, H. L. Marshall; Justice of the Peace, Noah Tompkins; Commissioner of Highways, Thomas H. Clark; Assessor, Elias Purdy; Trustees of Public Lands, Ephraim Sours, Wm. Purdy, and W. P. Purdy; Town Committee, Hon. Amherst Wight, Jr., Col. N. B. Bartram, J. H. Lounsbury, George O. Starr, M. D., George Haines, and R. S. Hayward.

The Democrats of Yonkers have nominated Charles Campbell for Supervisor, and W. R. Wilkinson and George Archer for Justices of the Peace.

The Tax-payers Association of East Chester held a meeting at Mount Vernon on Saturday evening, and indorsed Wm. P. Esterbrook, the Republican candidate for Supervisor.

In Yorktown, Joseph F. Palmer has been nominated for Supervisor by the Republicans, and James C. Travis is the candidate of the Democracy for the same office.

Forgeries of "Puts and Calls."

It was discovered yesterday morning that forged "calls" on the stock of the Columbus, Chicago, and Indiana Central Railroad were in circulation on the street, and at first there was considerable alarm felt lest there should be forgeries of "puts" and "calls" upon other securities. The forgeries, however, seemed to be confined to the "Columbus, Chicago, and Indiana Central," and so far as discovered were for 300 shares, in 100 share lots on each of the following firms: Messrs. Henry Clews & Co. Wadsworth, Allison & Co., and Harrison & Co.

A reporter of THE TIMES called at the office of Henry Clews & Co., and was told that they knew nothing of the forgeries, except that a person unknown to them called upon the cashier in the morning, and asked whether their signature to a call of 100 shares was genuine. He was informed that it was not, and immediately went away.

From other sources it is ascertained that a clue has been obtained as to the perpetrator of the forgeries, and an order has been obtained for his arrest.

Another Highway Robber Sent to Sing Sing for Fifteen Years.

James McCord was arraigned in the Court of Oyer and Terminer yesterday, before Judge Brady, on a charge of highway robbery in the first degree. It appears that on last Saturday week the prisoner followed a lady in the street, and throwing his arms round her succeeded in robbing her of a wallet containing some money and a few household articles. He pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment. McCord is not quite twenty years of age, but bears the reputation of an expert thief and a corner loafer well known to the police.

Arrival of a Large Number of Emigrants.

Castle Garden presented an unusually lively appearance yesterday, owing to the very large number of emigrants landing from the steamers which arrived during the day. The total number received at Castle Garden was 2,338. Of these the City of Paris brought 856; the City of New-York, 949; the Henry, from Bremen, 96, and the Celtic, 437.

Chicago Cattle Markets.

CHICAGO, March 24.—Cattle—Receipts for two days, 3,200; market fairly active and firm; prices unchanged; sales of good to choice Steers at $5 40@$6; a number of droves of corn-fed Texans, ranging from 9¼ to 12 cwt., sold at $4@$5 25; shipments, 1,400. Live Hogs active and firm; prices a shade higher; receipts, 3,500; prices ranged from $4 90@$5 40, the outside price for a lot averaging 275 lbs.; the most of the sales were at $5 05@$5 20; market closed firm; shipments, 4,600. Sheep quiet and nominally unchanged; receipts, 1,000.

[Advertisement.]

ADMIRATION EXCITED!—The introduction of KNOX's Spring style of gentlemen's hats is the event of the season. It is perfect in conception and marvelously beautiful in execution. Buy your hats at KNOX's, in the Prescott House.

[Advertisement.]

Are you spitting, sneezing, catching cold easily? Then you have catarrh. Use WOLCOTT's Annihilator; pints, $1. For pain, use Pain Paint. Sold everywhere.

Passengers Sailed.

In steam-ship Ontario, for Rio de Janeiro, &c.—E. A. Magee, First Assistant Engineer U. S. N., W. Schybbe, F. L. Platt, Capt. Martin Tukey, Rev. John Beyle and wife, A. F. Casey and wife, Arthur Nelson and wife Jerome B. Couner, C. P. Canton, Wm. Kennedy Smith.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship City of Paris, from Liverpool.—Hon. P. Le Pour Trench and servant, Alfred Allen, Miss Webb, Mr. Fraser, Mr. Webb, Evan Parry, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Beattie, Mr. Petley, Mr. and Mrs. Freak, Mr. Stevens and child, John Carvill, Mr. and Mrs. Groves, Mrs. Baylis, Miss Brown, Mr. Beylis, Mr. Bolger, Patrick Lyons and 2 children, Charles D. W. Wray, Mrs. Alice Bonner and daughter, John Monahan.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

Sun rises......5:56 | Sun sets....6:17 | Moon rises..4:38
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook....5:27 | Gov. Island.6:16 | Hell Gate..7:38

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......MONDAY, March 24.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Ontario, Slocum, St. Thomas, Rio Janeiro, &c., Wm. R. Garrison; Beverly, Pierce, Philadelphia; Franconia, Bragg, Portland, J. F. Ames.

Ships Khersonese, (Br.,) Ellison, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Annersley, (Br.,) Pearse, Antwerp, Funch, Edye & Co.

Barks John H. Pierson, Taylor, Smyrna, Jas. Henry; Ferrero Primo, (Ital.,) Mallo, Hamburg, Funch, Edye & Co.; Benedetta, (Ital.,) Cafierro, Gibraltar for orders, Funch, Edye & Co.

Brigs Antilles, (Br.,) Thestrup, Portland, Me., Miller & Houghton; A. B. Patterson, (Br.,) Anderson, Laguayra and Porto Cabello, Dallett, Bliss & Co.; Julia Langley, (Br.,) Jones, Brunswick, Ga., Heney & Parker; Belle of the Bay, Williams, Indianola, Tupper & Beattie; Parana, (Br.,) Edgett, St. Johns, P. R., Heney & Parker.

Schrs. Emma Green, Collins, Charleston, S. C., Evans, Ball & Co.; E. H. Potter, Rodgers, Fernandina, Fla., S. C. Loud & Co.; Harry Bluff, Benson, Nassau, N. P., B. J. Wenberg; Ricardo Barros, Newton, Key West, Fla., B. J. Wenberg; D. W. Saunders, Smith, Baracoa, Isaac R. Staples; Benj. Gartside, Stanford, Charleston, S. C., Bentley, Gildersleeve & Co.

Arrived.

Steam-ship City of Houston, Deering, Galveston March 15, via Key West 19th, with mdse. and passengers to C. H. Mallory & Co. March 17, lat. 26 12 N., lon. 87 23 W., saw a burning wreck; judged it to be a ship of about 1,000 tons, with rather a full bow. She had an iron tank standing amidships. There was no name to be seen; she was burned nearly to the water's edge. Saw a clinker-built boat near her, painted white, with bottom stove.

Steam-ship Nevada, (Br.,) Forsyth, Liverpool, March 12, Queenstown, 13th, with mdse. and passengers to Williams & Guion.

Steam-ship Knud, (Dan.,) Kraemer, Antwerp Feb. 27, via Falmouth March 4th, with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co.

Steam-ship Manhattan, Woodhull, Charleston, March 22, with mdse. and passengers to Henry R. Morgan & Co.

Steam-ship Assyria, (Br.,) Smith, Marseilles Feb. 9, Genoa 11th, Gibraltar 5th, with mdse. and passengers to Henderson Bros.

Steam-ship Claribel, (Br.,) Bailey, Kingston, Jam., March 15, and Turk's Island 18th, with mdse. and 19 passengers to Pim, Forwood & Co.

Steam-ship City of Paris, (Br.,) Morehouse, Liverpool March 13, via Queenstown 14th, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale.

Ship Jacob A. Stamler, Samson, Havre Jan. 20, with mdse. to Boyd & Hincken. Feb. 18, lat. 34, lon. 43, saw a ship dismasted, main and mizzen mast gone, low in the water; took her to be abandoned, as there was no flag of distress flying; wore ship and tried to get to her: it came on dark and commenced to blow, and saw no more of her.

Ship Sir Robert Peel, Larrabee, London Jan. 3, and the Lizard Point 27th, with mdse. to Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Bark Skimmer of the Waves, (of Sunderland,) Goouch, Colombo 97 ds., with mdse. to J. C. Ramsey.

Bark Lochee, (of Annapolis, N. S.,) Covert, Havana 18 ds., with sugar to Jas. E. Ward & Co.—vessel to Heney & Parker.

Bark Yuno, (Ger.,) Lincit, Hamburg 59 ds., with mdse. to C. Tobias & Co.

Bark Verein, (Ger.,) Apreck, London Dec. 4, via Plymouth 84 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co.

Bark Alimuro, (Ital.,) Iaso, Licato 72 ds., with brimstone to order—vessel to Slocovich & Co.

Bark Maria Adelaide, (Ital.,) Naccari, Palermo 66 ds., with fruit to Devlin & Rose—vessel to J.C. Segar.

Bark Grev Manderstrom, (Norw.,) Anderson, Charente 48 ds., with brandy, &c., to Casade & Crooks—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co.

Brig Clotilde, (Ital.,) Cafiero, Castellamare 98 ds., with fruit to order—vessel to Slocovich & Co.

Brig Robin, (of St. Andrews, N. B.,) Woodmans, Havana 12 ds., with sugar to Matthiessen & Welchers—vessel to Carver & Barnes.

Brig Annie Gardner, (of Castine,) Hatch, Demerara 27 ds., with sugar and molasses to J. Leaycraft & Co.—vessel to Miller & Houghton.

Brig Belle of Antrim, Loud, Salt River, Jam., 25 ds., with logwood and pimento to J. Leaycraft & Co.—vessel to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig Crescent, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Nelson, 20 ds., with fish to Woodruff & Robinson—vessel to J. F. Whitney & Co.

Schr. Ramon De Ajuria, (of Philadelphia,) McBride, Caibarien 7 ds., with sugar and melado to Knowlton & Co.—vessel to master.

Schr. Wave Crest, Thompson, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. J. B. Allen, Case, New-London, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Adaline Hamline, Lewis, Providence to S. C. Loud & Co.

Schr. Maggie I. Smith, Grace, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Theo Dean, Babbitt, Taunton, for Baltimore.

Schr. Twilight, Johnson, Providence, for Trenton.

Schr. Sedona, Hull, Rockport, Me., for Newark.

Schr. Henry Gibbs, Chase, New-Bedford.

Schr. White Rock, Lafferty, Bridgeport.

Schr. Panthea, Johnson, New-London.

Schr. Mail, Meade, Greenwich.

WIND—Sunset, light S. E.; cloudy.

Sailed.

Steam-ship Ontario, for Rio Janeiro; ships Samuel G. Glover, for Havre; Favorita, for Antwerp; barks John H. Pearson, for Smyrna; Salo, for ——; brig Lady Bird, for St. Johns, N. F.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Mass., March 24.—Arr. steamers Norman, Philadelphia; Centipede, Philadelphia; Nereus, New-York; ship Mount Washington, Calcutta; barks Abd-el-Kader, Messina; Victor, Antwerp; N. Churchill, Shields; Lothair, Cienfuegos; brigs Mary M. Frances, Messina; Clara Jenkins, Montevideo; Gold Finder, Paramaribo; Montrose, Ponce; Mary Stewart, Havana; Meteor, London; Tally Ho, Surinam; schr. Mary Baker, Asua.

Also arr. ship Belted Will, from Iloilo; bark Spark, Messina; brig Arthur, from St. Johns, P. R.; schrs. Belle, from Mayaguez; Sophia Krans, from New-Orleans; A. E. Campbell, from Jacksonville; Georgia, from Savannah.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 24.—Arr. steamer South Carolina, from New-York, and schr. J. H. Stickney, from Baltimore.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., March 24.—Arr. Dutch bark Onrust, from Callao, and brig Catherine, from Santos, for orders.

LEWES, Del., March 24.—Passed in, ships Wyoming, from Liverpool; Nautilus, from Savannah; barks Berthie, from Iquique; Edward, from Rotterdam; Maggie Chapman, from Liverpool; Aukiettios, from Gottenburg; Annetta, from Liverpool.

Arr. brig Confederate, for orders; a three-masted steamer, and about fifty brigs and schrs., for a harbor.

NORFOLK, Va., March 24.—Passed out, 21st inst., bark Palestine, for Matanzas; schr. Bennington, for Boston; ship Lyra, for Liverpool; brig Pennel, for the West Indies.

Passed in for Baltimore, Russian bark Arano, from Europe; barkentine Vebe, from Palermo; brig Maggie Vail, from the West Indies; a bark, name unknown, from Palermo; Italian bark Angiolina, from Genoa; North German ship Antoinette, from Liverpool, bound to Baltimore, in the Roads; lost both anchors.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 24.—Arr. steam-ships Charles W. Lord, from Philadelphia; Saragossa, from Baltimore.

Cld. Spanish barks Juliana Pase and Olano, for Liverpool.

VINEYARD HAVEN, March 24.—Arr. brig. Magagualivic, New-York, for St. John, N. B.; schrs. Frank G. Dow, Galveston 19 ds., for Boston; Geo. J. J. Smith, Bennington, Freddie L. Porter, Charles F. Heger, and D. Gifford, from Baltimore, for Boston; W. W. Pharo, Hoboken, for do.; R. M. Brookings, Port Johnson, for Bath; Arctic, and E. Arcularius, Rockland, for New-York; W. Freeman, Thomaston, for do.

Passed West—Schr. Josephine.

Sld. schrs. Sallie Muir, Three Sisters, Moses Williamson, H. Means, Cyrus Fossett, John T. Manson, Marietta Steelman, John S. Delwiler, M. A. McGahan, Colonel Ellsworth, Ella F. Crowell, R. J. Evans, Helen Thompson, Silas McLoon, Charles Bramhall, C. S. Rogers, E. G. Willard, Kit Carson, Anne L. Lockwood, R. R. Higgins, Nellie C. Paine, Venus J. Paine, Isabel Alberto, J. W. Wellington, Jennie L. Haddell, R. W. Godfrey, J. B. Van Dusen, Franconia, Richard Peterson, T. Benedict, Albert Mason, Emily & Jenny, Belle Brown, Arctic, Moreleigh, Ehrenlains, W. Freeman, Eugene Borda, David Nickles.

At 10 o'clock A. M. wind fresh from N. N. W.

Marine Disasters.

BOSTON, March 24.—The bark Elizabeth, from Marseilles, for Boston, went ashore on Sunday night on Chatham Bar. She was got off this morning with assistance from the shore, after throwing overboard a portion of her cargo, nuts, wine, &c. She is now at anchor off Chatham, and will come to Boston with the first fair wind.

The schr. Sinope, from Cienfuegos, for St. John, N. B., went ashore on Monday night on Chatham Bar. She was got off this morning, after throwing overboard 72 hhds. of molasses. The vessel is tight, and will proceed to her destination by the first fair wind.

Spoken.

By pilot-boat Moses H. Grinnell, No. 20, March 22, 45 miles E. by S. of Barnegat, bark Nickerson, from Liverpool, for Philadelphia.

Foreign Ports.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 24.—Arr. Sunday night, steam-ships Austrian, from Baltimore, and North American, from Liverpool, with 52 passengers for Halifax. The latter experienced heavy gales during the whole voyage. The Austrian sails for England to-morrow at noon.

European Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, March 24.—The Williams & Guion line steam-ship Minnesota, Capt. Freeman, from New-York March 12, for Liverpool, arr. here at 9½ o'clock this morning.

The White Star line steam-ship Adriatic, Capt. Perry, from New-York March 15, has arr. here.

PLYMOUTH, March 24.—The Hamburg-American line steam-ship Frisia, Capt. Meier, from New-York March 13, for Hamburg, arr. here to-day.

STETTIN, March 24.—The Baltic Lloyds steam-ship Franklin, Capt. R. Delmicke, from New-York via Copenhagen, arr. here on Friday last.

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It is superior to all other extracts of beef.
Has none of the disagreeable taste found in other extracts of beef.
Is far more economical than any other extract of beef.
Made into beef tea for the patient it is acceptable because free from all unpleasant flavor or taste.
SOUPS MADE FROM BORDEN'S EXTRACT OF BEEF are equally good as soups made from meat purchased of the butcher, and cost less and more readily made.
Put up in four-ounce and eight-ounce cans. For sale by grocers and druggists generally, and by the BORDEN MEAT PRESERVING COMPANY, Nos. 34 and 36 Elizabeth-st., and Nos. 227 and 229 East 24th-st.
RECIPE FOR TWO QUARTS RICH SOUP.
Slice two onions, fry in butter size of a walnut, with tablespoon of flour sprinkled on; fry till a light brown, but not burned. Then add a carrot cut up, a bunch of parsley, and pint of tomatoes; simmer fifteen minutes. Place in soup kettle two quarts water and two ounces Borden's Extract of Beef; when dissolved add the vegetables as prepared above, a half slice of stale bread, and a teaspoonful of salt; boil all together for an hour.
For any other soup use as the stock one ounce Borden's Extract of Beef to one quart of water.

YOUR ONLY CHANCE.
Sales of tickets to the Third Grand Gift Concert, for the benefit of Public Library of Ky., are peremptorily ordered to be closed throughout the country on April 1 proximo. Drawing and Concert positive on April 8. Ten Thousand Gifts all cash, aggregating a vast total of HALF A MILLION DOLLARS CURRENCY, and ranging in value from $10 to $100,000 each, will be distributed by lot to the ticket-holders. One ticket in every ten draws. Secure tickets immediately, if you desire to participate. Money from a distance may be sent by post-office order, draft, registered letter, or express, prepaid. Concert is held under authority of a special act of the Legislature, and all business arrangements have been intrusted by the Library Trustees to Hon. ex-Gov. Thos. E. Bramlette, of Ky.
For tickets, full programme, information, and all particulars, apply to the General Agency Supply.
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The sale will begin at 7½ o'clock each evening.
R. SOMMERVILLE, Auctioneer.